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## **CONSTRUCTION TRAFFIC, TRANSPORT, AND ACCESS MANAGEMENT PLAN – STAGE B**


### **A2I | Albury to Illabo**

CONTRACT NUMBER: 0052

PROJECT DOCUMENT NUMBER:  
6-0052-210-PMA-00-PL-0011



## Document Control

<b>DOCUMENT TITLE:</b>	Construction Traffic, Transport and Access Management Plan – Stage B		
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<b>SIGNATURE:</b>		<b>DATE:</b>	21/08/2025
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## Revision History

REVISION	REVISION DATE	AMENDMENT	DATE TO CLIENT
A	17/03/2025	Draft for IR/ER review and consultation	31/03/2025
B	16/05/2025	Updated in response to stakeholder comments and issued for endorsement	28/05/2025
C	12/06/2025	Updated in response to IR/ER comments	12/06/2025
D	30/06/2025	Updated in response to stakeholder consultation comments	11/07/2025
0	23/07/2025	Updated in response to stakeholder consultation comments	23/07/2025
1	01/08/2025	Updated in response to stakeholder consultation comments	01/08/2025
1.1	11/08/2025	Updated to include Kemp Street Bridge Enhancement Site Modification	15/08/2025
2	21/08/2025	For DPHI approval	21/08/2025



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## GLOSSARY

TERM	DEFINITION
ARTC	Australian Rail Track Corporation
CCS	Community Communication Strategy
CEMP	Construction Environmental Management Plan
CoA	Conditions of Approval
Construction	Includes work required to construct the CSSI as defined in the Project Description described in the documents listed in Condition A1 including commissioning trials of equipment and temporary use of any part of the CSSI but excluding Low Impact Work which is carried out or completed prior to approval of the CEMP.
CSSI	Critical State Significant Infrastructure
CTTAMP	Construction Traffic, Transport, and Access Management Sub-Plan (this Plan)
Division 5.2 Approval	Approval issued by the NSW Minister for Planning for the Albury to Illabo project
DPHI	NSW Department of Planning, Housing and Infrastructure
EAD	Per CoA A1, Environmental Assessment Documentation that includes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Inland Rail – Albury to Illabo Environmental Impact Statement (ARTC, August 2022);</li> <li>Albury to Illabo Response to Submissions (ARTC, November 2023);</li> <li>Albury to Illabo Preferred Infrastructure Report (ARTC, November 2023);</li> <li>Albury to Illabo Preferred Infrastructure Report Response to Submissions (ARTC, February 2024);</li> <li>Inland Rail – Albury to Illabo (SSI-10055) Response to request for additional information – Air Quality Assessment (letter dated 1 May 2024);</li> <li>Part 1 - Revised Technical Paper 8: Biodiversity Development Assessment Report (WSP, February 2024);</li> <li>Part 2 - Revised Technical Paper 8: Biodiversity Development Assessment Report (WSP, February 2024);</li> <li>Albury to Illabo Kemp Street Bridge Enhancement Site Modification (June 2025);</li> <li>Albury to Illabo Kemp Street Bridge Enhancement Site Modification Clarification (July 2025);</li> <li>Albury to Illabo Kemp Street Bridge Modification Noise and Vibration Impact Assessment (August 2025).</li> </ul>
EIS	Environmental Impact Statement
EPA	Environment Protection Authority (NSW)
EPBC Act	<i>Commonwealth Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999</i> (Federal)
EPL	Environment Protection Licence
Environmental Representative (ER)	The Environmental Representative(s) for the CSSI approved by the Planning Secretary
ISC	Infrastructure Sustainability Council
km	Kilometre
LoS	Level of Service
m	metre
MR	Martinus Rail
MR ESM	Martinus Rail Environment, Approvals and Sustainability Manager



TERM	DEFINITION
Modification Report	Documents that include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Albury to Illabo Kemp Street Bridge Enhancement Site Modification (June 2025);</li> <li>Albury to Illabo Kemp Street Bridge Enhancement Site Modification Clarification (July 2025);</li> <li>Albury to Illabo Kemp Street Bridge Modification Noise and Vibration Impact Assessment (August 2025).</li> </ul>
NHVR	National Heavy Vehicle Regulator
NSW	New South Wales
Planning Secretary	Secretary of the NSW Department of Infrastructure, Housing and Infrastructure, or delegate
PIR	Preferred Infrastructure Report
Primary CoA/UMM	CoA and/or UMMs that are specific to the development of this Plan
POEO Act	<i>NSW Protection of Environment Operations Act 1997</i>
Project, the	Inland Rail – Albury to Illabo (SSI 10055)
PSR	Project Scope and Requirements
Rail Corridor	Land that is: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a) owned, leased, managed or controlled by a public authority for the purpose of a railway or rail infrastructure facilities, or zoned under an environmental planning instrument predominantly, or</li> <li>b. solely for development for the purpose of a railway or rail infrastructure facilities.</li> </ul>
RMAR	Road Maintenance Access Road
RtS	Response to Submissions Report
ROL	Road Occupancy Licence
SEARs	Secretary's Environmental Assessment Requirements
SMART	Specific, Measurable, Achievable, Relevant and Timely
SSI	State Significant Infrastructure
SuMP	Sustainability Management Plan
Transport	Transport for New South Wales (formerly Roads and Maritime Services)
TMP	Traffic Management Plan
UMM	Updated Management Measures
VMP	Vehicle Movement Plan



# 1 INTRODUCTION

## 1.1 Project overview

Inland Rail is an approximate 1,600 kilometres (km) freight rail network that will connect Melbourne and Brisbane via regional Victoria, New South Wales (NSW) and Queensland. The Inland Rail route would involve using approximately 1,000 km of existing track (with enhancements and upgrades where necessary) and 600 km of new track, passing through 30 local government areas (LGAs). Inland Rail will accommodate double-stacked freight trains up to 1,800 metres (m) long and 6.5 m high.

The Australian Government has confirmed that Inland Rail is an important project to meet Australia's growing freight task, improve road safety and help decarbonise the economy. Inland Rail will enhance our national freight and supply chain capabilities, connecting existing freight routes through rail, roads and ports, and supporting Australian's growth. Inland Rail is being delivered by Australian Rail Track Corporation (ARTC).

Comprising 12 sections, a staged approach is being undertaken to deliver Inland Rail. Each of these projects can be delivered and operated independently with tie-in points to the existing railway. Work south of Parkes has been prioritised, which will enable Inland Rail to initially connect to existing rail networks between Melbourne, Sydney, Perth and Adelaide via Parkes and Narromine. The Parkes to Narromine (P2N) and Narrabri to North Star Phase 1 (N2NS P1) sections are complete.

The project will enable enhancement works to structures and sections of track along 185 km of the existing operational standard-gauge railway in the Albury to Illabo (A2I) section of the Inland Rail program. Enhancement works are required to provide the increased vertical and horizontal clearances required for double-stacked freight trains. Works would include track realignment, lowering and/or modification within the existing rail corridor, modification, removal or replacement of bridge structures (rail, road and/or pedestrian bridges), raising or replacing signal gantries, level-crossing modifications and other associated works.

A detailed project description is provided in Section 4 of the Construction Environmental Management Plan (CEMP).

## 1.2 Planning context

The Inland Rail – Albury to Illabo project (the project) is declared State significant infrastructure (SSI) and critical State significant infrastructure (CSSI) under Division 5.2 of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* (NSW) (EP&A Act). The project is permissible without development consent and is subject to assessment and approval by the NSW Minister for Planning and Public Spaces.

An environmental impact statement (EIS) was prepared to support ARTC's application for approval of the proposal in accordance with the requirements of the EP&A Act and the environmental assessment requirements of the Secretary of the (then) NSW Department of Planning, Industry and Environment (the SEARs) (now the Department of Planning, Housing and Infrastructure (DPHI)).

The EIS was placed on public exhibition from 17 August 2022 to 28 September 2022. During the exhibition period, interested stakeholders and members of the community were able to review the EIS online, participate in consultation and engagement activities held by ARTC, and make a written submission to the DPE for consideration in its assessment of the proposal.

In accordance with section 5.17(6)(b) of the EP&A Act, on 13 April 2023 the Planning Secretary directed ARTC to submit a Preferred Infrastructure Report (PIR) that provides further assessment of traffic and transport, noise and vibration, and air quality impacts. The PIR was also prepared to consider changes to the exhibited proposal that have arisen as a consequence of these further assessments and related submissions.

A modification report (Kemp Street Bridge Enhancement Site Modification, Inland Rail June 2025) was prepared to revise the replacement road and pedestrian bridge arrangement over the railway line at the Kemp Street bridge enhancement site in Junee to now provide a single structure.

## 1.3 Approval documents

The Inland Rail – Albury to Illabo project was assessed as part of the following documents:

- Inland Rail – Albury to Illabo Environmental Impact Statement (ARTC, August 2022);
- Albury to Illabo Response to Submissions (ARTC, November 2023);
- Albury to Illabo Preferred Infrastructure Report (ARTC, November 2023);
- Albury to Illabo Preferred Infrastructure Report Response to Submissions (ARTC, February 2024);



- Inland Rail – Albury to Illabo (SSI-10055) Response to request for additional information – Air Quality Assessment (letter dated 1 May 2024);
- Part 1 - Revised Technical Paper 8: Biodiversity Development Assessment Report (WSP, February 2024);
- Part 2 - Revised Technical Paper 8: Biodiversity Development Assessment Report (WSP, February 2024);
- Albury to Illabo Kemp Street Bridge Enhancement Site Modification (Inland Rail, June 2025);
- Albury to Illabo Kemp Street Bridge Enhancement Site Modification Clarification (July 2025);
- Albury to Illabo Kemp Street Bridge Modification Noise and Vibration Impact Assessment (August 2025)

Together these documents are referred to as the Environmental Approvals Documentation (EAD).

## **1.4 Approval for the project under the EP&A Act was granted by the Minister for Planning on 8 October 2024. The Modification was approved by the delegate of the NSW Minister for Planning and Public Spaces on 13 August 2025. Scope of this Stage B Plan**

The scope of this Construction Traffic, Transport and Access Management Plan (this Plan or this CTTAMP) is to describe how Martinus Rail will manage potential traffic, transport, and access impacts during construction of Stage B of the project.

This Plan addresses the requirements of the EAD that related to the Stage B activities including incorporating the relevant updated environmental management measures (UMMs), and Conditions of Approval (CoAs). SMART (Specific, Measurable, Achievable, Realistic and Timely) principles, as required by CoA C7(d), have been considered and applied during the preparation of this Plan which will be implemented for the duration of construction.

All Martinus Rail staff and sub-contractors are required to comply with and operate fully under the requirements of this Plan and related environmental management plans, over the full duration of the construction program.

Operational traffic, transport, and access impacts, and operational measures do not fall within the scope of this CTTAMP and therefore are not included within the processes contained within this Plan.

### **1.4.1 Staging**

The Staging Report describes how the construction and operation of the project will be staged in accordance with CoA A9, A10 and A11. A staged approach has been adopted for the project to prioritise critical activities that are reliant upon infrequent and fixed rail possessions. It overall de-risks the construction program for the project, enabling the project to be operational within the timeframe committed to by the NSW Government.

As required by CoA A14 and C16, a Construction Environmental Management Framework (CEMF) has been prepared to be consistent with the Staging Report. The CEMF has been prepared to facilitate the preparation and approval of CEMPs, Sub-plans, and construction monitoring plans (CMPs) during the construction phase of the project. It includes a guide to the general environmental, stakeholder and community management requirements which will be implemented during construction and provides a road map for environmental management documentation.

In accordance with CoA C16, the CEMF must be endorsed by the Environmental Representative (ER) and then submitted to the Planning Secretary (for approval) no later than one (1) month before the lodgement of any CEMP, CEMP Sub-plan, or Construction Monitoring Program (CMP).

This Plan has been prepared to be consistent with the Staging Report and the CEMF, as required by CoA A11 and A12, as well as CoA C16. This Plan has therefore been prepared to address how Martinus Rail will manage potential traffic, transport, and access impacts during construction of the second stage of the project – Stage B.

Stage B, as described in Section 2.1.3 of the Staging Report will see construction activities commencing in the Wagga Wagga Precinct, as well as at Uranquinty Creek and Billy Hughes Bridge. New construction activities such as culvert work, level crossing work and finishing work will also occur. Construction in Stage B will also comprise a continuation of activities started in Stage A and therefore works will be occurring at all enhancement sites during Stage B:

- Albury Precinct:
  - Murray River Bridge;
  - Albury Station pedestrian bridge;
  - Albury Yard clearances;
  - Riverina Highway Bridge;
  - Billy Hughes Bridge;



- Table Top Yard clearances
- Greater Hume-Lockhart Precinct:
  - Culcairn pedestrian bridge;
  - Culcairn Yard clearances;
  - Henty Yard clearances
  - Yerong Creek Yard clearances
  - The Rock Yard clearances;
- Wagga Wagga Precinct:
  - Uranquinty Yard clearances;
  - Pearson Street Bridge;
  - Cassidy Parade pedestrian bridge;
  - Edmondson Street Bridge;
  - Wagga Wagga Station pedestrian bridge;
  - Wagga Wagga Yard clearances;
  - Bomen Yard clearances;
- Junee Precinct:
  - Harefield Yard clearances;
  - Kemp Street Bridge;
  - Junee pedestrian bridge;
  - Junee Yard clearances;
  - Olympic Highway underbridge;
  - Junee to Illabo clearances.

This plan applies to the entirety of Stage B.

Based on the approved CEMP approach, this Plan will be endorsed by the ER and then submitted to the Planning Secretary for approval.

Construction work during Stage B will generally include:

- Pre-construction activities that have not commenced before the approval of the CEMP;
- Utility works, including drainage;
- Site establishment and operation;
- Traffic management and access, including material haulage;
- Clearing, grubbing and topsoil strip;
- Earthworks including preparation of pads and stockpiling;
- Track work including realignment and lowering;
- Rail bridge works;
- Road bridge works;
- Pedestrian bridge works;
- Gantry and signalling work;
- Finishing works.

## 1.5 Interactions with other managements plans and strategies

This Plan has the following interrelationships with other management plans and documents:

- The Construction Environment Management Plan (CEMP) is the parent document to this sub-plan;
- The Wagga Wagga Construction Traffic, Transport and Access Mitigation Report
- The Precinct Traffic Management Plans (PTMPs) document the Temporary Traffic Management arrangements and Construction Access Routes proposed during Stage B works within each LGA/Precinct;
- The Construction Noise and Vibration Management Sub-plan (CNVMP) addresses noise impacts associated with construction traffic on surrounding areas;
- The Construction Soil and Water Management Sub-plan (CSWMP) addresses soil, erosion and water quality impacts associated with site access points and construction roads;



- The Sustainability Management Plan (SuMP) considers temporary construction diversions and lighting designed to meet CPTED guidance;
- Community Communication Strategy (CCS) which details procedures and processes for community notification, consultation and complaints management.

## 1.6 Consultation

### 1.6.1 Consultation for this Plan

In accordance with CoA C6, this CTTAMP has been prepared in consultation with Transport for NSW (Transport) and the following relevant councils:

- Albury City Council;
- Greater Hume Shire Council;
- Lockhart Shire Council;
- Junee Shire Council;
- Wagga Wagga City Council.

Consultation with stakeholders was undertaken during the development of the Stage A Plan. Feedback was provided during the Stage A consultation period from Transport, Lockhart Shire Council and Junee Shire Council. The feedback provided was primarily around the structure and content of the CTTAMP, parking, construction vehicle routes, road safety and mitigation measures. The feedback was reviewed, the plan was updated, and responses were issued to stakeholders to close out the consultation process. It is noted that ongoing consultation will continue as outlined in Section 1.6.2.

The consultation report prepared for this Plan in accordance with CoA C6 outlines what feedback was provided (if any), and where stakeholders' responses have been addressed in this Plan. Table 1 summarises consultation undertaken and outlines how stakeholders' responses have been addressed.

**TABLE 1: CONSULTATION SUMMARY – STAGE B**

Stakeholder	Dates	Feedback provided	How Addressed
Transport for NSW	07/05/2025	<p>A summary of feedback received:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Issues associated with changes to public transport routes. TfNSW will not support the approval of the CTTAMP/PTMP until it is demonstrated that alternate bus routes are achievable and suitable as agreed by the respective bus operators, and an amended Bus Service Contract is executed.</li> <li>▪ Inadequate construction monitoring program.</li> <li>▪ Ensure there are protocols for managing and reporting incidents and non-compliances to TfNSW in the case of a classified road, where relevant to traffic, transport and access management.</li> </ul>	<p>A summary of responses provided:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Additional information has been added including a discussion around potentially impacted bus routes and/or timetables.</li> <li>▪ Discussion around the process of submitting a BSAR to modify bus service contracts has been included. Note: additional information around this process has been requested from TfNSW and at the time of revising the CTTAMP has not been provided.</li> <li>▪ Reference to execution of Bus Service Contract prior to endorsement of the CTTAMP, unless otherwise agreed with TfNSW and the bus operator has been included.</li> <li>▪ Road Safety Assessments for construction routes will be conducted in</li> </ul>



Stakeholder	Dates	Feedback provided	How Addressed
			<p>PTMPs. Where specific concerns are identified for particular routes, TfNSW will have the opportunity to raise specific concerns in the review of these subsequent documents.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The monitoring section of the CTTAMP has been updated to include monitoring and surveillance items discussed in the Wagga Mitigations Workshop.</li> <li>The Monitoring Program, as all monitoring programs, is developed to monitor the mitigation measures outlined in Section 6 of the CTTAMP. The Baseline data is largely drawn from the EAD documents.</li> <li>Detail around monitoring for the Wagga Mitigation Measures has been summarised in the CTTAMP but is further detailed in the Wagga TTAMR which is now referenced.</li> <li>Section added to the CTTAMP to discuss incidents. Any incidents that occur on State roads will be reported to TfNSW as required by the Traffic Control at Worksites Manual.</li> </ul>
Albury City Council	20/05/2025	<p>A summary of feedback received:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Please follow standard traffic control plan approval process when this detail is known.</li> <li>Construction compound for Murray River Bridge is via a load limited bridge and gravel road. Condition of these assets must be monitored and rectified as required. Land is also historically subject to flooding due to proximity to river. Access via Townsend Street should be assessed for any tree clearing requirements.</li> </ul>	<p>A summary of responses provided:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Noted. Standard approval processes will be followed.</li> <li>Access into the Murray River Bridge compound (via the load limited bridge and gravel road) is proposed for light vehicles only. Townsend (gravel road) will not be used for taking in materials and establishing a compound, this will</li> </ul>



Stakeholder	Dates	Feedback provided	How Addressed
			occur via Olive Street instead. Any use of the bridge will be in accordance with the bridge limitations. Road dilapidation surveys and reports will be prepared for any roads/bridges that will be used by heavy vehicles associated with the project, in accordance with CoA E139 and E140. If damage occurs to local roads this will be rectified in accordance with CoA E141.
Greater Hume Shire Council	23/04/2025	Council confirmed they have no comments on the CTTAMP.	N/A
Junee Shire Council	N/A	Not yet received	N/A
Lockhart Shire Council	17/04/2025	<p>A summary of feedback provided:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Request for comments or confirmation that The Rock and Yerong Creek Rail Crossings and any other Road Diversions be included. This includes if there isn't any e.g. Albury Precinct</li> </ul>	<p>A summary of responses provided:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The CTTAMP is our overarching construction traffic management document that provides the overarching principles and processes that we will be following to deliver the project.</li> <li>Details around road safety, turn warrants assessments and swept path assessments will be included in the Lockart Precinct Traffic Management Plan, developed in consultation with Council.</li> <li>The PTMPs require endorsement from TfNSW and approval by DPHI. Further documentation including Traffic Guidance Schemes and Section 138 applications and approvals will be sought prior to works commencing that may affect roads where the Council is the road authority.</li> </ul>



Stakeholder	Dates	Feedback provided	How Addressed
Wagga Wagga City Council	N/A	Not yet received	N/A

### 1.6.2 Ongoing consultation during construction

Ongoing consultation between Martinus Rail, IR/ARTC, other construction projects, stakeholders (including relevant local councils), the community and relevant agencies regarding the management of traffic, transport, and access impacts on the environment will be undertaken during the construction of the project as required.

The process for consultation is described in the Community Communications Strategy (CCS).

Ongoing consultation related to traffic, transport, and access will include consultation for, but not be limited to:

- Consultation with affected businesses and properties where pedestrian and vehicular access to, and parking in the vicinity of, businesses and affected properties cannot be maintained. In accordance with CoA E143; alternative pedestrian and vehicular access, and parking arrangements will be developed in consultation with affected businesses and implemented before the disruption;
- Consultation with Transport, relevant councils and bus operators regarding bus stop closures and / or relocations in accordance with UMM TT3;
- Notification of any changes in traffic conditions on roads or paths to road users, emergency services, public transport operators, and other relevant stakeholders in accordance with UMM TT4;
- Consultation with nearby education providers to ensure sufficient capacity of any alternative and convenient pedestrian and active transport route is available to cater for school-related and general demand impacted by construction works or detours in accordance with CoA E135.

Martinus Rail will adopt the requirements of the Complaints Management System, including reporting requirements, detailed in the CCS, as summarised in the CEMP.

## 1.7 Endorsement and approval

In accordance with CoA C4, CEMP(s) (and relevant CEMP sub-plans) requiring the Planning Secretary's approval will be endorsed by the ER and then submitted to the Planning Secretary for approval no later than one (1) month before the commencement of Stage B construction.

Construction will not commence until the relevant CEMP(s) and Sub-plans have been endorsed by the ER (as applicable and as identified in the CEMP approved under CoA C16), in accordance with CoA C15, and approved by the Planning Secretary in accordance with CoA C3 and C4.

Additionally, the CEMP and CEMP Sub-plans, as approved by the Planning Secretary (or the ER for any minor amendments) will be implemented for the duration of Stage B of construction.



## 2 PURPOSE

### 2.1 Purpose

The purpose of this CTTAMP is to describe how potential traffic, transport, and access impacts will be managed during construction of Stage B of the project.

### 2.2 Objectives

The key objective of this CTTAMP is to minimise construction impacts associated with the project to all road users. This includes minimising delays, ensuring consideration is given to the needs of all road and active transport users, and maintaining safety for both workers and the general public. To aid in achieving this objective, this CTTAMP incorporates the relevant traffic, transport, and access management measures from the following sources:

- The project EAD;
- Inland Rail – Albury to Illabo Infrastructure Approval CoA (SSI-10055);
- All relevant legislation and other requirements described in Section 3.3 and Section 3.4 of this Plan.

As discussed further in Section 3.5, sustainability is integral to the project. The Sustainability Management Plan (SuMP) includes environment and heritage theme targets.

In addition to the above, a Social Impact Management Plan (SIMP) has been developed for the project and relevant management measures from the SIMP have been incorporated into this CTTAMP. The SIMP identifies desired outcomes for the project, including that 'amenity impacts are minimised through monitoring, engagement and continuous improvement initiatives'. The implementation of this CTTAMP supports the desired outcome through the implementation of the identified management measures, particularly in Section 6 and compliance management in Section 7. Table 2 shows new or changed impacts identified in the SIMP and how these are addressed in the CTTAMP.

**TABLE 2: NEW OR CHANGED IMPACTS IDENTIFIED IN THE SIMP**

Impact	Extent	Where addressed
Potential impact on community and visitor access to local events and festivals because of inability to access the events due to crossing closures and accommodation impacts leading to lost economic and social benefits	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Wagga Wagga</li> <li>▪ Junee</li> <li>▪ Albury</li> <li>▪ Greater Hume - Lockhart</li> </ul>	Access arrangements are discussed in Section 6.8
Potential loss of sense of place due to disruption to people's mobility and access to places.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Residents and Endeavour Park users at Kemp Street Bridge enhancement site</li> <li>▪ Junee</li> <li>▪ Wagga Wagga</li> <li>▪ Albury</li> <li>▪ Greater Hume – Lockhart</li> </ul>	Access arrangements are discussed in Section 6.8
Impacts to offsite parking due to construction activities and/or parking of construction vehicles	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Albury</li> <li>▪ Wagga Wagga</li> <li>▪ Junee</li> </ul>	Measures for the management of parking impacts are contained in Section 6.3.4
Access to educational services by local residents may be constrained due changes in traffic conditions and access, including changes to school bus routes, passenger train availability and accessibility to pedestrians	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ School users and workers in Wagga Wagga township</li> <li>▪ Albury</li> <li>▪ Junee</li> <li>▪ Greater Hume - Lockhart</li> </ul>	Measures for the management of access to educational services are contained in Section 6.8



Impact	Extent	Where addressed
The proposal may impact access or movements within/across residential properties, including disruption to property access from public roads, and affect sense of safety of adjacent residents.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Residences near Cassidy Pde enhancement site</li> <li>Murray River bridge, Billy Hughes bridge, Wagga Wagga Station pedestrian bridge, Kemp Street bridge, Junee to Illabo clearances enhancement</li> </ul>	Access arrangements are discussed in Section 6.8

## 2.3 Targets

Targets for the management of traffic, transport, and access impacts during the project include:

- Full compliance with the relevant legislative requirements (CoAs);
- Be generally in accordance with the UMMs;
- Ensure safe and continuous traffic movement for construction workers and the general public;
- Maintain the capacity of existing roads where possible during construction to minimise road user delays;
- Maintain continuity of access to local roads and properties;
- Maintain or provide alternative safe pedestrian and cyclist access around work sites;
- Undertake appropriate consultation with impacted residents and businesses and stakeholders;
- Implement traffic control operations to minimise delays to road users taking into consideration traffic volumes including peak times of the day and seasonal traffic;
- Plan all construction vehicle movements to minimise disruption to traffic flow on roads within the project area and surrounds;
- Minimise impacts on, and complaints from, the community and stakeholders through the implementation of management measures as described in Section 6.12.

## 2.4 Performance outcomes

Performance outcomes identified in EIS Chapter 27, that are relevant to the management of traffic, transport, and access during construction of the project are identified in Table 3.

**TABLE 3: PERFORMANCE OUTCOMES (CONSTRUCTION TRAFFIC, TRANSPORT, AND ACCESS)**

Performance outcomes	How performance outcome will be achieved
Minimises impacts on the local and regional transport network during construction and operation, as far as practicable.	Implement this CTTAMP, particularly the management measures in Section 6, which have been developed to consider the requirements in Section 3.2, Section 3.3 and Appendix A.  Undertake training, inspections and monitoring as summarised in Section 6.2 and Section 6.5.
Minimises the use of local roads by heavy vehicles as far as practicable.	
Maintains or improves motorist and active transport safety.	
Avoids loss of on-street parking, where practicable	
Maintains safe access to property	







## 2.5 SMART Principles

This Plan has been developed with the consideration of SMART principles. This was achieved as follows:

- **Specific:** The measures listed in Section 6.12 of this Plan are specific to traffic, transport and access management during construction. They include the development and implementation of plans and procedures tailored to address traffic and transport impacts;
- **Measurable:** The document provides specific measures, requirements, and references that enable the evaluation and measurement of the effectiveness of each control measure. Monitoring program and reporting requirements are outlined, allowing for the assessment of impacts to traffic;
- **Achievable:** The control measures outlined in the document are practical and achievable within the construction context. They involve the implementation of plans, investigations, and management strategies that can be feasibly executed during the construction phase;
- **Relevant:** The measures are directly relevant to traffic, transport and access management during construction. They address potential impacts, such as those associated with road closures, emergency services access and impacts to the traffic network. These measures are designed to mitigate or prevent these impacts on traffic;
- **Time-bound:** The document specifies when each measure should be implemented, such as prior to and during construction. It also assigns responsibilities to specific roles, indicating the timeline and accountability associated with each measure.



## 3 ENVIRONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS

### 3.1 Legislation

Legislation and regulations relevant to traffic, transport, and access management includes:

- *Roads Act 1993*;
- *Road Transport Act 2013*;
- *Transport Administration Act 1988*;
- *Local Government Act 2013*;
- *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* (EP&A Act);
- *Heavy Vehicle (Adoption of National Law) Act 2013*;
- *Work Health and Safety Act 2011*.

A register of legal requirements for the project is contained in Appendix A1 of the CEMP.

### 3.2 Guidelines and standards

The main guidelines, specifications, and policy documents relevant to this Plan include:

- Albury to Parkes (A2P) Construction Environment Management Framework (CEMF) (ARTC);
- Australian Standard 1428.1-2009 Design for access and mobility;
- Australian Standard AS 1742 Parts 1 to 14, Manual of Uniform Traffic Devices (as required);
- Australian Standard AS 1743.3-2019 Traffic control devices for works on roads;
- Australian Standard AS 3845.2:2017 Road Safety Barrier Systems and Devices;
- Australian Standard AS 3845.1:2015 Road Safety Barrier Systems and Devices;
- Austroads Guide to Temporary Traffic Management: Parts 1-10 (2021);
- Austroads Guide to Traffic Management – Parts 1-13 (2020);
- Austroads Guide to Road Design – Parts 1-8 (2020);
- Austroads Guide to Road Safety – Parts 1-9 (2019);
- Austroads Safe System Assessment Framework (2016);
- Austroads Design Vehicles and Turning Path Templates (2023);
- Transport Management Centre – Road Occupancy Manual (2015);
- NSW Speed Zoning Standard (Transport for NSW (Transport), 2023);
- Transport for NSW Traffic control at work sites Technical Manual (2022);
- Delineation and Pavement Marking (Transport, 2023);
- Guide to Traffic Generating Developments Version 2.2 (Roads and Traffic Authority (RTA), 2002);
- Level Crossing Closures Policy (Transport for NSW (Transport), n.d.);
- Cycling Aspects of Austroads Guides (Austroads, 2014);
- NSW Bicycle Guidelines version 1.2 (RTA, 2005);
- Planning Guidelines for Walking and Cycling (Department of Infrastructure, Planning and Natural Resources (DIPNR), 2004);
- Construction of New Level Crossing Policy (Transport, 2017a);
- Future Transport Strategy (Transport, 2022);
- NSW Freight and Ports Plan 2018-2023 (Transport, 2018b);
- NSW Sustainable Design Guidelines Version 4.0 (Transport, 2017b);
- Railway Crossing Safety Series 2011, Plan: Establishing a Railway Crossing Safety Management Plan (RTA, 2011);
- Accepted Road Safety Barrier Systems and Devices (Transport, 2024);
- Guides to Road Design (Austroads, 2021);
- The relevant Supplements to Austroads Guide to Road Design (Transport, 2023); and
- All other relevant TfNSW Supplements and Technical Directions not covered above.



### 3.3 Minister's Conditions of Approval

The requirements of the CoA relevant to the development of this Plan are shown in Table 4. These are defined as primary CoA and are specifically related to the development of this Plan. Secondary CoA relevant to, but not specific to the development of this Plan, have been listed in Appendix A.

A cross reference is also included to indicate where the CoA is addressed in this Plan or other project management document.

**TABLE 4: COA RELEVANT TO THIS PLAN**

No.	Requirement	Where addressed						
C4	Where a CEMP (and relevant CEMP Sub-plans) requires Planning Secretary's approval, the CEMP (and relevant CEMP Sub-plans) must be endorsed by the ER and then submitted to the Planning Secretary for approval no later than one (1) month before the commencement of construction, or where construction is staged, no later than one (1) month before the commencement of each stage.	This CTTAMP ER endorsement						
C6	<p>Except as provided by Condition C16 the following CEMP Sub-plans must be prepared and implemented in consultation with the relevant government agencies identified for each CEMP Sub-plan. Details of all information requested by an agency during consultation must be provided to the Planning Secretary as part of any submission of the relevant CEMP Sub-plan, including copies of all correspondence from those agencies as required by Condition A8.</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td></td><td>Required CEMP Sub-plan</td><td>Relevant government agencies to be consulted for each CEMP Sub-plan</td></tr> <tr> <td>(a)</td><td>Traffic, transport and access</td><td>TfNSW and relevant councils</td></tr> </table>		Required CEMP Sub-plan	Relevant government agencies to be consulted for each CEMP Sub-plan	(a)	Traffic, transport and access	TfNSW and relevant councils	This CTTAMP Consultation report Section 1.6
	Required CEMP Sub-plan	Relevant government agencies to be consulted for each CEMP Sub-plan						
(a)	Traffic, transport and access	TfNSW and relevant councils						
C7	The CEMP Sub-plans must state how:	-						
	a) the environmental performance outcomes identified in the documents listed in Condition A1 will be achieved;	Section 2.4 Section 1.3						
	b) the mitigation measures identified in the documents listed in Condition A1 will be monitored and implemented;	Section 6 Section 7.2						
	c) the relevant terms of this approval will be complied with; and	Section 2 Section 7 Appendix A						
	d) issues requiring management during construction (including cumulative impacts), as identified through ongoing environmental risk analysis, will be managed through SMART principles.	Section 2.5 Section 8 Section 6.1						
C8	The Construction Traffic, Transport and Access Management (CTTAMP) Sub-plan must be consistent with any agreements with the relevant roads authority about the use and management of roads and include measures to:	-						
	a) minimise impacts on seasonal traffic and public transport, including harvest-related vehicles, school buses, bus stops and freight operators	Section 6.1 Section 6.2 Section 6.5.1						
	b) consult and advise of changes that impact Wagga Wagga Health precinct and emergency services;	Section 6.9.2 Section 6.9.3						



No.	Requirement	Where addressed
		Wagga Wagga Construction Traffic, Transport and Access Mitigation Options Report
	c) minimise impacts to pedestrian and active transport routes consistent with Conditions E138, E139 and E140;	Section 6.5
	d) minimise noise and amenity impacts of heavy vehicles entering and exiting construction compounds, borrow sites and other ancillary sites, and driving through populated areas, including school zones at speed limited times;	Section 6.10 Section 6.12 CNVMP
	e) minimise impacts to vulnerable road users and sensitive land uses, including but not limited to avoiding, where possible, schools, child care facilities and aged care facilities;	Section 6.5 Section 6.8 Section 6.9
	f) avoid heavy vehicle movements on public roads outside the construction hours detailed in Condition E69;	Section 6.3 Section 7.2
	g) repair roads damaged during construction to ensure the safety of road users	Section 6.6
	h) all mitigation measures identified in accordance with the Wagga Wagga Construction Traffic, Transport and Access Mitigation Options Report in accordance with Condition E142;	The mitigation measures identified in the WWCTTAMO Report will be incorporated into the PTMPs. See Section 6.1
	i) inform road users, freight operators and pedestrians and active transport users of changes to traffic conditions, detours and parking;	Section 6.9
	j) implement and comply with Condition E140;	Section 6.6
	k) maintain pedestrian and vehicular access to affected properties, including mechanisms to consult with affected landowners and ensure measures are implemented prior to any access disruption; and	Section 6.8 Section 6.9
	l) identify construction vehicle routes not identified in the documents listed in Condition A1 and in accordance with Condition E143;	Section 6.3
	m) managing Maritime traffic impacts through a Maritime Traffic Management Plan;	Section 6.11
	n) periodically review mitigation measures to further minimise impacts to road users, pedestrians and active transport users including adaptive management measures addressing traffic impacts associated with construction of Edmondson Street Bridge; and	Section 8.1 Section 8.2
	o) regularly consult with councils and TfNSW regarding changes to traffic and pedestrian impacts and mitigation measures.	Section 1.6 Section 6.9
C15	Construction must not commence until the relevant CEMP(s) and CEMP Sub-plans have been approved by the Planning Secretary or endorsed by the ER, (as	Section 1.4.1



No.	Requirement	Where addressed						
	applicable and as identified in the CEMF approved under Condition C16). The CEMP and CEMP Sub-plans, as approved by the Planning Secretary, including any minor amendments approved by the ER, must be implemented for the duration of construction. Where the CSSI is being staged, construction of that stage is not to commence until the relevant CEMP and Sub-plans have been endorsed by the ER and approved by the Planning Secretary or ER.							
C26	<p>Except as provided by Condition C16 the following Construction Monitoring Programs must be prepared in consultation with the relevant government agencies identified for each to compare actual performance of construction of the CSSI against the performance predicted in the documents listed in Condition A1 or in the CEMP:</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td></td><td>Required Construction Monitoring Programs</td><td>Relevant government agencies to be consulted for each Construction Monitoring Program</td></tr> <tr> <td>(a)</td><td>Traffic, Transport and Access</td><td>Relevant councils and Transport</td></tr> </table>		Required Construction Monitoring Programs	Relevant government agencies to be consulted for each Construction Monitoring Program	(a)	Traffic, Transport and Access	Relevant councils and Transport	Section 7.2
	Required Construction Monitoring Programs	Relevant government agencies to be consulted for each Construction Monitoring Program						
(a)	Traffic, Transport and Access	Relevant councils and Transport						
C27	Each Construction Monitoring Program (CMP) must have consideration of SMART principles and provide:	Section 2.5						
	a) details of baseline data available;	Section 4						
	b) details of baseline data to be obtained and when;	Section 4						
	c) details of all monitoring of the project to be undertaken;	Section 7.2						
	d) the parameters of the project to be monitored;	Section 7.2						
	e) the frequency of monitoring to be undertaken;	Section 7.2						
	f) the location and justification of monitoring locations.	Section 7.2						
	g) the reporting of monitoring results and analysis results against relevant criteria;	Section 7.2						
	h) details of the methods that will be used to analyse the monitoring data;	Section 7.2						
	i) procedures to identify and implement additional mitigation measures where the results of the monitoring indicate unacceptable project impacts; and	Section 8.1						
	j) any consultation to be undertaken in relation to the monitoring programs.	Section 8.1 Section 8.2 Consultation report						
C34	The results of the CMP(s) must be submitted to the Planning Secretary, and relevant regulatory agencies, for information in the form of a Construction Monitoring Report at the frequency identified in the relevant CMP.	Section 7.2						

### 3.4 Updated Management Measures

There are no primary UMMs related to the preparation of this CTTAMP. Secondary UMM have been listed in Appendix A. A cross reference is also included to indicate where the UMM is addressed in this Plan for other project management documents.



### 3.5 Infrastructure Sustainability Council Requirements

Both Martinus Rail and Inland Rail are firmly committed to ensuring the projects are designed and constructed with high levels of sustainability integrated throughout the projects. Martinus Rail has developed and will implement a Sustainability Management Plan (SuMP) that is compliant with:

- Project Approvals
- *Inland Rail Sustainability Strategy* (0-0000-900-ESS-00-RP-0003)
- *Specification - Inland Rail Sustainability Requirements – Albury to Parkes* (3-0000-210-ESS-00-SP-0001)
- A2P Enhancement Projects Incentivised Target Cost Deed (ARTC Contract No. 2140-0001)

Martinus Rail will aim to achieve a certified minimum rating of 'Excellent' under the Infrastructure Sustainability Council (ISC) Infrastructure Sustainability (IS) Technical Manual version 1.2. For further detail please refer to the SuMP.

Detailed management of traffic, transport, and access impact targets are outlined in Section 2.3. Table 5 below lists the relevant IS credit – Hea-2 Crime Prevention and indicates where they are addressed in this plan or references external documents that fulfill the ISC credit criteria. CPTED guidelines will be reviewed during the Precinct Traffic Management Plan (see Section 6.1) process and addressed or incorporated where required. See *Appendix B - ISC Requirements* for the detailed compliance table.

**TABLE 5: ISC CREDIT, HEA-2 CRIME PREVENTION**

ISC Reference	Commitment	Document reference
Hea-2	The likelihood of crime has been reduced through implementing appropriate CPTED guidelines in design, construction and operation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Section 6.1</li> <li>▪ Precinct Traffic Management Plan</li> <li>▪ Temporary Works Designs</li> <li>▪ Temporary Lighting Plans</li> </ul>
Hea-2	All tunnels or underpasses have end-to-end visibility	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Temporary Works Designs</li> <li>▪ Temporary Lighting Plans</li> </ul>
Hea-2	Temporary construction diversions and lighting are designed to meet CPTED guidance	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Section 6.1</li> <li>▪ Section 6.2</li> <li>▪ Temporary Works Designs</li> <li>▪ Precinct Traffic Management Plan</li> <li>▪ Site Specific Traffic Management Plans / Traffic Guidance Schemes</li> </ul>



## 4 EXISTING ENVIRONMENT - STAGE B

The following section summarises the existing traffic, transport and access activities within and adjacent to Stage B areas of the project. The key reference documents include:

- Chapter 9 of the EIS (Transport and Traffic);
- Technical Paper 1 of the EIS (Transport and Traffic);
- Appendix C of the PIR (Traffic and Transport);
- Appendix D of the PIR RtS (Traffic and Transport).

### 4.1 State and Regional Roads

The key State and Regional roads in the study area include:

- The Hume Highway, which provides access to enhancement sites in the Albury precinct. It is an arterial road and carries 19,500 vehicles per day northbound and 23,850 vehicles per day southbound on average (Station 95040, 2019). The Hume Highway is located within the Albury precinct, and it connects Sydney and Melbourne.
- The Olympic Highway, which provides access to enhancement sites north of Table Top Yard clearances. It is an arterial road that connects the Hume Highway to the Mid-Western Highway in Cowra. In 2011, the highway carried about 2,800 vehicles per day on average in the Greater Hume–Lockhart precinct (Transport for NSW Traffic Volume Viewer Station 95435, 2011 recorded 2,753/day).
- The Sturt Highway crosses Wagga Wagga from east to west and provides continuation of the Olympic Hwy through Wagga Wagga. The Sturt Highway is an arterial road and carries around 10,000 vehicles per day (Transport for NSW Traffic Volume Viewer Station 95174, 2011 recorded 9,193 vehicles/day). It is anticipated that this average daily vehicle numbers are slightly higher than this average.

These state roads predominantly facilitate movements of traffic in a north–south direction. State roads intersecting the highways above include:

- Riverina Highway (through the township of Albury)
- Goldfields Way (connecting to the Olympic Highway west of Junee).
- Edward Street, Wagga Wagga

Regional roads intersecting the above-mentioned highways facilitating construction traffic movements include:

- Urana Street, The Rock
- Balfour Street, Culcairn
- Bourke Street, Wagga Wagga

Increased traffic during certain periods of the year (seasonal traffic) can occur in certain areas. This may include movement of livestock or agricultural produce, agricultural machinery, farm vehicles and other farm infrastructure. Transportation of agricultural product also occurs within some enhancement sites, where vehicles transport grain and other produce to the rail line for further transportation by train. Transportation associated with the Renewable Energy Zones (REZ) and the construction of new transmission projects may also interact with roads that may be affected by the Project. State, Regional and Local Roads are shown in Figure 1 to Figure 19.





## Inland Rail - A21

### Legend

- Construction Impact Zone
- State / regional road
- Local road

Murray River Bridge

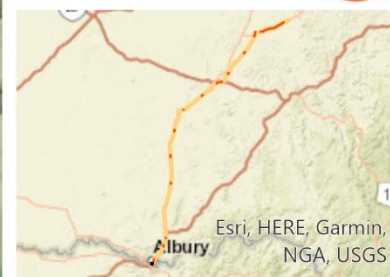
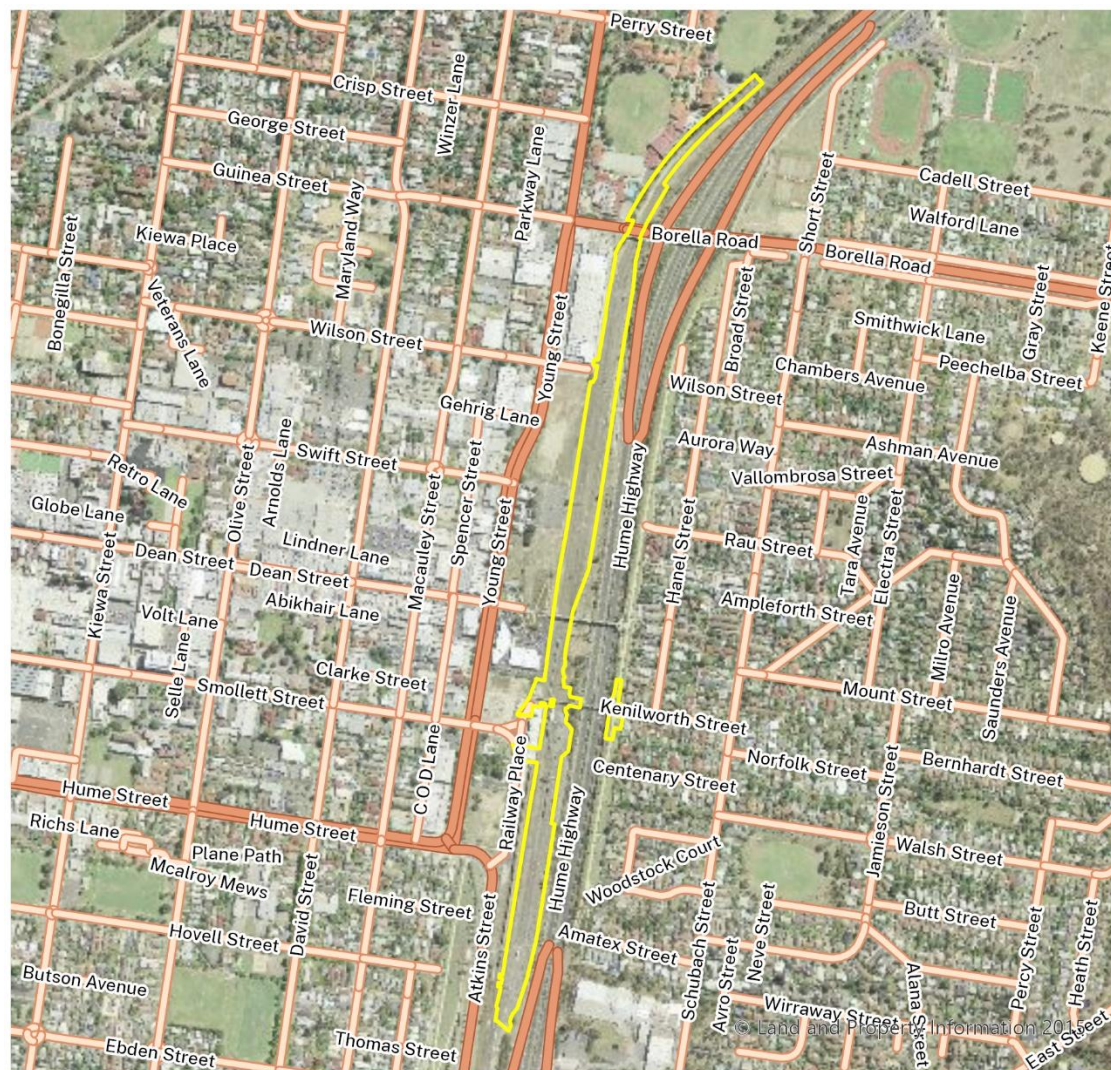


FIGURE 1 STATE, REGIONAL AND LOCAL ROADS MURRAY RIVER BRIDGE





## Inland Rail - A21

### Legend

- Construction Impact Zone
- State / regional road
- Local road

Albury Station Yard / Riverina Highway

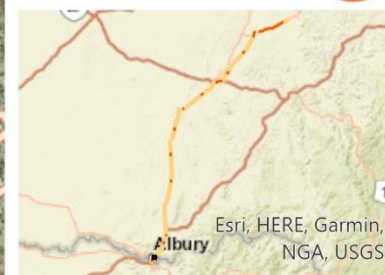
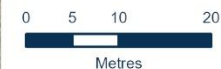


FIGURE 2 STATE, REGIONAL AND LOCAL ROADS ALBURY STATION





## Inland Rail - A2I

### Legend

- Construction Impact Zone
- State / regional road
- Local road

Billy Hughes Bridge

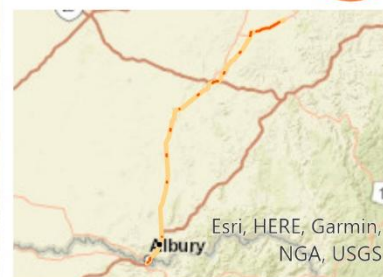
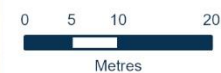


FIGURE 3 STATE, REGIONAL AND LOCAL ROADS BILLY HUGHES BRIDGE





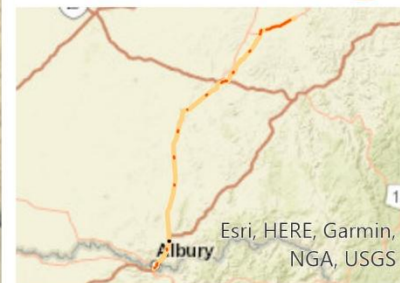
## Inland Rail - A2I

### Legend

- Construction Impact Zone
- State / regional road
- Local road

Table Top Yard

0 5 10 20  
Metres



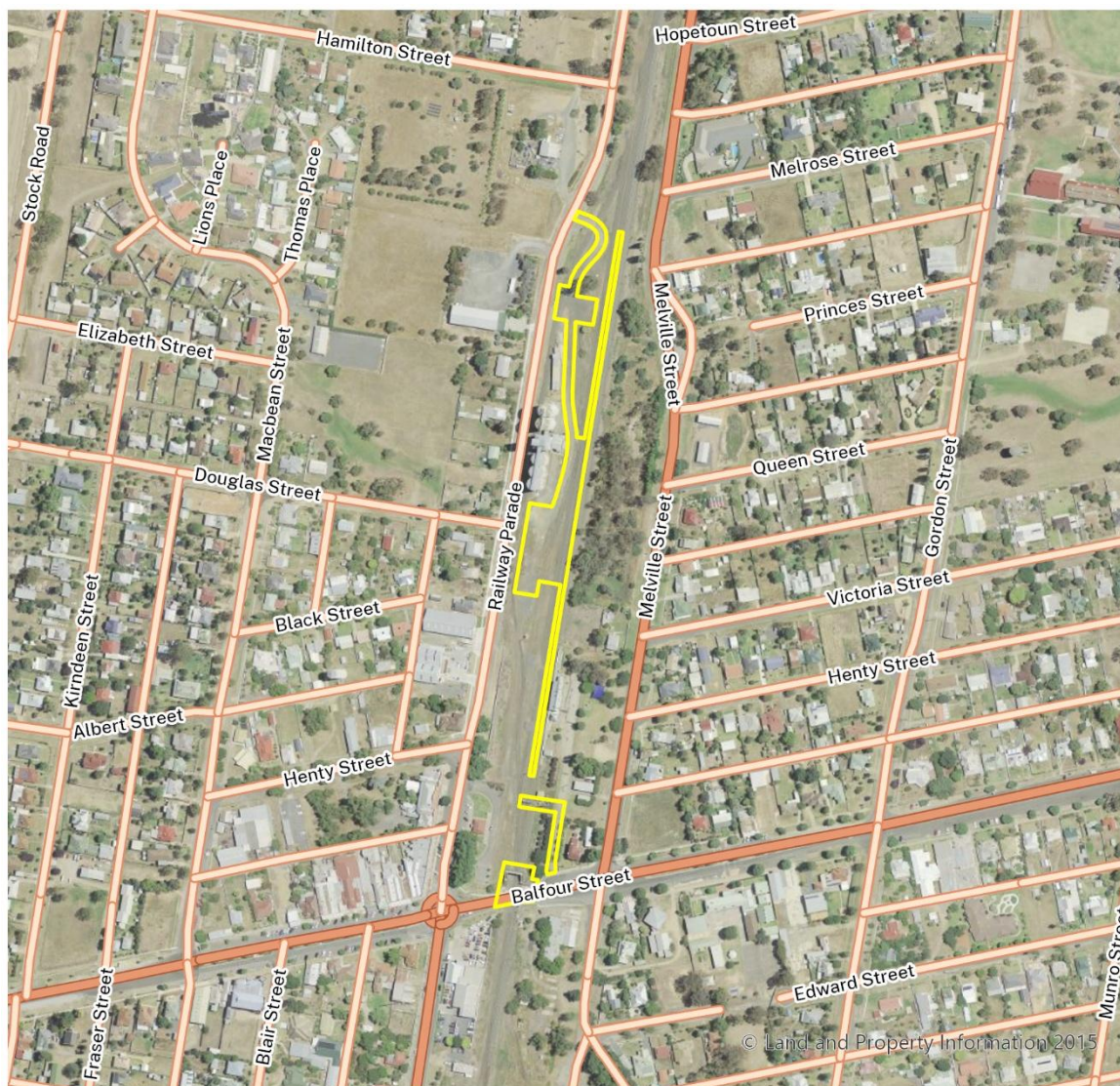
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**MARTINUS**

**INLAND RAIL**

**FIGURE 4 STATE, REGIONAL AND LOCAL ROADS TABLE TOP YARD**





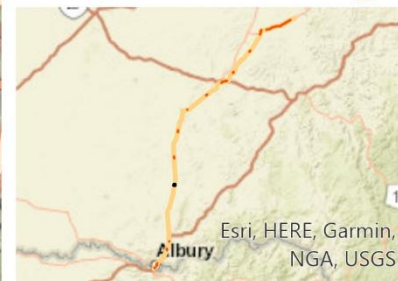
## Inland Rail - A21

### Legend

- Construction Impact Zone
- State / regional road
- Local road

Culcairn Station Yard

0 5 10 20  
Metres



**MARTINUS**

**INLAND RAIL**

**FIGURE 5 STATE, REGIONAL AND LOCAL ROADS CULCAIRN STATION YARD**





## Inland Rail - A21

### Legend

- ▬ Construction Impact Zone
- ▬ State / regional road
- ▬ Local road

Henty Yard

0 5 10 20  
Metres

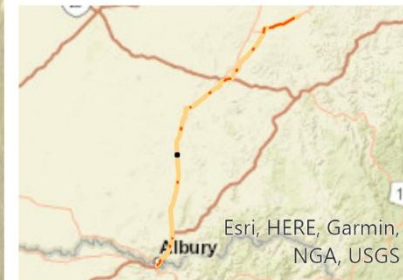


FIGURE 6 STATE, REGIONAL AND LOCAL ROADS HENTY YARD





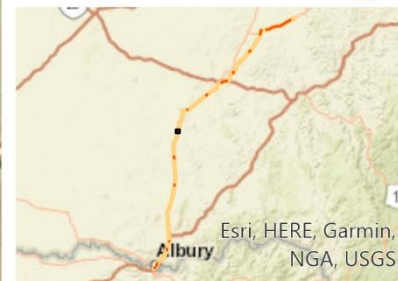
## Inland Rail - A2I

### Legend

- ▬ Construction Impact Zone
- ▬ State / regional road
- ▬ Local road

Yerong Creek Yard

0 5 10 20  
Metres



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**FIGURE 7 STATE, REGIONAL AND LOCAL ROADS YERONG CREEK YARD**





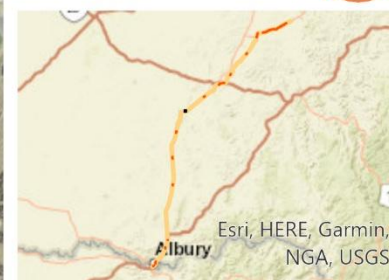
## Inland Rail - A2I

### Legend

- Construction Impact Zone
- State / regional road
- Local road

The Rock Yard

0 5 10 20  
Metres



**MARTINUS**

**INLAND RAIL**

**FIGURE 8 STATE, REGIONAL AND LOCAL ROADS THE ROCK**



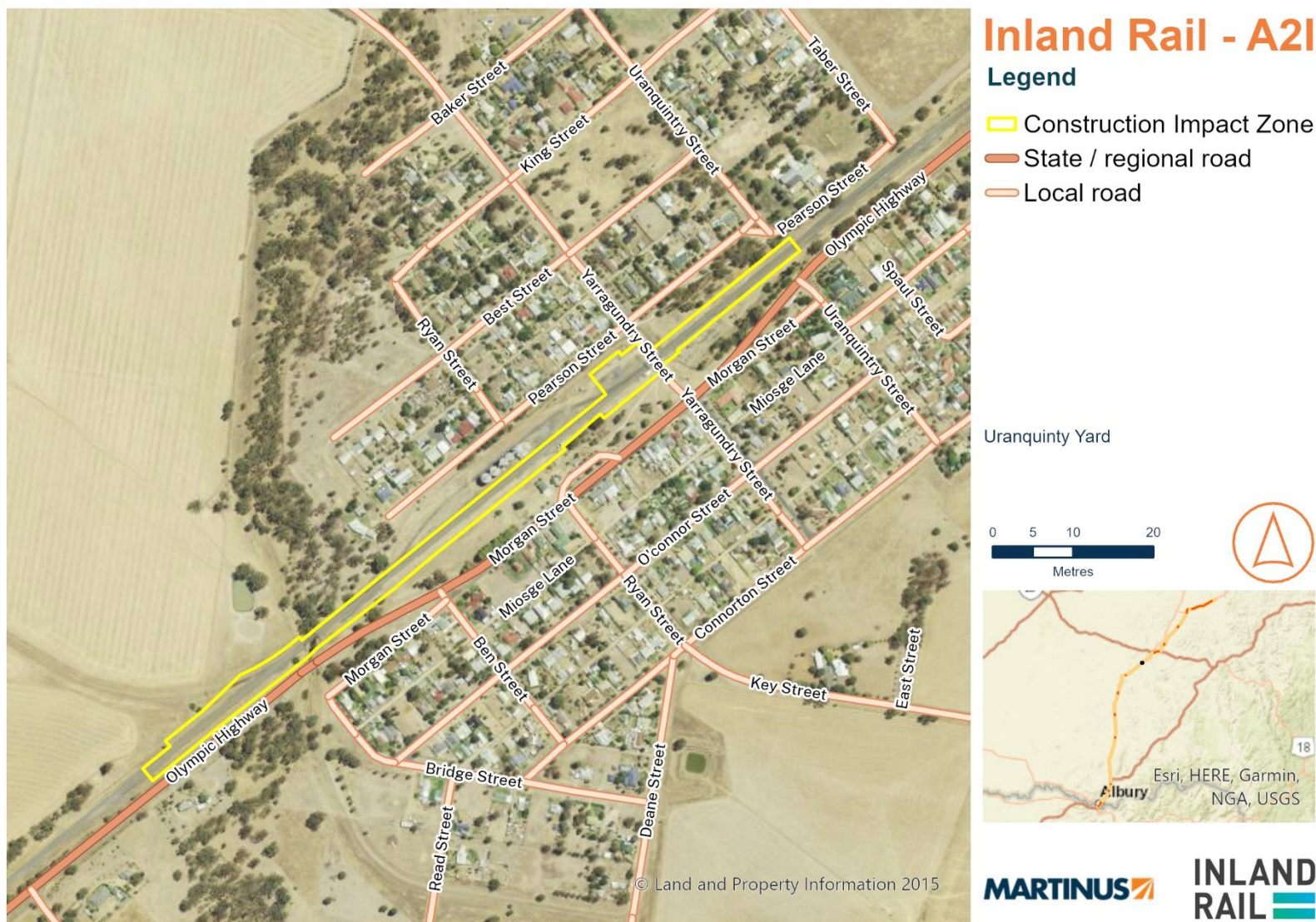


FIGURE 9 STATE, REGIONAL AND LOCAL ROADS URANQUINTY



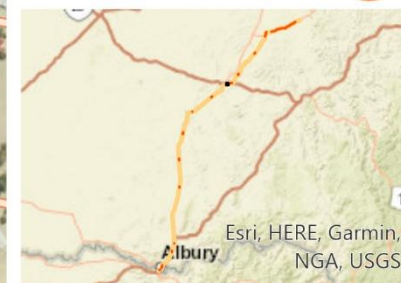


## Inland Rail - A21

### Legend

- Construction Impact Zone
- State / regional road
- Local road

Pearson Street Bridge



**MARTINUS**

**INLAND RAIL**

**FIGURE 10 STATE REGIONAL AND LOCAL ROADS PEARSON ST BRIDGE**





## Inland Rail - A21

### Legend

- Construction Impact Zone
- State / regional road
- Local road

Cassidy Parade Pedestrian Bridge /  
Wagga Wagga Station Yard

0 5 10 20  
Metres

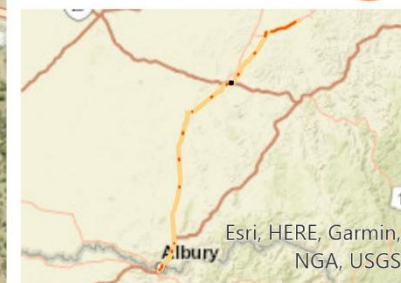


FIGURE 11 STATE, REGIONAL AND LOCAL ROADS WAGGA WAGGA STATION AND SURROUNDS





## Inland Rail - A2I

### Legend

- Construction Impact Zone
- State / regional road
- Local road

Dockers Street

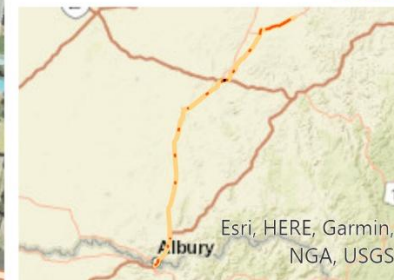


FIGURE 12 STATE, REGIONAL AND LOCAL ROADS DOCKERS STREET





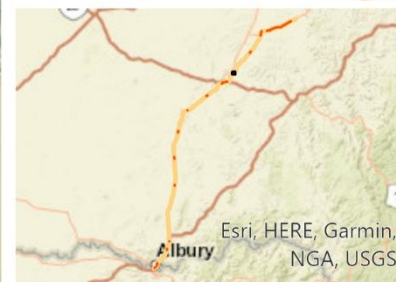
## Inland Rail - A21

### Legend

- ▬ Construction Impact Zone
- ▬ State / regional road
- ▬ Local road

Bomen Yard

0 5 10 20  
Metres



**MARTINUS**

**INLAND RAIL**

FIGURE 13 STATE, REGIONAL AND LOCAL ROADS BOMEN YARD



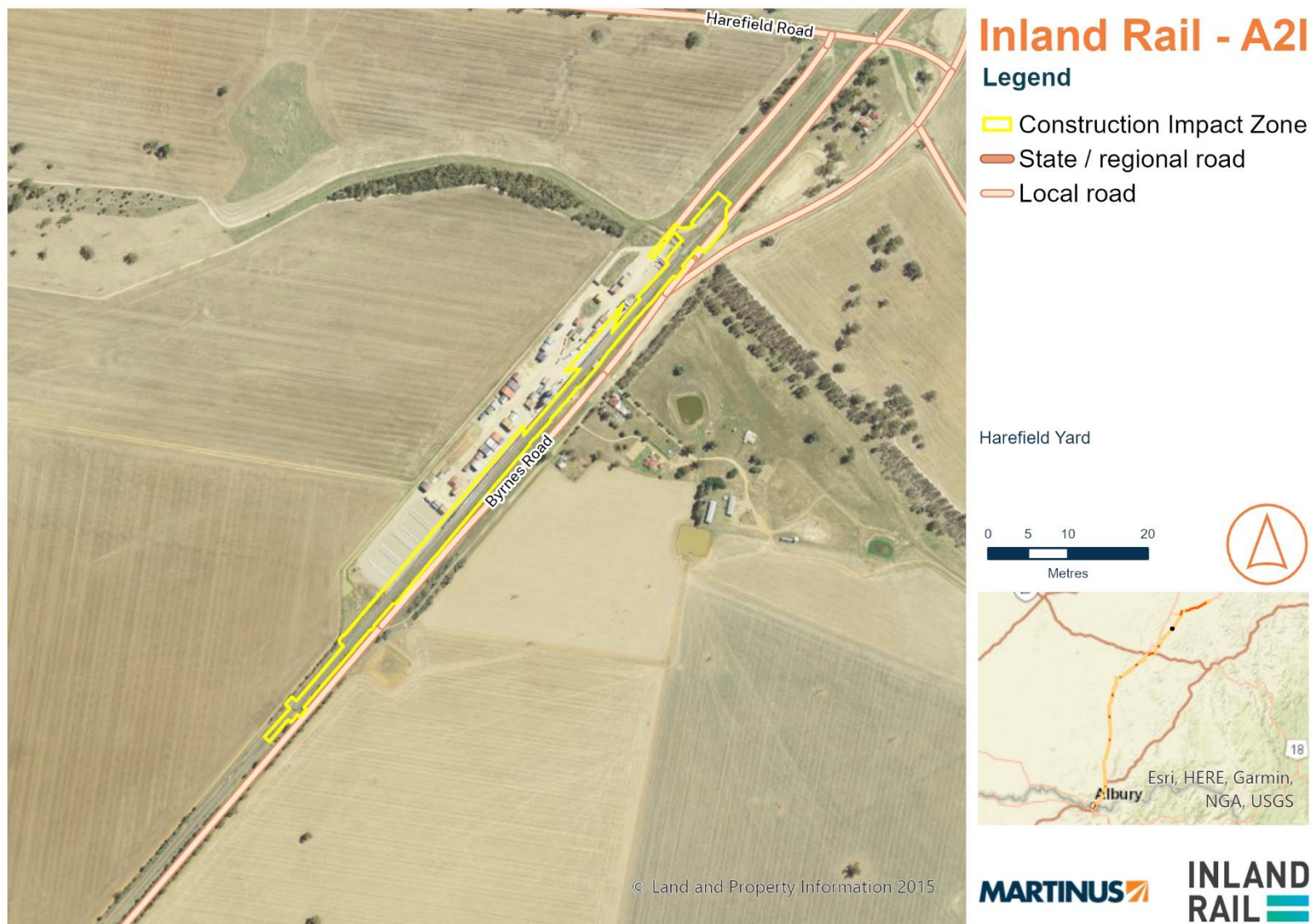


FIGURE 14 STATE, REGIONAL AND LOCAL ROADS HAREFIELD YARD





## Inland Rail - A21

### Legend

- Construction Impact Zone
- State / regional road
- Local road

Kemp Street Bridge / Junee Station Yard

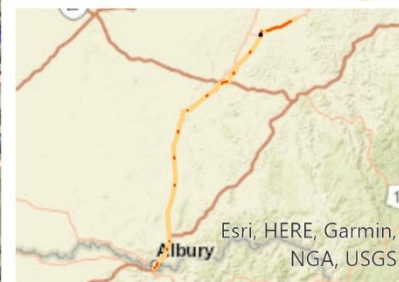
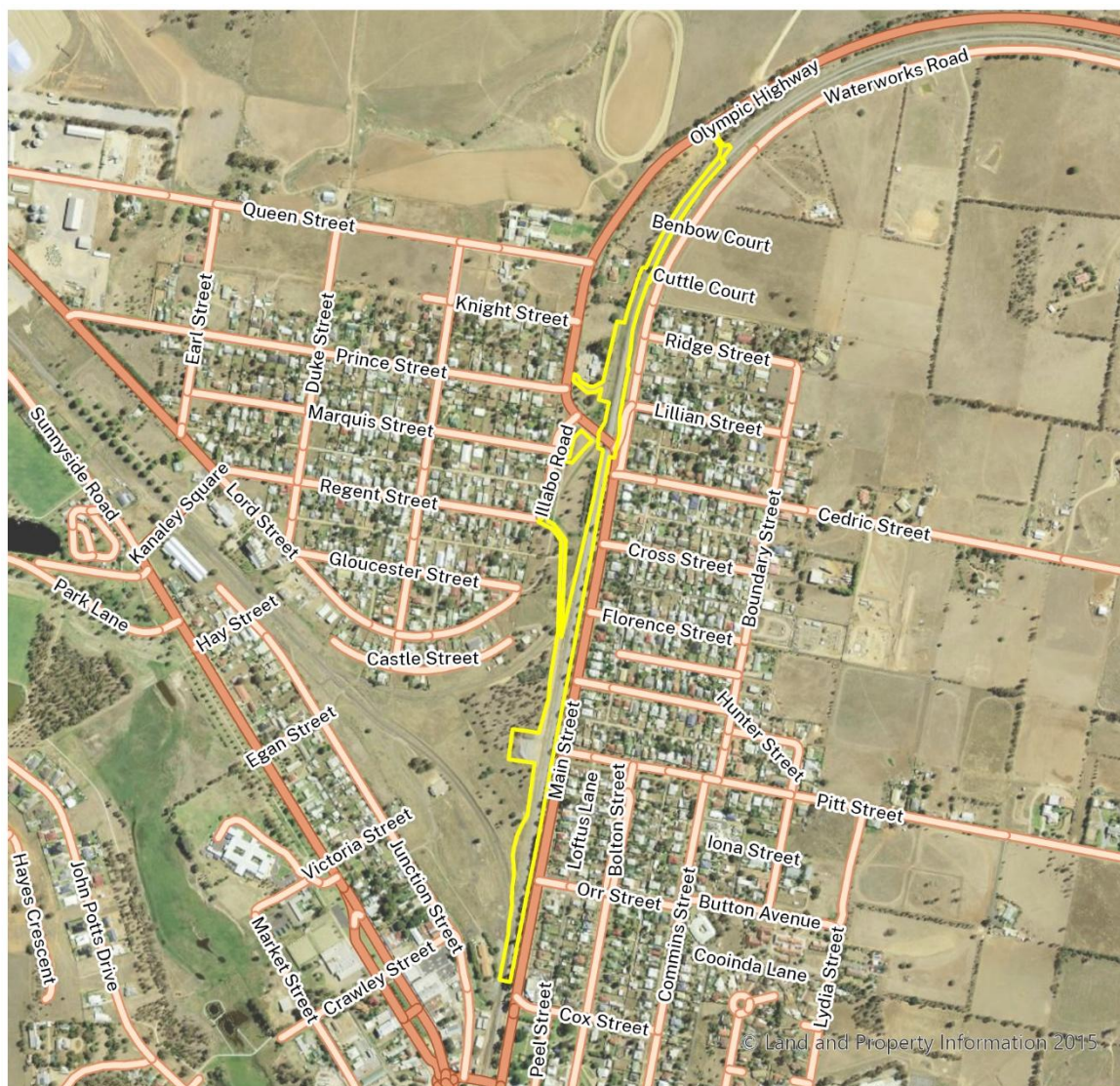


FIGURE 15 STATE, REGIONAL AND LOCAL ROADS JUNEE YARD





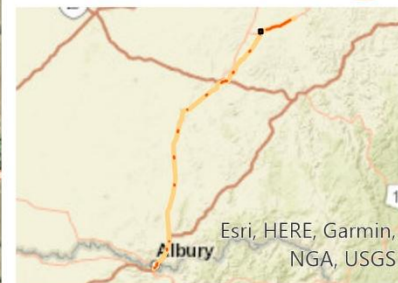
## Inland Rail - A2I

### Legend

- ▬ Construction Impact Zone
- ▬ State / regional road
- ▬ Local road

Olympic Highway underbridge

0 5 10 20  
Metres

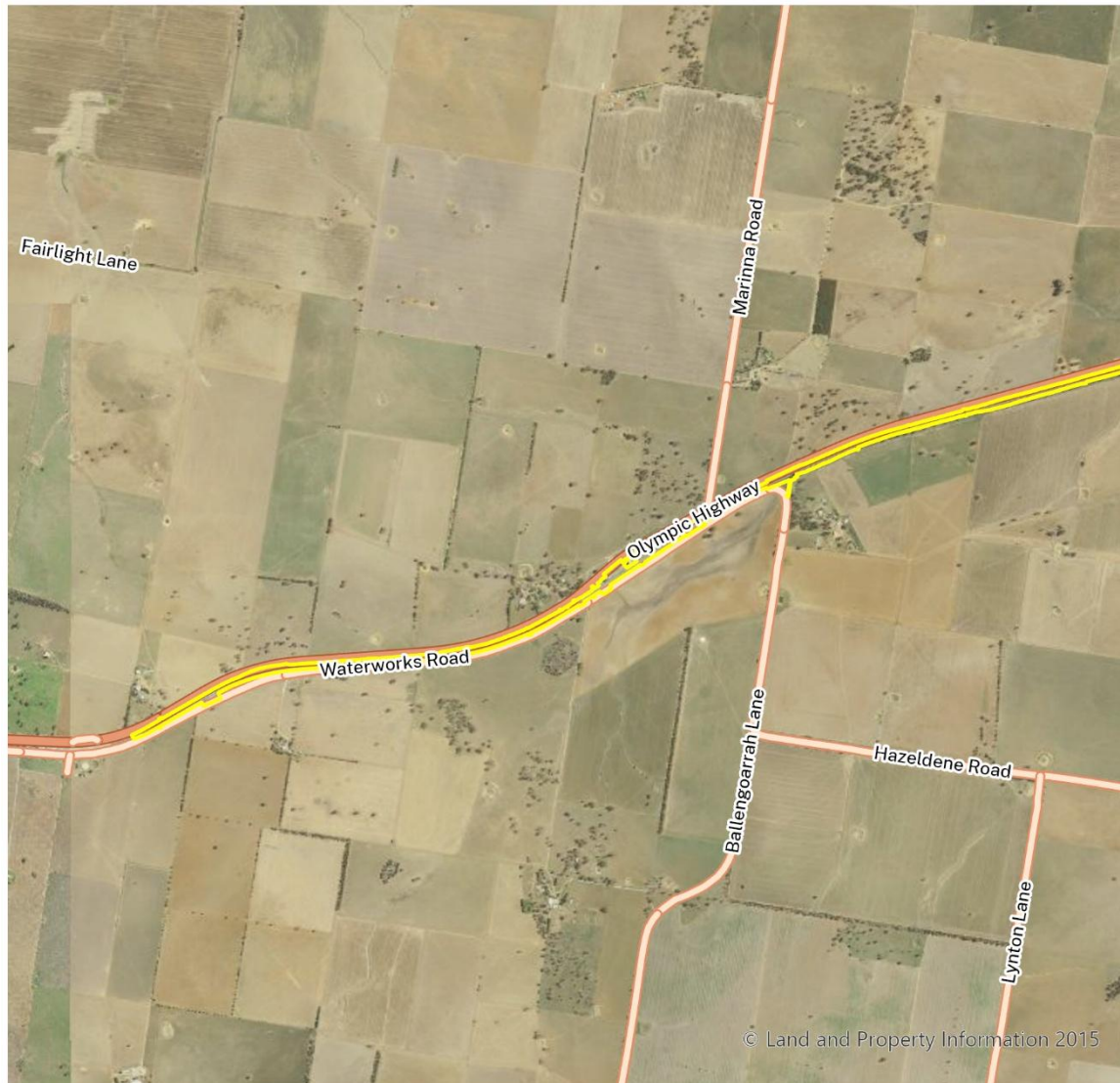


**MARTINUS**

**INLAND RAIL**

FIGURE 16 STATE, REGIONAL AND LOCAL ROADS OLYMPIC HIGHWAY UNDERBRIDGE





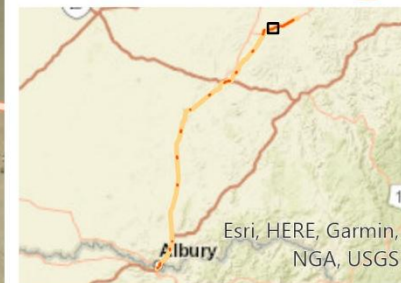
## Inland Rail - A2I

### Legend

- Construction Impact Zone
- State / regional road
- Local road

Junee to Illabo 1/3

0 5 10 20  
Metres



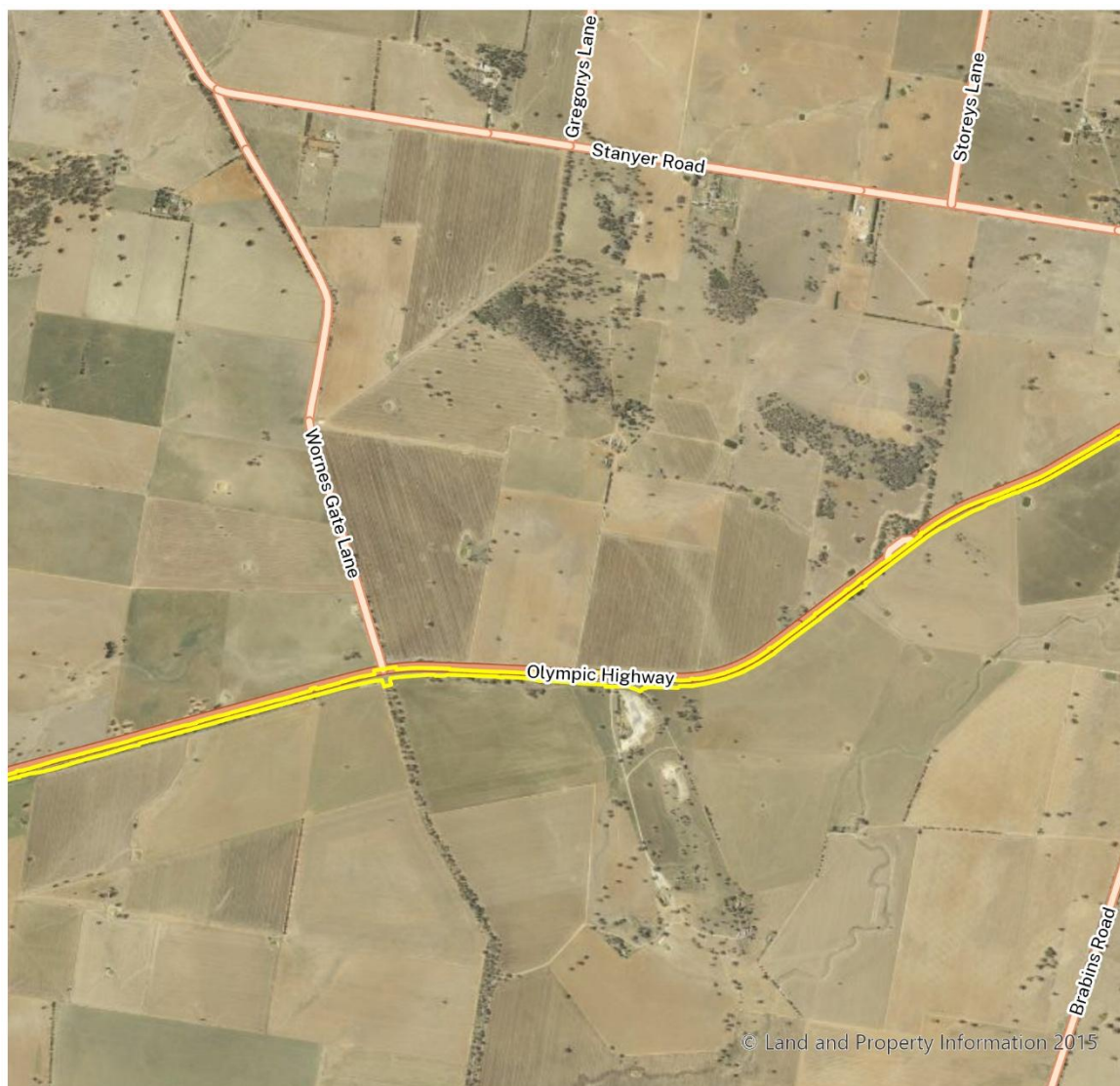
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**INLAND RAIL**

FIGURE 17 STATE, REGIONAL AND LOCAL ROADS J2I (1 OF 3)



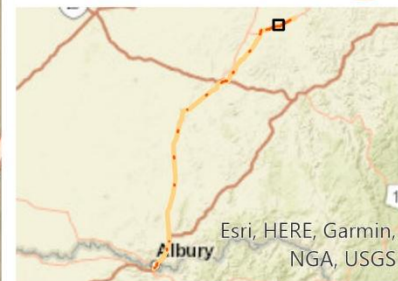
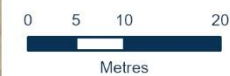


## Inland Rail - A2I

### Legend

- Construction Impact Zone
- State / regional road
- Local road

June to Illabo 2/3



**MARTINUS**

**INLAND RAIL**

FIGURE 18 STATE, REGIONAL AND LOCAL ROADS J2I (2 OF 3)





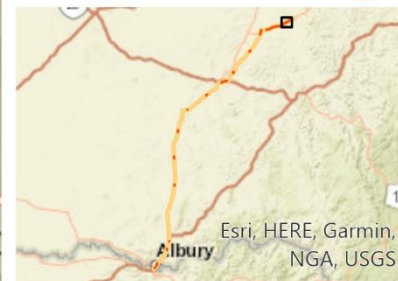
## Inland Rail - A2I

### Legend

- Construction Impact Zone
- State / regional road
- Local road

Junee to Illabo 3/3

0 5 10 20  
Metres



**MARTINUS**

**INLAND RAIL**

FIGURE 19 STATE, REGIONAL AND LOCAL ROADS J2I (3 OF 3)



## 4.2 Rail

The existing rail corridor between Albury and Illabo is part of the Main South Line, which runs from Albury, in a north-east direction, through Illabo to Cootamundra where it continues to Goulburn, Mittagong and Sydney. The line is a double non-electrified track along the Mittagong to Junee section, after which it becomes a single track to Albury. The Main South Line continues north-east from Illabo through the Bethunga Spiral to Cootamundra and continues to Sydney.

Two operating freight lines connect to the Albury to Illabo section of the rail line. The Junee to Griffith freight line connects to the Main South Line at Junee station, and The Rock to Boree Creek grain rail line connects to the Main South Line at The Rock station.

### Freight services

The Main South Line is in operation 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. Grain/goods freight trains operate on an as needs basis along the corridor. The average number of freight train movements (both directions) between Albury and Junee is 12 trains per day. The section of rail line between Junee and Illabo also supports an average of 12 freight trains per day.

### Passenger services

There are six operating passenger stations located along this section of the Main South Line that are within the areas of the Project that relate to Stage B including:

- Albury precinct - Albury Station;
- Greater Hume - Lockhart precinct, Culcairn, Henty and The Rock stations;
- Wagga Wagga precinct—Wagga Wagga Station
- Junee precinct - Junee Station.

There are several stations along this section of corridor that have been closed. This includes Yerong Creek, Uranquinty, Bomen and Illabo.

NSW TrainLink operates two passenger services a day in each direction, between Sydney and Melbourne, along the Main South Line. Six Victorian train services (V-Line) terminate or leave at Albury daily.

## 4.3 Travelling stock reserves

Travelling stock reserves (TSR) are reserves of connected Crown land that are designated for the movement of stock between watering and grazing land but are also used for emergency stock refuge and transport of stock to market, providing biodiversity corridors, and access and connection to Country for Aboriginal peoples, and cultural heritage protection. Often the TSR will be along roads and consequently interface with road vehicles. A TSR, when on public roads, is referred to as a livestock highway.

- Albury precinct - no TSRs relevant to the project;
- Greater Hume - Lockhart precinct - livestock highways along the Olympic Highway from Henty through Yerong Creek and The Rock, and The Rock Road;
- Wagga Wagga precinct - livestock highways along the Olympic Highway through Uranquinty, along the Sturt Highway through Wagga Wagga and Bourke Street/Docker Street through central Wagga Wagga to the intersection of Sturt Highway/Docker Street;
- Junee precinct - no TSRs relevant to the project.

## 4.4 Heavy vehicle route restriction

Existing heavy vehicle routes for each precinct in Stage B were presented in Table 9-1 of the EIS. This table has been replicated below as Table 6.

**TABLE 6: EXISTING HEAVY VEHICLE ROUTES**

Precinct	Heavy vehicle routes (classification)	
Albury	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Hume Highway – State Road (classified<sup>1</sup>)</li> <li>▪ Borella Road – State Road</li> <li>▪ Atkins Street – Local Road (unclassified<sup>2</sup>)</li> <li>▪ MacLeay Street - Local Road</li> <li>▪ Panmure Street – Local Road</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ East Street – Local Road</li> <li>▪ Young Street – State Road</li> <li>▪ Wilson Street – Local Road</li> <li>▪ Railway Place – Local Road</li> <li>▪ Wagga Road – Regional Road (classified)</li> </ul>



Precinct	Heavy vehicle routes (classification)	
Greater Hume-Lockhart	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Olympic Highway – State Road</li> <li>Melville Street – Local Road</li> <li>Balfour Street – Regional (classified)/State Road</li> <li>Railway Parade – Local Road</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Yankee Crossing Road – Local Road</li> <li>Urana Street – Regional Road (classified) /Local Road</li> <li>Mangoplah Road – Local Road</li> <li>Sladen Street – Local Road</li> </ul>
Wagga Wagga	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Olympic Highway – State Road</li> <li>Pearson Street - Local Road</li> <li>Cheshire Street – Local Road</li> <li>Fernleigh Road – Local Road</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Edward Street – State Road</li> <li>Fox Street – Local Road</li> <li>Byrnes Road – Local Road</li> <li>Merino Street – Local Road</li> </ul>
Junee	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Byrnes Road –Regional Road (unclassified)</li> <li>Harefield Road – Local Road (between Byrnes Road and the Harefield Intermodal Terminal – the remainder of Harefield Road would not be used by the project).</li> <li>Olympic Highway – State Road</li> <li>Seignior Street – State Road</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Edgar Street – Local/Regional Road (unclassified)</li> <li>Harold Street – Local Road (limited to 12.5m SU truck to Thomas Street)</li> <li>Brabins Road – Local Road</li> </ul>

Notes:

1. All State roads are classified
2. All Local roads are unclassified

In accordance with CoA E138 construction traffic must not use local roads or privately-owned roads unless no alternative access is available. Use of private access roads must be in accordance with CoA C21 and C22. Local or privately owned roads used for access to ancillary facilities, construction sites, and temporary accommodation must be identified in this Plan.

## 4.5 Public transport

Buses provide the primary public transport service in the precincts within the project area. The Main South Line provides six operating passenger stations running infrequently throughout the day. Bus services provided within each precinct in Stage B have been summarised in Table 7.

**TABLE 7: SUMMARY OF BUS SERVICES IN EACH PRECINCT**

Precinct	Bus services
Albury	<p>Public bus services are primarily operated by Martin's Albury and Dyson Group in collaboration with Transport and Public Transport Victoria. A bus interchange operates at Railway Place for TrainLink and V/Line services.</p> <p>Key bus stops relevant to the proposal include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Albury Station Coach Bay (26402)</li> <li>Atkins Street at Macauley Street (2640266)</li> <li>Atkins Street before Townsend Street (2640625)</li> <li>Abercorn Street opposite Plummer Street (264080)</li> <li>Olive Street after Panmure Street (2640481)</li> <li>Atkins Street before Olive Street (264078)</li> <li>Olive Street opposite Abercorn Street (264079)</li> <li>Kiewa Street at Panmure Street (264081)</li> </ul> <p>The Albury precinct bus services generally include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>2 school bus services</li> </ul> <p>No public bus routes were identified relevant to the Billy Hughes bridge or Table Top Yard clearances enhancement sites.</p>



Precinct	Bus services
Greater Hume-Lockhart	<p>Public bus services are provided by Regional Buses and are operated in collaboration with Transport under their rural and regional on-demand public transport pilot program.</p> <p>The Greater Hume-Lockhart precinct bus services generally include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Four bus routes with on demand service;</li> <li>17 school bus services.</li> </ul>
Wagga Wagga	<p>No bus routes operate for the Uranquinty Yard clearances or Bomen Yard clearances enhancement sites.</p> <p>Public bus services are primarily operated by Busabout in collaboration with Transport. A bus interchange operates at Station Place for Wagga Station for the TrainLink service.</p> <p>Key bus stops relevant to the proposal include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Wagga Wagga Station Coach Bay (26502)</li> <li>South Wagga Public School (265052 and 26509)</li> <li>Kildare Catholic College Edmondson (2650107 and 265098)</li> <li>Kildare Catholic College Coleman (265071 and 2650340)</li> <li>Wagga Wagga High School (2650153 and 2650106)</li> <li>Wagga Wagga TAFE (2650221)</li> <li>Coleman Street at MacLeay Street (265072)</li> <li>MacLeay Street and Erin Street (2650220)</li> <li>MacLeay Street at Railway Street (2650358)</li> <li>Railway Street opposite Collins Street (265073)</li> <li>Railway Street at Collins Street (2650305)</li> <li>Railway Street before Lake Albert Road (2650217)</li> <li>Railway Street after Lake Albert Road (2650339)</li> <li>Lake Albert Road at Railway Street (26508)</li> <li>Lake Albert Road after Hammond Avenue (265013)</li> <li>Trevor Street at Athol Street (2650219)</li> <li>Trevor Street at Jarrick Street (2650274)</li> <li>MacLeay Street after Urana Street (2650309)</li> <li>Docker Street opposite Meurant Ave (2650250)</li> <li>Docker Street at Hardy Street (2650193)</li> <li>Fernleigh Road at Barrima Drive (2650229)</li> <li>Fernleigh Road opposite Pinaroo Drive (2650514)</li> <li>Fernleigh Road opposite Lae Avenue (265053)</li> <li>Fernleigh Road at Lae Avenue (265054)</li> </ul>
Junee	<p>No bus routes operate on roads relevant to the Junee to Illabo clearances enhancement site. A bus interchange operates at Railway Square for Junee Station for bus routes and the TrainLink service.</p> <p>The Junee precinct bus services generally include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>One bus route, two services per day at Harefield Yard clearances;</li> <li>Within Junee there are five bus routes with one to two services per day;</li> <li>One TrainLink service once per day;</li> <li>Three school bus services per day.</li> </ul>

## 4.6 Active transport

Provision for active transport in the vicinity of most enhancement sites is minimal, however pedestrian and cyclist networks exist within the urban areas. A summary of the existing active transport options within each precinct in Stage B are presented in Table 8.



TABLE 8: SUMMARY OF ACTIVE TRANSPORT OPTIONS WITHIN PROJECT PRECINCTS – STAGE B

Precinct	Active transport options
Albury	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Footpaths are present on most roads within the urban area of the Albury precinct and pedestrian crossings are provided at most signalised intersections. Infrastructure located within, or intersecting, enhancement sites include Albury Station pedestrian bridge and Amatex pedestrian bridge.</li> <li>Cycling infrastructure in the Albury precinct includes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Unmarked cycling routes on road shoulders.</li> <li>Share paths on East Steet, Albury Station pedestrian bridge, Harold Mair and Borella Road.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Pedestrian infrastructure in the Albury precinct includes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Footpaths are present on most roads within the urban area of the Albury precinct and pedestrian crossings are provided at most signalised intersections.</li> <li>Pedestrian bridges including at East Street, Albury Station pedestrian bridge (ramps not provided), Amatex pedestrian bridge, Harold Mair bridge.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Greater Hume-Lockhart	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Minimal designated cycle infrastructure is provided within the Greater-Hume Lockhart precinct. In all areas the existing road lanes or shoulders may be used by cyclists;</li> <li>Footpaths and formal road crossings are generally only present in the vicinity of enhancement sites in urban areas. Where present they are generally on one side of the street and consist of concrete paths with kerb ramps. Streets through central commercial areas such as Sladen Street in Henty, Plunkett Street in Yerong Creek, and Urana Street in The Rock feature concrete paths on both sides of the street through the commercial areas. Outside of these commercial areas, unofficial pedestrian paths (i.e. not concrete or hardstand) are located on council verges.</li> </ul>
Wagga Wagga	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>There are a number of share use and dedicated bicycle paths located in Wagga Wagga. In all areas the existing road lanes or shoulders may be used by cyclists;</li> <li>Footpaths are present on most roads within the urban area of the Wagga Wagga precinct and pedestrian crossings are provided at most signalised intersections, and many un-signalised intersections;</li> <li>There are also several opportunities to cross the rail line at grade separated and level crossings and pedestrian overpasses as detailed below: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Yarragundry Street- Railway Level Crossing;</li> <li>Fernleigh Road- Railway Level Crossing;</li> <li>Pearson Street - Grade-separated – road over rail;</li> <li>Bourke/Docker Street - Railway Level Crossing;</li> <li>Cassidy Parade – Pedestrian Overpass;</li> <li>Edmondson Street - Grade-separated – road over rail;</li> <li>Wagga Wagga Station pedestrian bridge – Pedestrian overpass;</li> <li>Edward Street - Rail bridge over road/footpath.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Engagement with the South Wagga Public School has revealed Wagga Wagga Station pedestrian bridge connecting to Railway Street and Edmondson Street pedestrian path is particularly important to the community.</li> </ul>
Junee	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>A number of share use paths are located in Junee while no cycle infrastructure is provided in the Illabo or Harefield work sites;</li> <li>Footpaths are present on some of the major roads within the urban area of the Junee precinct. Typically, there is not provision of connected pedestrian infrastructure in the vicinity of enhancement sites in rural areas such as Harefield and Illabo;</li> <li>There are also several opportunities to cross the rail line at level crossings, and these locations are described below - <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Harefield Road - Railway Level Crossing;</li> <li>Olympic Highway (between Seigneur Street and Main Street) - Railway Level Crossing;</li> <li>Olympic Highway - Rail bridge over road/footpath;</li> </ul> </li> </ul>



Precinct	Active transport options
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Unnamed Road (near Waterworks Road at Marinna) - Railway Level Crossing;</li> <li>■ Brabins Road - Railway Level Crossing.</li> </ul>

## 4.7 Water based transport

No public or private water-based transport services operate on the Murray River within the study area; however, the Murray River is used for tourism and recreational purposes, with recreational users passing beneath the Murray River bridge. These potentially include:

- water ski school and users
- annual sporting events such as:
  - Murray River kayak race
  - Murray River long distance river swim
  - Frank Harrison Interstate Marathon Cup.
- commercial canoe kayak hire operators
- commercial river cruises
- private watercraft.

The river features several public and private jetties that allow users to access the river, including at the new Albury riverside precinct which was completed in July 2023 and Oddies Creek Park, both to the north of the Murray River bridge enhancement site. The river does not support public transport, trade, or shipping freight routes.



## 5 ENVIRONMENTAL ASPECTS AND IMPACTS - STAGE B

The following section summarises the existing traffic, transport and access activities within and adjacent to Stage B areas of the project. The key reference documents include:

- Chapter 9 of the EIS (Transport and Traffic);
- Technical Paper 1 of the EIS (Transport and Traffic);
- Appendix C of the PIR (Traffic and Transport);
- Appendix D of the PIR RtS (Traffic and Transport).

The assessment identified that during construction, Stage B of the project may affect the surrounding road network due to:

- Increase in heavy and light vehicle movements on access routes;
- Increase in traffic on surrounding roads that are not access routes due to overall increase in access into the town(s) with workers;
- Transport of heavy, oversize and overmass vehicles;
- Acceleration and deceleration of heavy vehicles;
- Surface roadworks requiring temporary traffic, cyclist and/or pedestrian diversions, road occupation and temporary road closures;
- Temporary changes to speed limits.

### 5.1 Traffic generating activities

Potential traffic and transport impacts attributable to Stage B works may include:

- Increased heavy vehicle volumes and associated impacts, including road deterioration and impacts to motorists;
- Potential interaction with pedestrians and cyclists when the haulage route is adjacent to active transport and shared user paths, and footpaths. Particularly in areas near education institutions, medical precincts, townships, main streets, sporting grounds and recreational facilities.
- Increased light vehicle volumes associated with workforce travel;
- Regional rail activities;
- Short term road closures and/or traffic restrictions and delays during the transport of oversize and heavy loads;
- Short term restrictions for properties.

The anticipated construction vehicle numbers for Stage B are overviewed in Table 9. These numbers are indicative and will be confirmed within the Precinct Traffic Management Plans (see Section 6.1).

It should be noted that vehicle numbers in Table 9 are likely to be the worst case/maximum vehicle numbers as assessed in the EAD, and the PTMPs will provide finer detail and more accurate vehicle numbers based on the detailed construction planning.

**TABLE 9 STAGE B CONSTRUCTION VEHICLE NUMBERS**

Enhancement sites	Vehicle type	EAD Peak hour movements (maximum one-way movements per peak hour)
Murray River bridge	Light vehicles	27
	Heavy vehicles	2
Albury Station pedestrian bridge	Light vehicles	13
	Heavy vehicles	8
Albury Yard clearances	Light vehicles	27
	Heavy vehicles	8
Riverina Highway bridge	Light vehicles	40



Enhancement sites	Vehicle type	EAD Peak hour movements (maximum one-way movements per peak hour)
	Heavy vehicles	10
Billy Hughes bridge	Light vehicles	47
	Heavy vehicles	10
Table Top clearances	Light vehicles	7
	Heavy Vehicles	2
Culcairn pedestrian bridge, Culcairn Yard clearances	Light vehicles	40
	Heavy Vehicles	8
Henty Yard clearances	Light vehicles	40
	Heavy Vehicles	8
Yerong Creek clearances	Light vehicles	40
	Heavy vehicles	8
The Rock Yard clearances	Light vehicles	7
	Heavy Vehicles	1
Uranquinty Yard clearances	Light vehicles	27
	Heavy Vehicles	8
Pearson Street bridge	Light vehicles	33
	Heavy vehicles	3
Cassidy Parade pedestrian bridge	Light vehicles	13
	Heavy vehicles	3
Edmondson Street bridge	Light vehicles	20
	Heavy vehicles	5
Wagga Wagga Station pedestrian bridge	Light vehicles	13
	Heavy vehicles	3
Wagga Wagga Yard clearances	Light vehicles	29
	Heavy vehicles	10
Wagga Wagga Yard clearances – Docker Street Gantry	Light vehicles	8
	Heavy vehicles	2



Enhancement sites	Vehicle type	EAD Peak hour movements (maximum one-way movements per peak hour)
Bomen Yard clearances	Light vehicles	27
	Heavy vehicles	8
Harefield Yard clearances	Light vehicles	47
	Heavy vehicles	8
Kemp Street bridge	Light vehicles	20
	Heavy vehicles	8
Junee Station pedestrian bridge	Light vehicles	7
	Heavy vehicles	1
Junee Yard clearances	Light vehicles	23
	Heavy vehicles	8
Olympic Highway underbridge	Light vehicles	53
	Heavy vehicles	8
Junee to Illabo clearances	Light vehicles	60
	Heavy vehicles	8



### 5.1.1 Cumulative Impacts

There is the potential for cumulative impacts associated with the adjacent Illabo to Stockinbingal (I2S) project in the Junee to Illabo precinct of the Project. However, due to the low volumes of additional construction traffic being generated, it is unlikely substantial impacts would occur as a result of cumulative impacts.

Regular weekly meetings are being held between the two contractor's Traffic Managers for the duration of the two Projects, and weekly forecasts are shared between the two Projects. Where potential cumulative impacts are identified within this forum, additional measures that may be considered include the following:

- Construction programs of either Project may be altered to reduce the potential for cumulative impacts.
- TGS's amended to consider any potential cumulative impacts.
- Additional stakeholder and community notification would be considered.

Consideration would be given to the following measures in the PTMPs and VMPs to assist in managing cumulative impacts:

- Use staging schedule to control the use of rail access points and limit required speed reductions.
- Use truck turning signage with supporting VMS to avoid the need for speed reductions where possible.
- Designate access points for certain types of construction plant? i.e. restrict HV access to a few accesses with supporting controls, with remaining access points limited to LV access only.
- Remove required traffic management controls outside of working hours / access times.
- Review to determine if a single speed reduction is appropriate to cover various access points in succession.

## 5.2 Intersection performance

Traffic intersection performance analysis has been undertaken to determine the potential impacts of construction traffic at key intersections in each precinct as part of the EAD. During Stage B intersection performance within all precincts, except for Wagga Wagga, is not expected to significantly deteriorate. Modelled intersections in all precincts, except for Wagga Wagga, are expected to continue to operate with stable flow conditions and an acceptable Level of Service (LoS), respectively, typically with no change to the existing LoS.

For the Wagga Wagga precinct, the PIR identified that a number of intersections in Wagga Wagga that show a degradation in the Level of Service as a result of the closure of the Edmonson Street bridge.

Modelled LoS are presented in the EAD, particularly EIS Technical Paper 1 (Transport and Traffic), PIR Appendix C Traffic and Transport, and PIR RtS Appendix D Traffic and Transport.

Network modelling undertaken as part of the Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) and the Preferred Infrastructure Report (PIR) and associated Response to Submissions Reports (RtS), identified key mitigation measures and the subsequent network impact. A summary of the modelling results is included in Section 6.4.1 of the TTAMR.

Further interrogation and analysis of the modelled mitigation measures have been undertaken against the future base scenario to identify and determine the criticality level of key intersections and warrant for further mitigation and management measures during the closure of Edmondson Street. The criticality of each key intersection has been assessed using the threshold levels detailed in Table 22 of the TTAMR.

The site criticality assessment outcomes are summarised in Tables 27 to 30 of the TTAMR. Table 27 and Table 29 of the TTAMR identify the modelled Level of Service for the AM and PM peak periods in the base case (no mitigation) and once the mitigations have been installed/implemented.

It is proposed that the target level of service of these critical intersections be consistent with the levels of service outlined in Tables 27 and 29 for the AM and PM peak periods respectively. Additional modelling is being carried out for the Edmondson Street bridge closure as part of the Wagga Wagga CTTAMR. The additional traffic modelling will help inform the proposed mitigation measures and the PTMP for Wagga Wagga.

## 5.3 Rail possessions

Rail possessions would occur throughout the project to allow for certain work to occur along the project alignment within the Rail Corridor. Rail possessions would occur as approved by ARTC.



## 5.4 Construction routes, access and parking

### 5.4.1 Construction routes and access

Temporary access tracks from public roads to construction compounds would be established, where required, for the duration of construction. All connections to public roads would be designed to the appropriate standard and would be approved by the appropriate road authority, where required. In some circumstances, a Works Authorisation Deed (WAD) from Transport may be required. The need for a WAD would be determined in consultation with TfNSW and identified in the PTMPs. Where appropriate temporary connections to public roads and temporary tracks would be removed when the access is no longer required. Construction routes and access points identified in the EAD have been replicated for Stage B enhancement sites in Table 10 and are shown in Figure 20 to Figure 39. These routes and access points will be confirmed in the Precinct Traffic Management Plans (see Section 6.1). The construction routes in these figures were identified in the EAD, while the 'proposed construction routes' have been identified in the construction planning phase of the Project. All construction routes will be assessed in detail as part of the PTMPs to ensure the routes are appropriate for heavy vehicle use.

**TABLE 10: CONSTRUCTION ROUTES AND ACCESS – STAGE B**

Precinct	Enhancement site	Construction access arrangements
Albury Precinct	Murray River bridge	Access would be from Townsend Street (unclassified Local Road), Olive Street (unclassified Local Road) and the Hume Highway (classified State Road). Other roads that may be used include Panmure Street, Atkins Street, Kiewa Street, Abercorn Road and East Street (unclassified Local Roads).
	Albury Station and surrounds	Access would be from Railway Parade (unclassified Local Road), Kenilworth Street (unclassified Local Road), Borella Road (classified State Road). Other roads that may be used to reach the site include Young Street (classified State Road), Schubach Street (unclassified Local Road), Hume Highway (classified State Road), Swift Street (unclassified local road) and Wilson Street (unclassified Local Road).
	Billy Hughes bridge	Access would be from Wagga Road (unclassified Local Road) and R W Henry Drive (unclassified Local Road). Other roads that may be used include the Hume Highway (classified State Road).
	Table Top Yard clearances	Access would be from Perryman Lane (unclassified Local Road). Tynan Road (unclassified Local Road) and the Hume Highway (classified State Road) would be used to reach Perryman Lane.
Hume-Lockhart Precinct	Culcairn	Access would be via Balfour Street (classified Regional Road) and Railway Parade North (unclassified Local Road). Other roads that may be used include the Olympic Highway (classified State Road) and Melville Street (classified State Road).
	Henty Yard clearances	Access would be via Sladen Street (unclassified Local Road). Access to the southern gantry would be via Railway Parade (classified State Road). Other roads that may be used include Rosler Parade, Allan Street and Ivor Street (unclassified Local Roads).
	Yerong Creek Yard clearances	Access would be via Plunkett Street and Finlayson Street (unclassified Local Roads). Access would also be via the Olympic Highway (classified State Road) and Cole Street (unclassified Local Road).



Precinct	Enhancement site	Construction access arrangements
	The Rock Yard clearances	Access would be via Urana Street (classified Regional/unclassified Local Road). The Olympic Highway (classified State Road) would be used to reach Urana St.
Wagga Wagga Precinct	Uranquinty	Access would be via Hanging Rock Road (unclassified Local Road), Olympic Highway (classified State Road) and Yarragundry Street (unclassified Local Road). Other roads that may be used include Morgan Street (classified State Road).
	Pearson Street bridge	Access would be via Urana Street (unclassified Local Road) near the rail corridor. Access to the rail corridor from the north would be via an internal access road from Cheshire Street (unclassified Local Road). Other roads that may be used include the Sturt Highway and Olympic Highway (classified State Roads), Bourke Street (classified regional road), Pearson Street, Dobney Avenue, Alan Turner Depot access road Fernleigh Road, , Tobruk Street, Ashmont Avenue, Glenfield Road, Red Hill Road, Vincent Road, Kyeamba Avenue, Mitchell Road, Ashfords Road, Copland Street, Tasman Road, Eunony Bridge Road, Byrnes Road and Merino Road (unclassified Local Roads).
	Cassidy Parade pedestrian bridge	Access from the north would be via Sturt Highway (classified State Road), Brookong Avenue (unclassified Local Road) and Donnelly Avenue/Fox Street (unclassified Local Roads). Access from the south would be via Cassidy Parade (unclassified Local Road) or Norman Street and Kildare Street (unclassified Local Roads). Other roads that may be used include Olympic Highway (classified State Roads), Edmondson Street, Coleman Street, Erin Street, Macleay Street, Railway Street, Lake Albert Road, Docker Street, Urana Street, Chaston Street, Mitchelmore Street, Pearson Street, Dobney Avenue, Fernleigh Road, Bourke Street (classified regional road), Tobruk Street, Ashmont Avenue, Glenfield Road, Red Hill Road, Vincent Road, Kyeamba Avenue, Mitchell Road, Ashfords Road, Copland Street, Tasman Road, Eunony Bridge Road, Byrnes Road and Merino (unclassified Local Roads).
	Edmondson Street bridge and Wagga Wagga Station	Access from the north would be from Sturt Highway (classified State Road), Best Street and Little Best Street (unclassified Local Roads) or Station Place (unclassified Local Road). Access from the south includes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Edmondson Street (unclassified Local Road);</li> <li>Mount Erin Heritage Centre driveway off Edmondson Street (driveway is an unclassified Local Road);</li> <li>Railway Street (unclassified Local Road) at the northern end of MacLeay Street (unclassified Local Road).</li> </ul> Other roads that may be used include the Sturt Highway and Olympic Highway (classified State Roads), Other roads that may be used include Olympic Highway (classified State Roads), Edmondson Street, Coleman Street, Erin Street, Macleay Street, Railway Street, Lake Albert Road, Docker Street, Urana Street, Chaston Street, Mitchelmore Street, Pearson Street, Dobney Avenue, Fernleigh Road, Bourke Street (classified regional road), Tobruk Street, Ashmont Avenue, Glenfield Road, Red Hill Road, Vincent Road,



Precinct	Enhancement site	Construction access arrangements
		Kyeamba Avenue, Mitchell Road, Ashfords Road, Copland Street, Tasman Road, Eunony Bridge Road, Byrnes Road and Merino Road (unclassified Local Roads).
	Bomen Yard	Access would be via Byrnes Road, Bomen Road and Dampier Drive (unclassified Local Road). Other roads that may be used include Merino Road, Dorset Drive, (unclassified Local Road).
Junee Precinct	Harefield Yard clearances	Access would be via Byrnes Road (unclassified Regional Road) and a private access road off Harefield Road (unclassified Local Road). Junee Harefield Road (unclassified Local Road) may also be used by construction vehicles.
	Junee Station and surrounds – including the Kemp Street Bridge site.	Access would be from the Edgar Street (unclassified Local/Regional Road) from the east and the Olympic Highway (Kemp Street and Seignior Street) (classified State Roads) from the west. Other roads that may be used include Rail Parade (unclassified Local Road), Thomas Street (unclassified Local Road), Railway Lane (unclassified Local Road), Harold Street (unclassified Local Road), Hill Street (unclassified Local Road), Lorne Street (unclassified Regional Road), Ducker Street (unclassified Local Road), Joffre Street (unclassified Local Road), Pretoria Avenue (unclassified Local Road), Humphreys Street (unclassified Regional Road), Main Street (unclassified Regional Road) and Olympic Highway (classified State Road).
	Olympic Highway underbridge	Access would be via Illabo Road (unclassified Local/ classified State Road), Olympic Highway (classified State Road) and Regent Street (unclassified Local Road) from the east and Main Street (classified State Road) near the Olympic Highway from the west.
	Junee to Illabo clearances	Access would be via several locations along the Olympic Highway (classified State Road) including at level crossings and culvert works locations. Access in Illabo would be via Crowther Street (unclassified Local Road) and Turland Street/Olympic Hwy (classified State Road). Brabins Road (unclassified Local Road) and Waterworks Road (unclassified Local Road) may also be used.



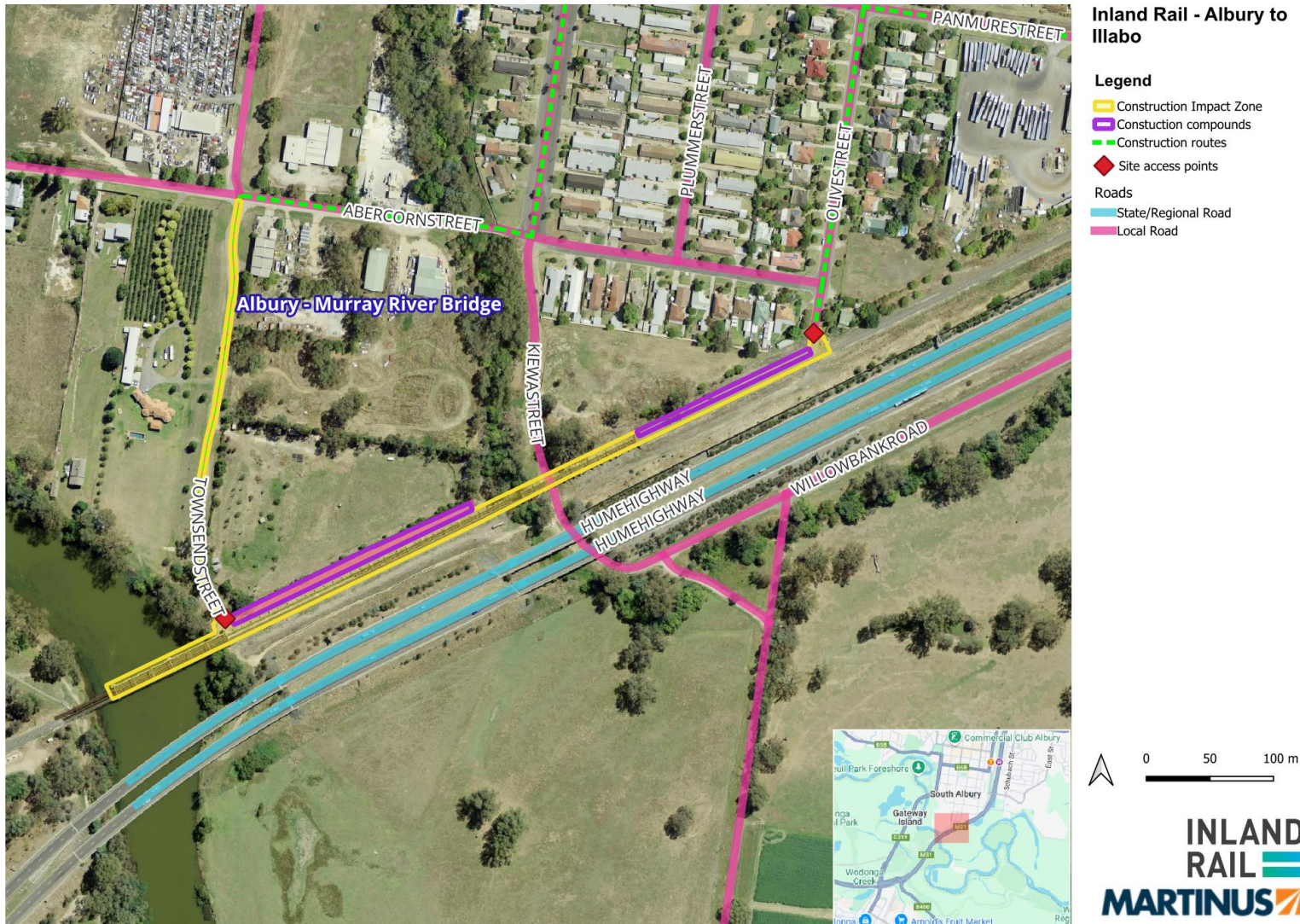


FIGURE 20 MURRAY RIVER BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION ROUTES





FIGURE 21 ALBURY STATION AND SURROUNDS CONSTRUCTION ROUTES



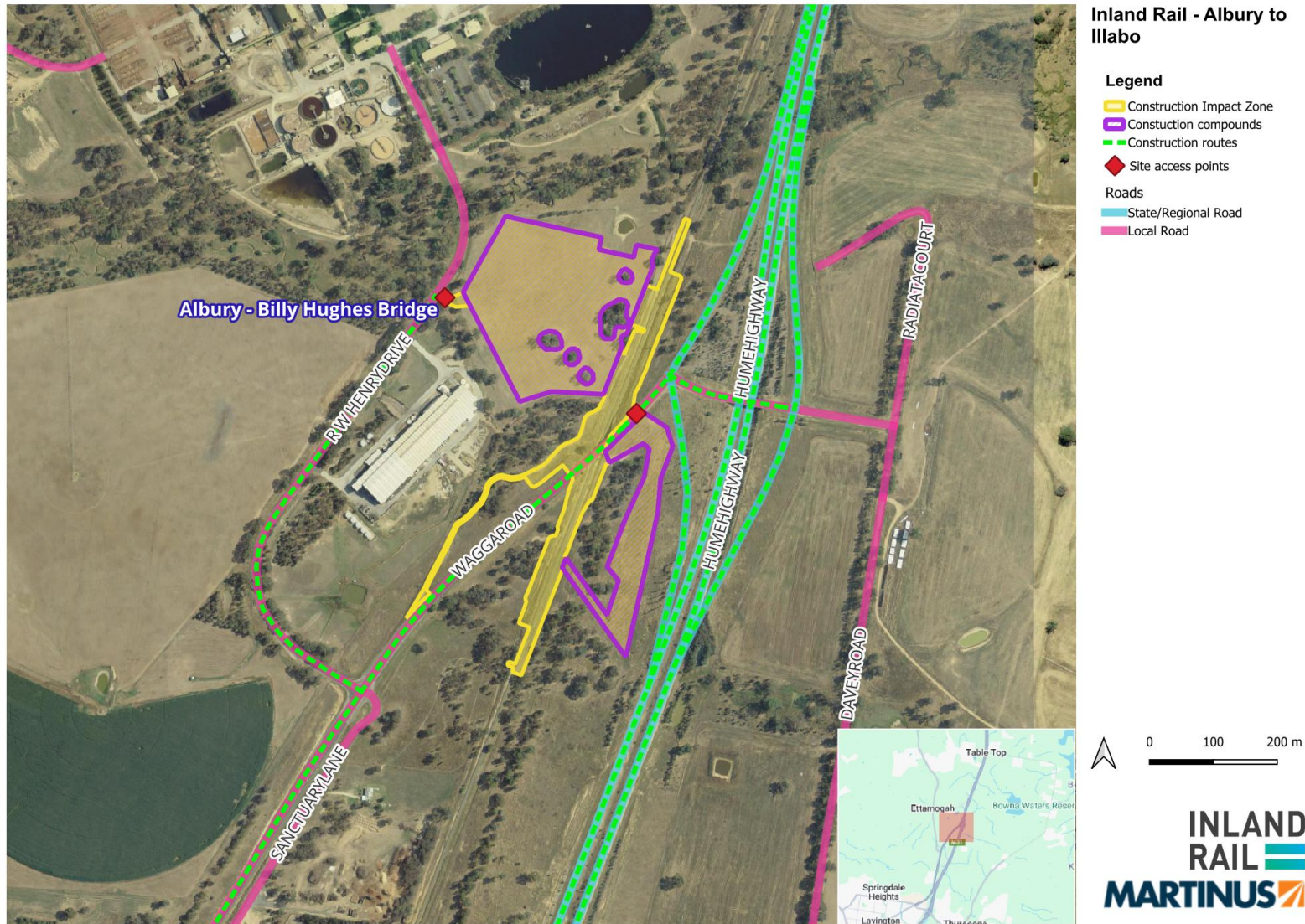


FIGURE 22 BILLY HUGHES BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION ROUTES





FIGURE 23 TABLE TOP CONSTRUCTION ROUTES







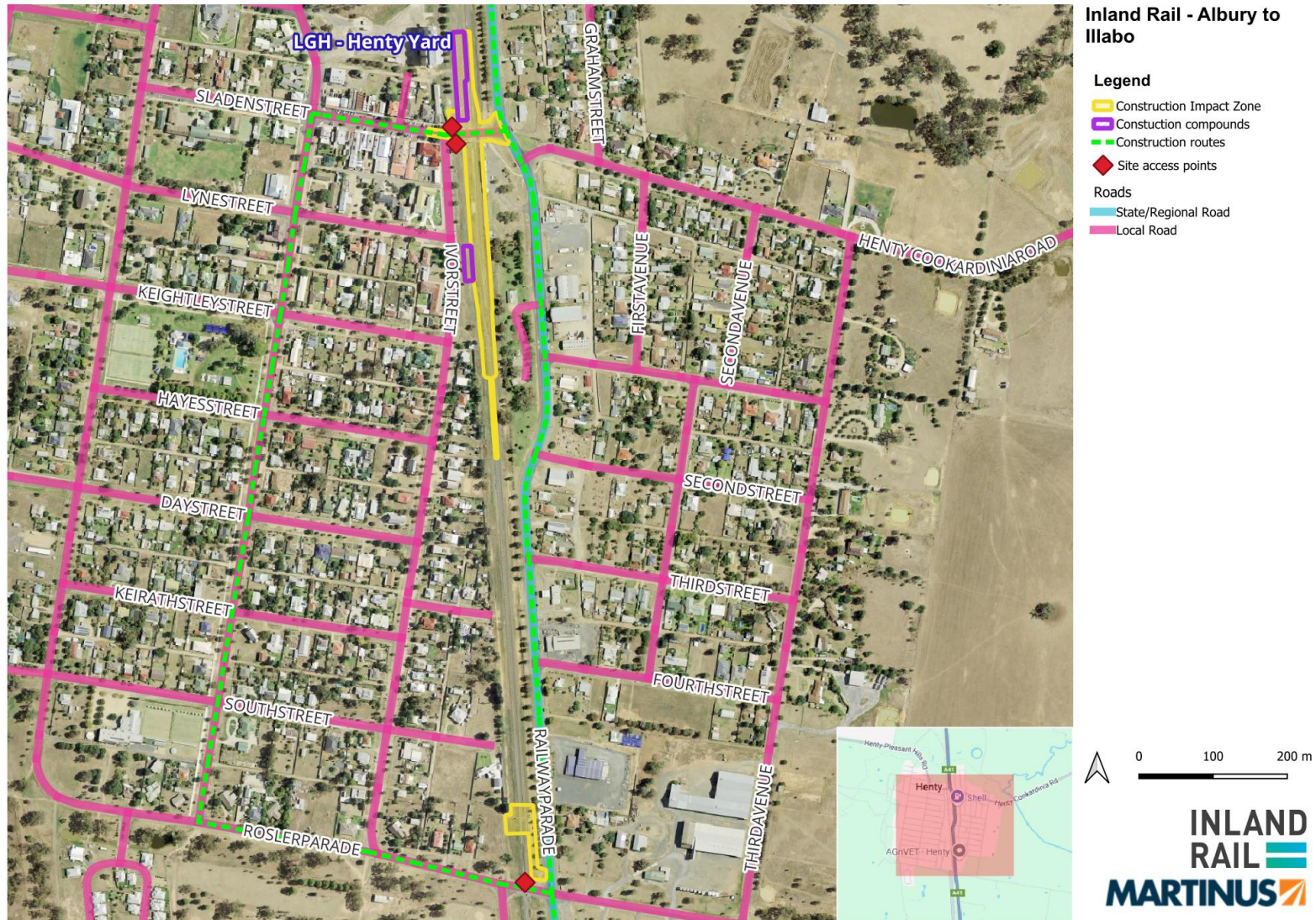


FIGURE 25 HENTY YARD CONSTRUCTION ROUTES





FIGURE 26 YERONG CREEK CONSTRUCTION ROUTES



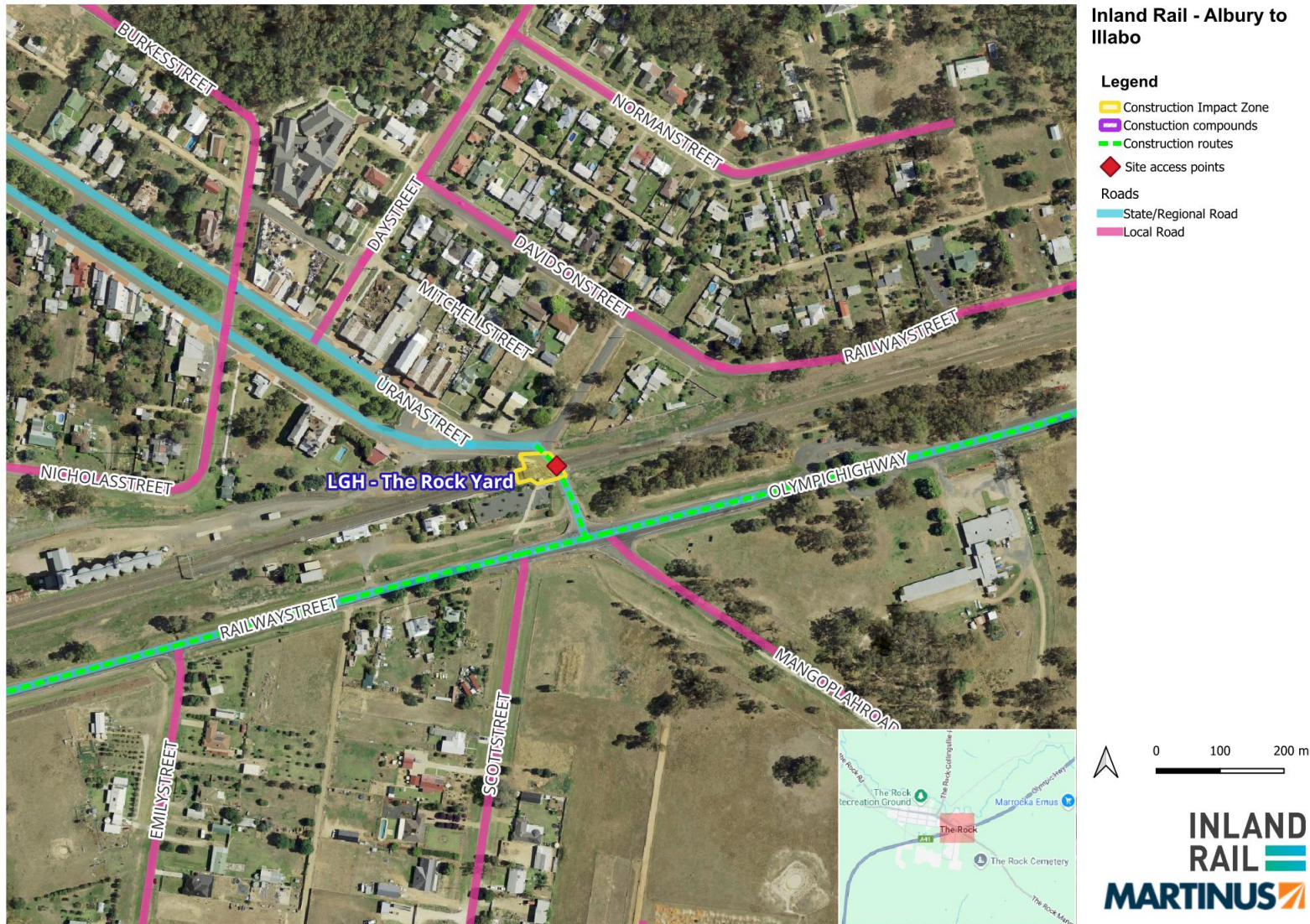


FIGURE 27 THE ROCK CONSTRUCTION ROUTES







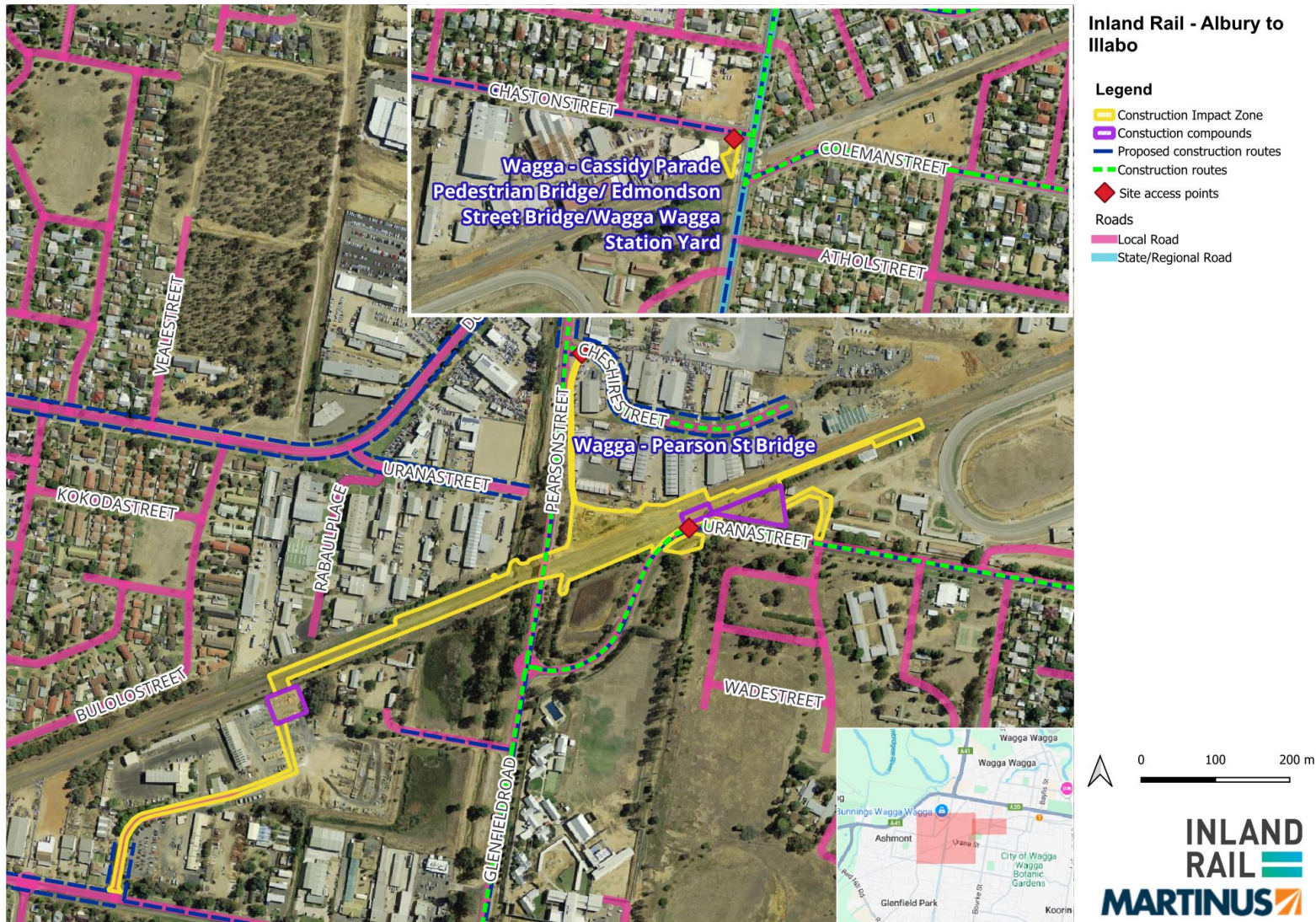


FIGURE 29 PEARSON STREET BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION ROUTES



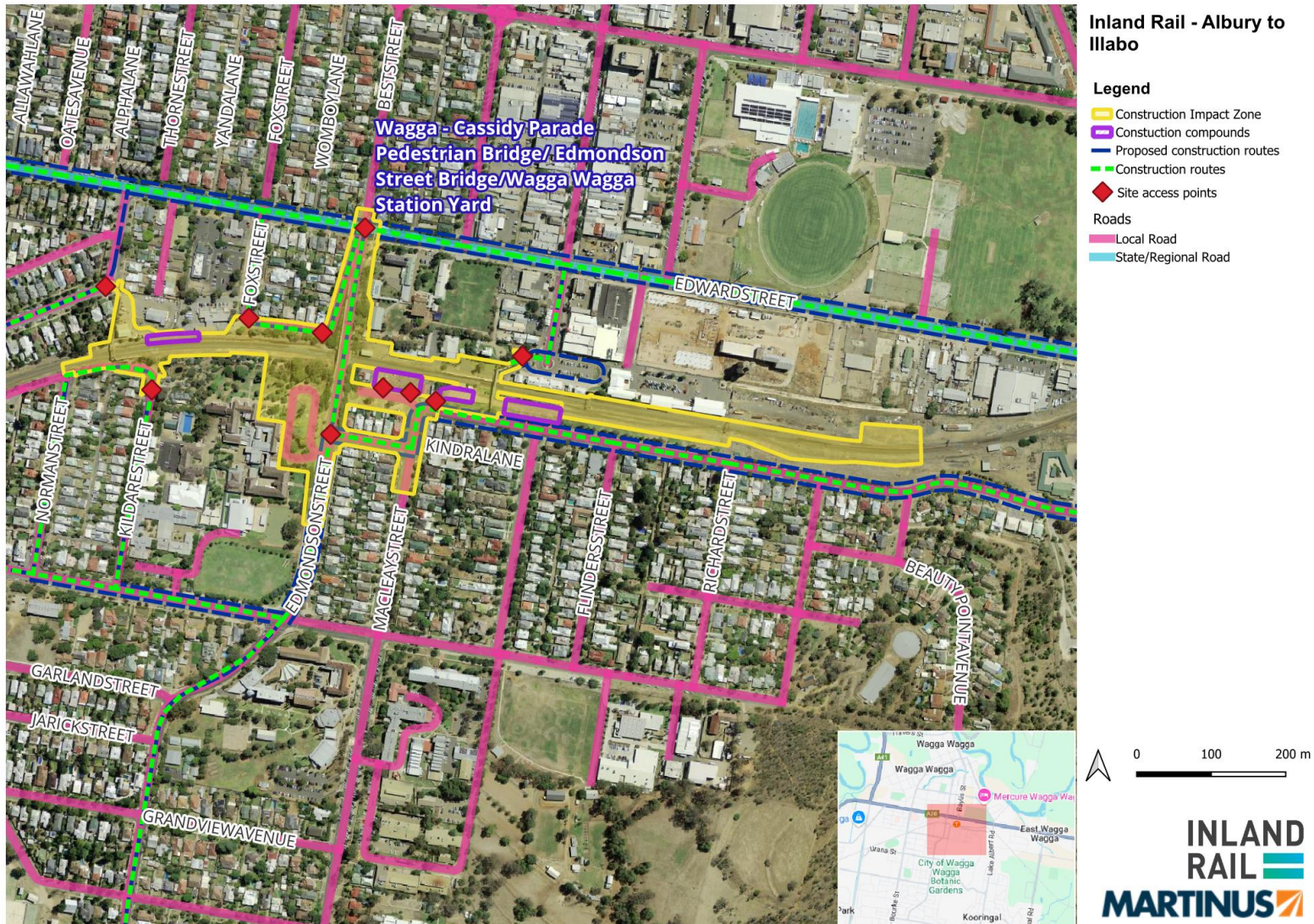


FIGURE 30 WAGGA WAGGA AND SURROUNDS CONSTRUCTION ROUTES



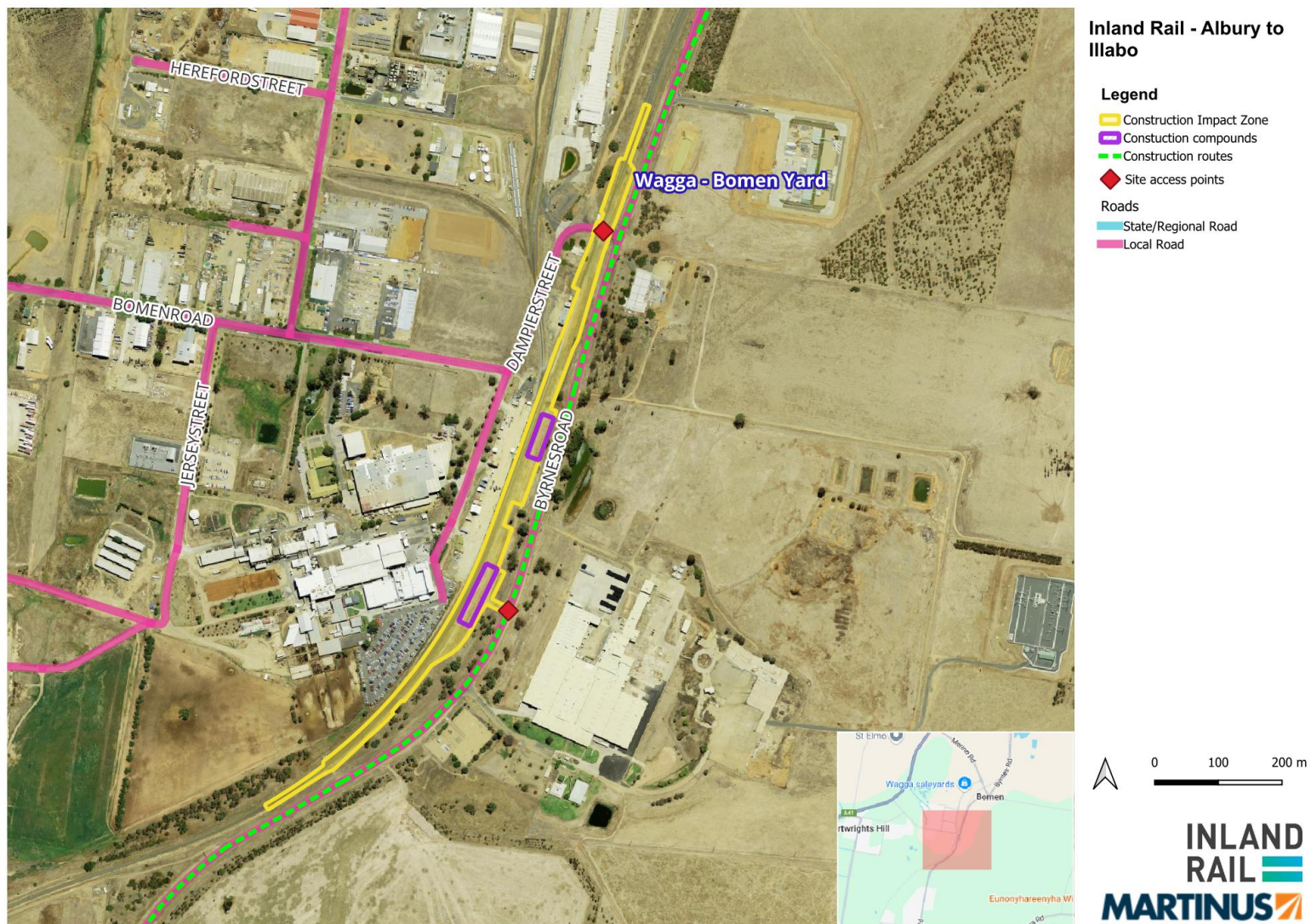


FIGURE 31 BOMEN YARD CONSTRUCTION ROUTES



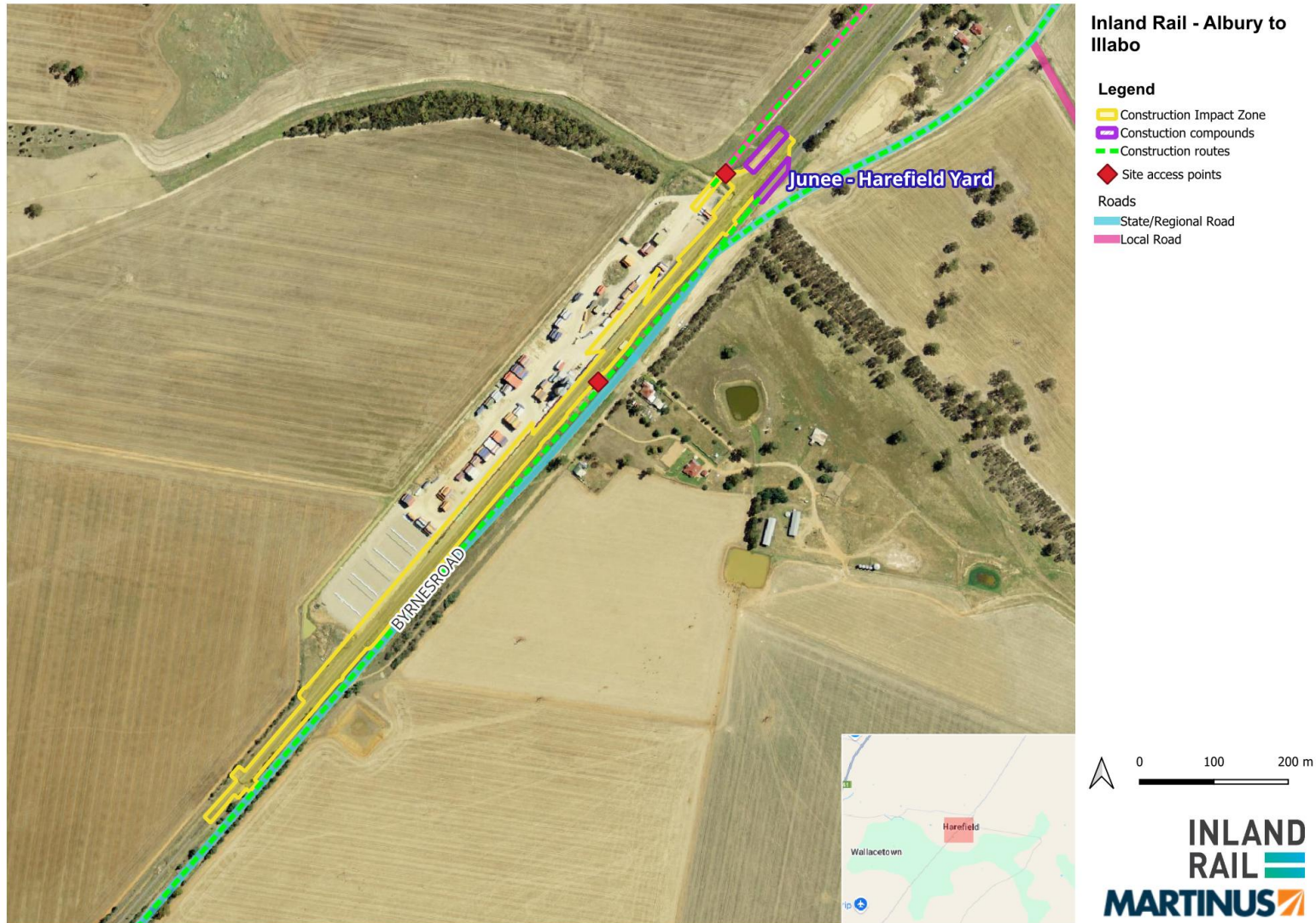


FIGURE 32 HAREFIELD YARD CONSTRUCTION ROUTES





FIGURE 33 JUNEES STATION AND SURROUNDS CONSTRUCTION ROUTES





FIGURE 34 OLYMPIC HIGHWAY CONSTRUCTION ROUTES (1 OF 2)



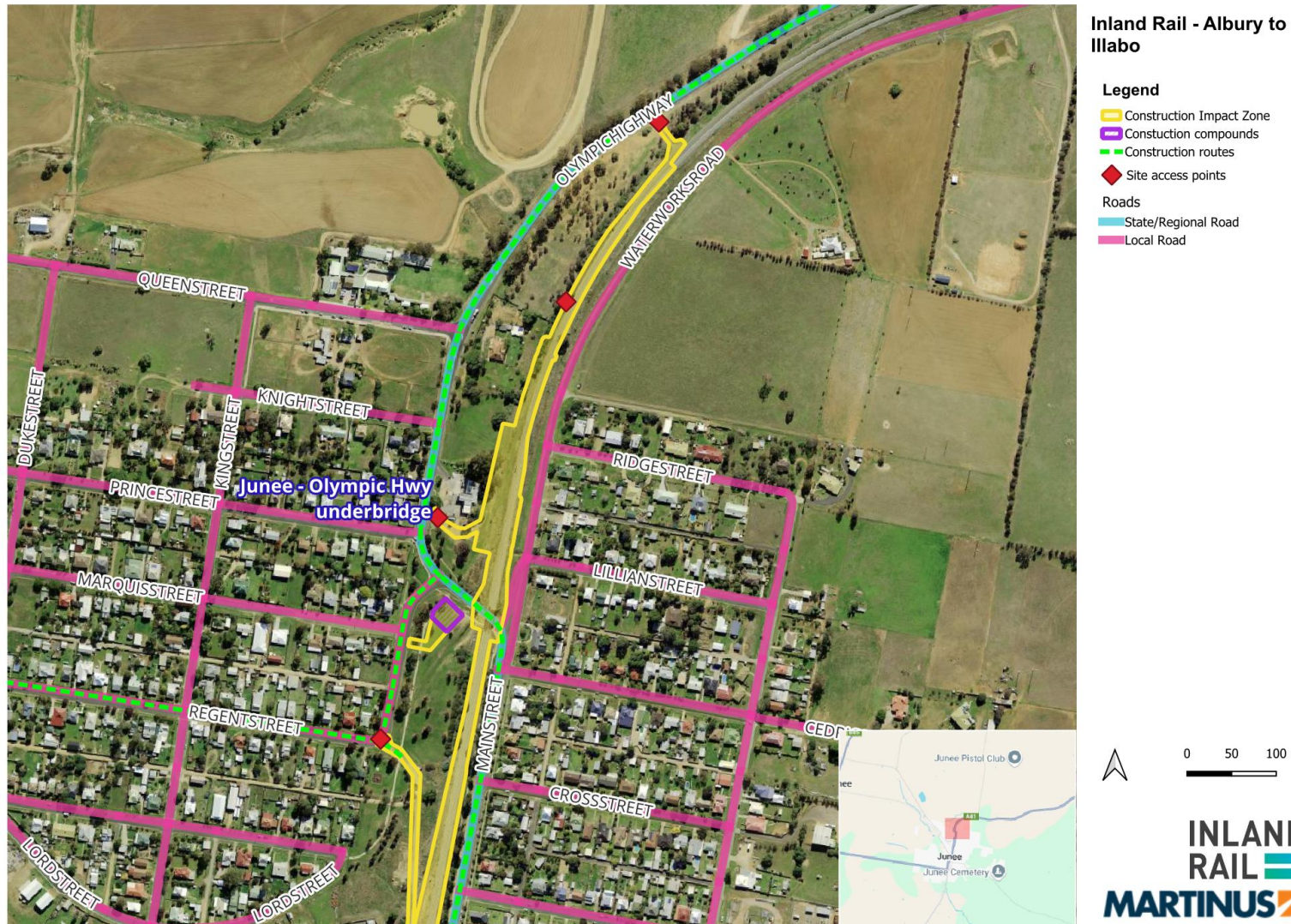


FIGURE 35 OLYMPIC HIGHWAY CONSTRUCTION ROUTES (2 OF 2)





FIGURE 36 JUNEES TO ILLABO CLEARANCES CONSTRUCTION ROUTES



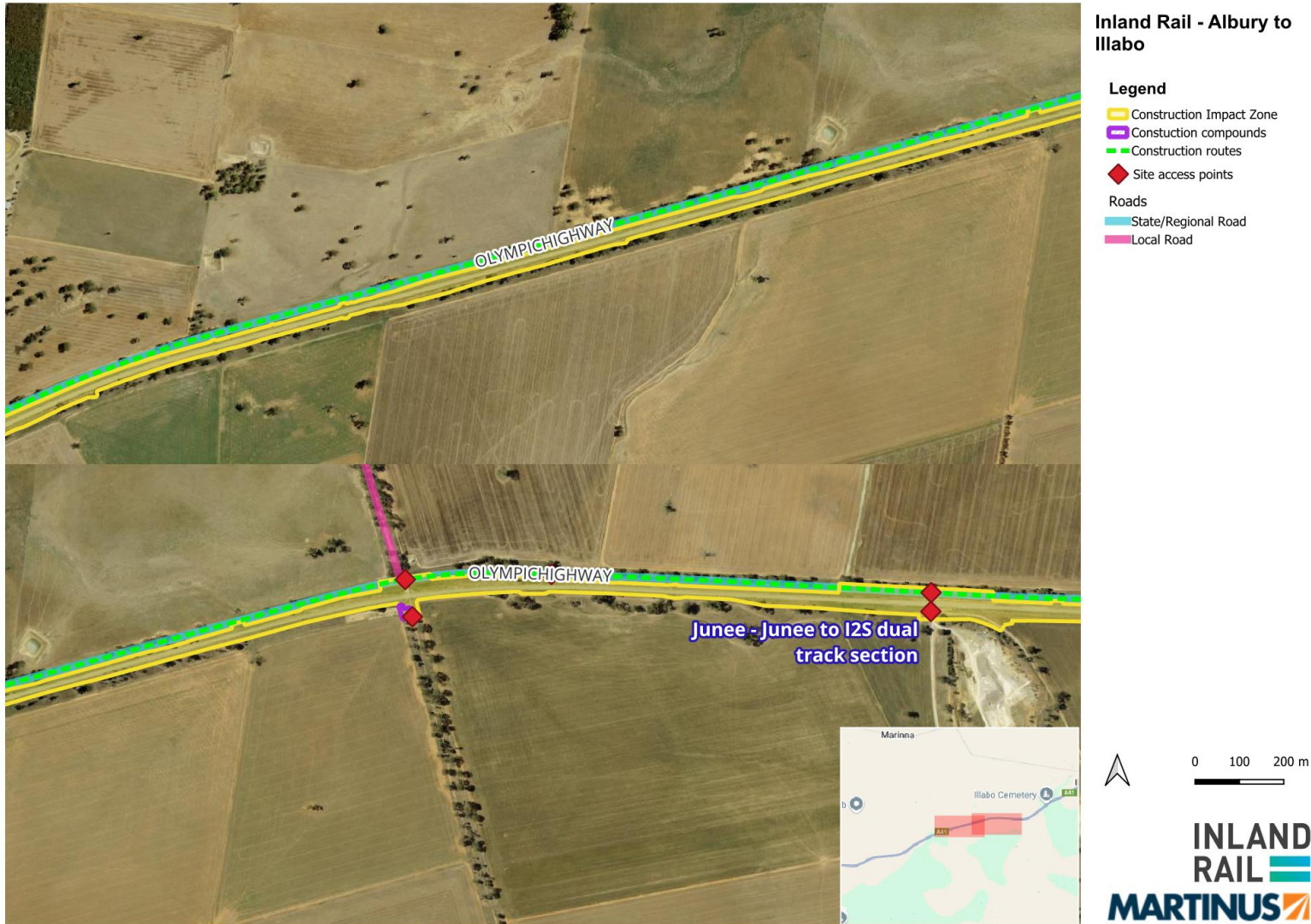


FIGURE 37 JUNEES TO ILLABO CLEARANCES CONSTRUCTION ROUTES



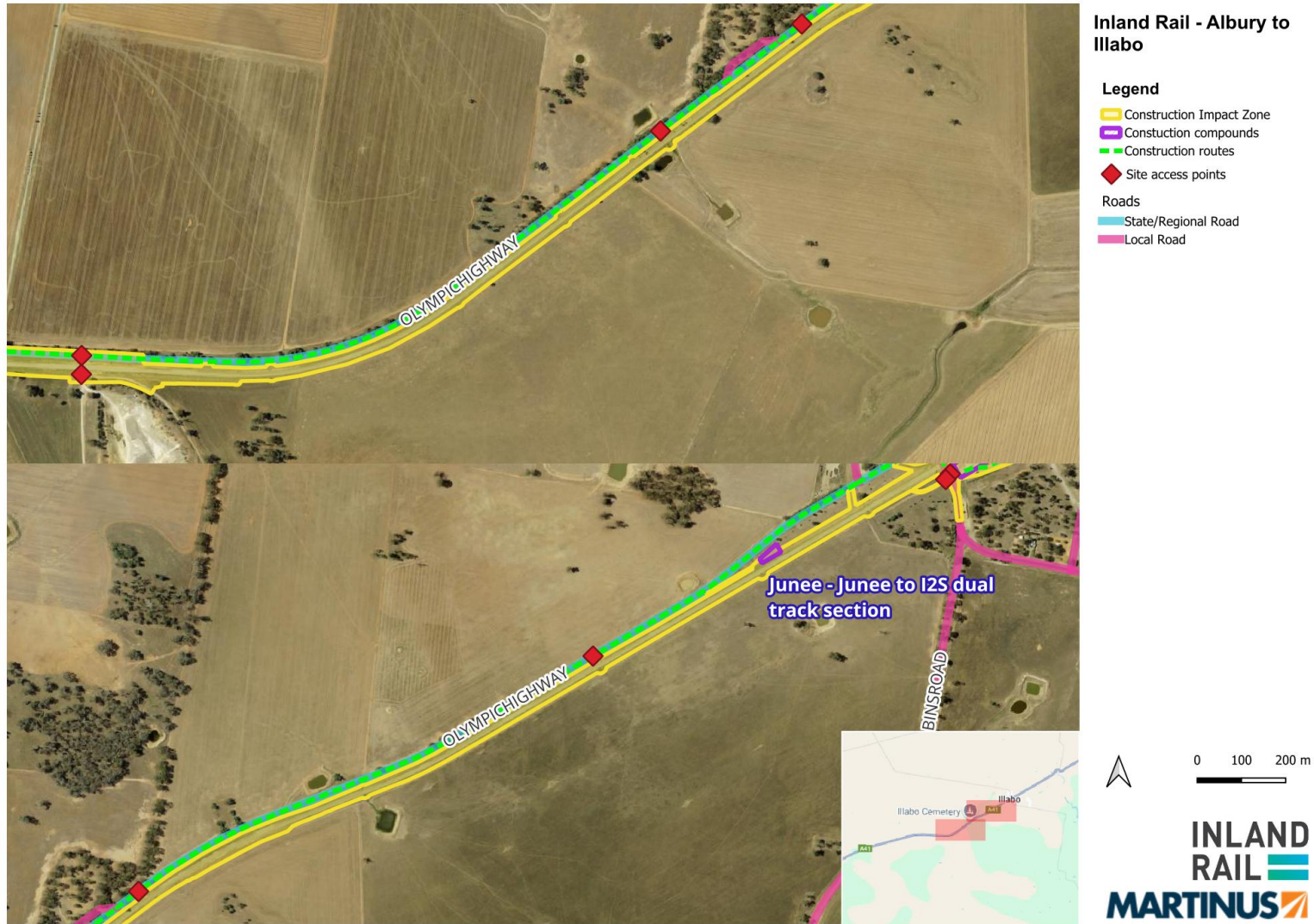


FIGURE 38 JUNE TO ILLABO CLEARANCES CONSTRUCTION ROUTES



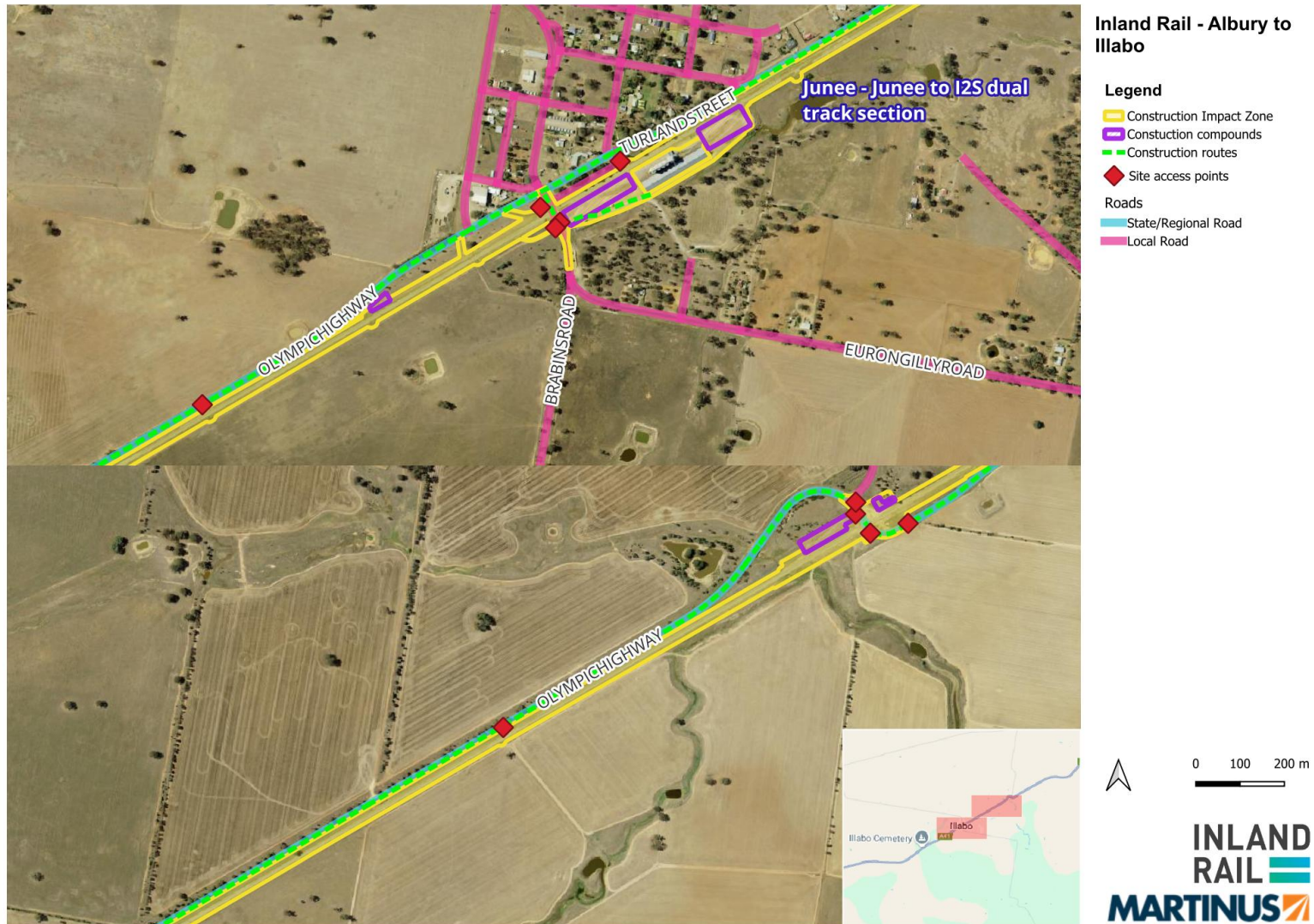


FIGURE 39 JUNE TO ILLABO CLEARANCES CONSTRUCTION ROUTES



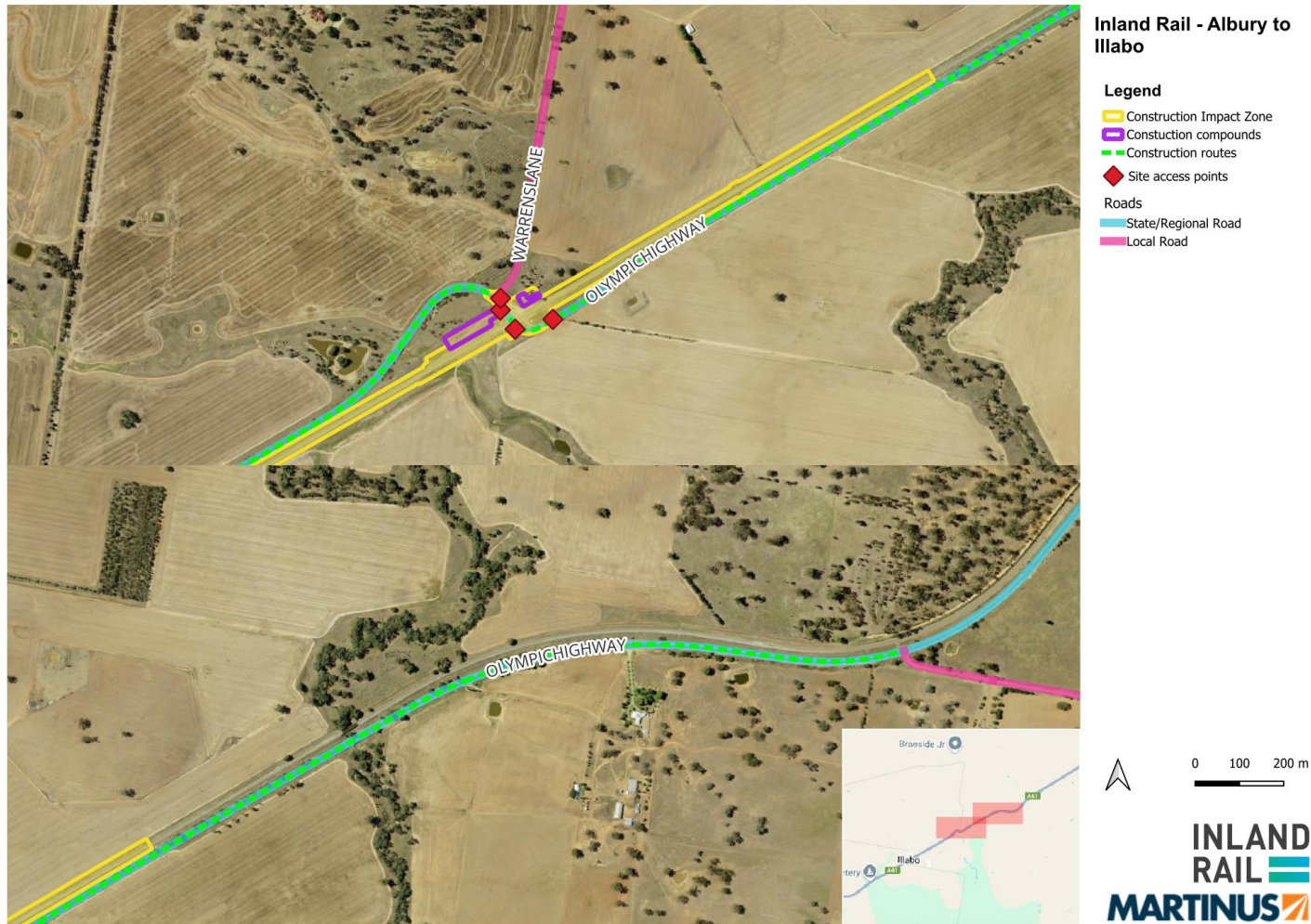


FIGURE 40 JUNE TO ILLABO CLEARANCES CONSTRUCTION ROUTES



## 5.4.2 Parking

Parking for construction workers and laydown areas for unloading of heavy vehicles would generally be provided within the enhancement sites and would not impact existing parking facilities unless they are co-located within these areas. During rail possessions, when the number of workers would likely peak, there may be a need for temporary use of on street and roadside parking due to traffic control and the increase of heavy vehicles on the local road network, which would be managed in line with the PTMP.

The potential parking impacts identified in the EAD for each enhancement site have been summarised within Table and will be confirmed within the PTMPs.

Where parking spaces are expected to be affected by the project, impacts are anticipated to be minimal as it is considered that there would be sufficient capacity to absorb the temporary loss of parking. The construction workforce will comprise construction personnel, subcontractors, engineers, and functional and administrative staff.

**TABLE 11: SUMMARY OF ANTICIPATED PARKING IMPACTS – STAGE B**

Enhancement sites	Vehicle type	Parking impacts
Murray River bridge	Light vehicles	Parking for construction workers and laydown areas for unloading of heavy vehicles at the Murray River bridge enhancement site would be provided within the proposal site and so would have minimal impact to existing on-street parking or public parking facilities. No heavy vehicles would access site beyond those necessary to complete the necessary grading works. Any minor impacts to parking due to traffic control or site accesses on the local road network would be managed in line with the Precinct Traffic Management Plan (PTMP).
	Heavy Vehicles	
Albury Station and surrounds	Light vehicles	<p>Parking for construction workers and laydown areas for unloading of heavy vehicles would be provided within the project site, and not impact existing parking facilities unless located within this area.</p> <p>Additional off-street parking in a hardstand area at the end of Swift Street is being investigated with Albury City Council and ARTC (the landowner) as part of detailed consultation.</p> <p>The project site does not include use of parking spaces within the Albury precinct, with the exception of Albury Station and surrounds (including the Albury Station pedestrian bridge, Albury Yard clearances and Riverina Highway bridge enhancement sites).</p> <p>Public parking near Albury Station, on Smollett Street and Railway Place, would be impacted during construction at these enhancement sites, including a loss of 14 designated spaces and 13 informal spaces for a period of up to six months. A total of 114 designated parking spaces would remain available within the Albury Station carpark.</p> <p>A review of surrounding streets, including Young Street, which contains parking about 200 m from Albury Station, indicated there is generally parking available to accommodate the loss of 27 spaces. As most local roads in the area permit kerbside parking, it is considered that there would be sufficient capacity to absorb the temporary loss of parking, with only minor delays for travel to Albury Station.</p>
	Heavy Vehicles	



Enhancement sites	Vehicle type	Parking impacts
		Any minor impacts to parking due to traffic control or site accesses on the local road network would be managed in line with the Precinct Traffic Management Plan (PTMP).
Billy Hughes bridge	Light vehicles	Parking for construction workers and laydown areas for unloading of heavy vehicles at the Billy Hughes bridge enhancement site would be provided within the construction site area and so would have minimal impact to existing parking facilities. Any minor impacts to parking due to traffic control or site accesses on the local road network would be managed in line with the PTMP.
	Heavy Vehicles	
Table Top Clearances	Light vehicles	Parking for construction workers and laydown areas for unloading of heavy vehicles at the Table Top Yard clearances enhancement site would generally be provided within the enhancement site and so would have minimal impact to existing parking facilities. Some parking may occur on Perryman Road, however any impacts to would be temporary in nature due to traffic control. siteSite access on the local road network would be managed in line with the PTMP.
	Heavy Vehicles	
Culcairn	Light vehicles	Parking for construction workers and laydown areas for unloading of heavy vehicles at the Culcairn pedestrian bridge and Yard clearances enhancement sites would be provided within the construction site area and so would have minimal impact to existing parking facilities. Any minor impacts to parking due to traffic control or site accesses on the local road network would be managed in line with the PTMP.
	Heavy Vehicles	
Henty Yard clearances	Light vehicles	Parking for construction workers and laydown areas for unloading of heavy vehicles at the Henty Yard clearances enhancement site would be provided within the construction site area and so would have minimal impact to existing parking facilities. Any minor impacts to parking due to traffic control or site accesses on the local road network would be managed in line with the PTMP.
	Heavy Vehicles	
Yerong Creek Clearances	Light vehicles	Parking for construction workers and laydown areas for unloading of heavy vehicles at the Yerong Creek Yard clearances enhancement site would be provided within the construction site area and so would have minimal impact to existing parking facilities. Any minor impacts to parking due to traffic control or site accesses on the local road network would be managed in line with the PTMP.
	Heavy vehicles	
The Rock Yard clearances	Light vehicles	Parking for construction workers and laydown areas for unloading of heavy vehicles at The Rock Yard clearances enhancement site would be provided within the construction site area and so would have minimal impact to existing parking facilities. Any minor impacts to parking due to traffic control or site accesses on the local road network would be managed in line with the PTMP.
	Heavy Vehicles	
Uranquinty Yard	Light vehicles	



Enhancement sites	Vehicle type	Parking impacts
	Heavy Vehicles	Parking for construction workers and laydown areas for unloading of heavy vehicles at the Uranquinty Yard clearances enhancement site would be provided within the construction site area and so would have minimal impact to existing parking facilities. Any minor impacts to parking due to traffic control or site accesses on the local road network would be managed in line with the PTMP.
Wagga Wagga and surrounds	Light vehicles	Minor impacts to parking are anticipated around enhancement sites in the Wagga Wagga precinct, with the exception of Edmondson Street bridge and the potential impacts associated with the implementation of mitigation measures.
	Heavy vehicles	<p>During the closure of Edmondson Street, existing school drop-off areas on Edmondson Street adjacent to Kildare Catholic College would remain viable as parents would be able to drop off their children and undertake a U-turn on the eastern and western side of Edmondson Street, controlled by onsite traffic management. Access to the Mount Erin Heritage Centre car park would be maintained during construction.</p> <p>Parking on Edmondson Street between Edward Street and Erin Street is largely restricted and, therefore, the Edmondson Street closure would have minimal impact in this area. The closure of Erin Street would remove two kerbside parking spaces on Erin Street for the duration of construction. Informal parking on the verge of the eastern side and kerbside parking on the western side of Little Best Street, within the enhancement site, would also be restricted during this period. In both locations the surrounding residential areas are predominantly low-density housing with off-street parking available. Review of aerial imagery of the area suggests that demand for on-street parking is relatively low in the surrounding streets as most residences have off-street parking in the area; therefore, there is low demand for parking and there is kerbside parking capacity to absorb the minor temporary parking losses.</p> <p>Access to parking for the Multicultural Council of Wagga Wagga, located adjacent to the Wagga Wagga Station, would be impacted for approximately two days for lifting of construction materials during the replacement of the pedestrian bridge. Off-street parking in Wagga Wagga Station would not be impacted; however, traffic management would be in place for road users entering and exiting the carpark.</p> <p>Parking will also be impacted as a result of the outcomes of the Wagga Wagga Traffic, Transport and Access Mitigation Report. Where this is required, any temporary parking removal would be agreed in consultation with Wagga Wagga City Council and TfNSW and be managed in accordance with the Mitigation Report and the Wagga Wagga PTMP.</p>



Enhancement sites	Vehicle type	Parking impacts
		Any minor impacts to parking due to traffic control or site accesses on the local road network would be managed in line with the Precinct Traffic Management Plan (PTMP).
Bomen Yard	Light vehicles	Parking for construction workers and laydown areas for unloading of heavy vehicles at the Bomen Yard clearances enhancement site would be provided within the construction site area and so would have minimal impact to existing parking facilities. Any minor impacts to parking due to traffic control or site accesses on the local road network would be managed in line with the PTMP.
	Heavy vehicles	
Edmondson Street bridge	Light vehicles	Internal at enhancement site
	Heavy vehicles	
Harefield Yard	Light vehicles	Parking for construction workers and laydown areas would be provided for unloading of heavy vehicles at the Harefield Yard clearances enhancement site within the construction site area and so would have minimal impact to existing parking facilities. There may be minor isolated impacts to parking due to traffic control and the increase of heavy vehicles on the local road network, which would be managed in line with the PTMP.
	Heavy vehicles	
Junee Station and surrounds	Light vehicles	<p>Parking for construction workers and laydown areas would be provided for unloading of heavy vehicles at the Kemp Street bridge enhancement site within the construction site area and so would have minimal impact to existing parking facilities.</p> <p>During the program of works at the Junee Station pedestrian bridge enhancement site a portion of the Lorne Street carpark and kerbside parking on Railway Square is expected to be impacted due to the establishment of a site access and equipment set up in these locations.</p> <p>Several (up to 9) 45° angle car parking spots will be required to be removed to facilitate the extension of the right-hand turn bay on Seignior Street on the approach to the Broadway Roundabout. Several 45° angle car parks will remain available along this kerb between Gaba Tepe Avenue and the Broadway roundabout. Additional alternate parking is also available on Gaba Tepe Avenue, Broadway, and further to the south along Seignior Street.</p> <p>There may be other minor isolated impacts to parking due to traffic control and the increase of heavy vehicles on the local road network. A review of aerial imagery of the area suggests that in all locations demand for on-street parking would be relatively low in the surrounding streets, as the areas feature low-density residential premises with space for private off-street parking. There is also kerbside parking capacity nearby to absorb the temporary parking losses.</p>
	Heavy vehicles	
Olympic Highway underbridge	Light vehicles	



Enhancement sites	Vehicle type	Parking impacts
	Heavy vehicles	Parking for construction workers and laydown areas would be provided for unloading of heavy vehicles at the Olympic Highway underbridge enhancement site within the construction site area and so would have minimal impact to existing parking facilities. There may be minor isolated impacts to parking due to traffic control and the increase of heavy vehicles on the local road network, which would be managed in line with the PTMP.
Junee to Illabo clearances	Light vehicles	Parking for construction workers and laydown areas would be provided for unloading of heavy vehicles at the Junee to Illabo clearances enhancement site within the construction site area and so would have minimal impact to existing parking facilities. There may be minor isolated impacts to parking due to traffic control and the increase of heavy vehicles on the local road network, which would be managed in line with the PTMP.
	Heavy vehicles	

### 5.4.3 Diversions

The EAD highlights the need for diversions during construction of the project due to the closure of certain roads. The diversions identified in the EAD are contained in Table 12. The details of these diversions including duration, timing and routes will be confirmed within the Precinct Traffic Management Plans (see Section 6.1). Where diversions differ from those identified in EAD, these diversions will be included in the Precinct Traffic Management Plans.

Diversions for active transport users are outlined in Section 5.6.

**TABLE 12 EAD IDENTIFIED DIVERSIONS**

Precinct	Diversions
Albury	No road closures or diversions are proposed for construction within the Albury precinct.
Greater-Hume Lockhart	One road closure and diversion at Henty Yard clearances is required. Construction at the Sladen Street rail level crossing would require a short-term road closure. The closure would require vehicles to be diverted to the rail level crossing on Rosler Parade, located around 1 km to the south, via the Olympic Highway on the eastern side of the rail line and via Allan Street on the western side of the rail line.
Wagga Wagga	<p>The reconstruction of the Edmondson Street bridge would require a road closure on both Edmondson Street and Erin Street. The traffic diversion resulting from this closure will be identified in the Wagga Wagga Traffic, Transport and Access Mitigation Report and subsequently in the Wagga Wagga PTMP for Stage B.</p> <p>The Mitigation Report and PTMP will be developed in consultation with Wagga Wagga City Council and TfNSW; and be approved by the Planning Secretary in accordance with CoA E136 and E137, as described in Section 6.1 of this Plan.</p> <p>No long-term diversions are expected for any other work within the Wagga Wagga precinct. Short-term interruptions may be required to facilitate site access, which would be managed using local traffic management measures and controls.</p>
Junee	<p>As a result of construction in the Junee precinct, the following road diversions would be required:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Kemp Street bridge (closure of Kemp Street): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Kemp Street bridge LV traffic diverted via Joffre Street, ANZAC Avenue, Seignior Street, Lorne Street, Ducker Street, Hill Street, George Street and Edgar Street.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>



	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>traffic on Seignior Street was identified to be diverted via Joffre Street and Pretoria Avenue in the EAD, however, alternative diversions are currently being investigated, such as a LV diversion via Joffre Street and ANZAC Avenue; and an HV diversion via Old Junee Road to avoid the construction area.</li> <li>local access to Railway Parade would be via Harold Street and Thomas Street. Railway Lane is planned to be closed permanently.</li> <li>Junee to Illabo clearances (level crossings): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>alterations or upgrade of five level crossings in the Junee to Illabo clearances enhancement sites. At three locations (Waterworks Road, Brabins Road and one private property), these crossings would be closed for between three and five days and detours required. Elsewhere, access would be managed with traffic control and side tracking, with no road diversions are required.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
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## 5.5 Public transport services

The EAD includes a summary of the potential impacts to public transport services. These impacts have been included in Table 13.

**TABLE 13 IMPACTS TO PUBLIC TRANSPORT SERVICES**

Precinct	Road	Rail
Albury	No changes in the operation of bus services in the Albury precinct are required for construction of the project. There would be some minor disruption to travel times from additional construction vehicles on bus routes; however, the performance of the road network is anticipated to remain at the same LoS.	Construction of the project requiring disruption to the operation of the rail network would occur during scheduled possession periods, which occur as part of the existing operation of the rail network; as such, no additional impacts to passenger rail services are anticipated from the project. There would be some disruption to access in and around Albury station for train passengers entering and exiting the station (refer to active transport for further discussion).
Greater-Hume Lockhart	<p>No changes in the operation of bus services within the Greater Hume–Lockhart precinct are required for construction of the project, with the exception of Henty Yard clearances. There would be some minor disruption travel times from additional construction vehicles on bus routes; however, the performance of the road network is anticipated to remain the same.</p> <p>The level crossing works on Sladen Street would require the road to be closed, which would require existing traffic to be diverted to the southern level crossing on Rosler Parade via Allan Street. This diversion is expected to have a minimal impact on the operation of these bus services due to the on-demand nature of bus services through Henty with non-fixed routes and the limited time of the diversion.</p>	Construction of the project requiring disruption to the operation of the rail network would occur during scheduled possession periods, which occur as part of the existing operation of the rail network; as such, no additional impacts to passenger rail services are anticipated from the project. There may be some disruption to access in and around operational railway stations at Culcairn, Henty and The Rock for train passengers entering and exiting the station (refer to the active transport section below).
Wagga Wagga	Changes in the operation of bus services within the Wagga Wagga precinct are required for construction of the project. These changes are largely as a result of	Construction of the project requiring disruption to the operation of the rail network would occur during scheduled possession periods, which occur as part of the existing operation of the rail network; as such,



Precinct	Road	Rail
	<p>Edmondson Street bridge closure during construction.</p> <p>Bus services using Edmondson Street would require re-routing, which include both public transport and school bus, resulting in delays to travel times. In addition, some bus routes, will be required to be re-routed as a result of some of the proposed mitigation measures outlined in the Wagga Wagga Traffic, Transport and Access Mitigation Report (TTAMR). Detailed consultation with bus operators and Transport for NSW will be carried out prior to the closure of Edmondson Street bridge to identify all potential bus route impacts.</p> <p>The following bus stops on Edmondson Street and Railway Street would also require closure/relocation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Kildare Catholic College (2650107 and 265098)</li> <li>▪ Railway Street at Collins Street (2650305 and 265073)).</li> <li>▪ MacLeay Street and Erin Street (2650220)</li> <li>▪ MacLeay Street at Railway Street (2650358)</li> </ul> <p>The following bus stops may require closure/relocation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Trevor Street at Athol Street (2650219)</li> <li>▪ Trevor Street at Jarrick Street (2650274)</li> <li>▪ Wagga Wagga High School (2650153 and 2650106)</li> <li>▪ Wagga Wagga TAFE (2650221)</li> <li>▪ Coleman Street at MacLeay Street (265072)</li> </ul>	<p>no additional impacts to passenger rail services are anticipated from the project.</p> <p>Disruption to commuter access to Wagga Wagga Station would occur through delays due to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ performance of the road network</li> <li>▪ closure and diversion of active transport routes</li> <li>▪ general construction activities and traffic management in Wagga Wagga Station.</li> </ul> <p>These impacts are considered further in relevant sections.</p>
Junee	<p>No changes in the operation of bus services in the Junee precinct are required for construction of the project, with the exception of Kemp Street bridge. There may be some minor disruption to travel times at other enhancement sites from additional construction vehicles on bus routes also; however, the performance of the road network is anticipated to remain the same at these sites.</p> <p>Bus services using the Kemp Street bridge would require re-routing, resulting in delay to travel times. Details of the bus detours will be included in the Junee PTMP along with the details of any additional bus services that will be implemented to mitigate the impact on</p>	<p>Construction of the project requiring disruption to the operation of the rail network would occur during scheduled possession periods, which occur as part of the existing operation of the rail network; as such, no impacts to passenger rail services are anticipated from the project.</p> <p>Disruption to commuter access to Junee Station would occur through delays due to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ performance of the road network</li> <li>▪ closure and diversion of active transport routes</li> <li>▪ loss of parking in Junee Station</li> <li>▪ general construction activities, and traffic management in and around the Junee Station precinct.</li> </ul> <p>These impacts are considered further in relevant sections.</p>



Precinct	Road	Rail
	<p>pedestrians from the closure of Kemp Street Bridge.</p> <p>The bus stop on Kemp Street after Joffre Street (2663127) would require temporary closure/relocation during construction. A bus stop is located near a site compound access point for the Olympic Highway underbridge on Illabo Road, Junee. Heavy vehicle access would need to be managed to avoid delays to buses using the stop.</p> <p>Details of any bus stop relocations will be included in the PTMPs.</p>	

Where delays to the road network due to construction of the proposal occur, delays to public transport services travelling on these routes would also occur. It is noted that where public transport operates between different enhancement sites and precincts, delay to the service may occur as it passes through each relevant enhancement site.

During scheduled rail possessions, passenger trains would likely be replaced by buses/coaches at the discretion of the service operator.

Access to public transport would be sustained at all times during construction. Consultation with the community including educational facilities would inform the location of any bus stop adjustments and diversion routes required.

## 5.6 Pedestrian and cyclist access

A summary of pedestrian and cyclist impacts for each precinct is provided in Table 14.

**TABLE 14: SUMMARY OF ANTICIPATED PEDESTRIAN AND CYCLIST IMPACTS - STAGE B**

Enhancement site	Pedestrian and cyclist impacts
Albury precinct	<p>Given the surrounding land uses in the vicinity of the Murray River bridge, Billy Hughes bridge and Table Top Yard clearances enhancement sites the demand for cycling and pedestrian travel in the area is likely to be low. Although there would be increased traffic from construction vehicles, the increase is minor with all road links with stable flow conditions and minimal change in LOS expected as a result of construction generated traffic with no impact to existing active transport movements expected. The largest hourly construction movements would occur outside peak traffic periods and would have minimal impact to pedestrians and cyclists.</p> <p>As part of the Albury Station and surrounds Enhancement sites construction activities, the Albury Station pedestrian bridge (which does not currently cater for cyclists) replacement would require closure of the bridge. During the closure period of approximately six months, pedestrians would be diverted to the two nearest crossings; the Harold Mair Bridge located 160m (2 minutes' walk) north, and the Amatex Street bridge located 460m (6 minutes' walk) south.</p> <p>Footpaths provide full pedestrian connectivity between Albury Station and Kenilworth Street (the location of the western landing of the Albury Station pedestrian bridge) via the Harold Mair Bridge and the Amatex Street Bridge. Due to the high level of connectivity of active transport infrastructure in the Albury Station area and the proximity of alternative facilities, it is expected that the impacts to pedestrians and cyclists due to diversions would be relatively minor and can be effectively managed and minimised.</p> <p>There may be minor disruptions to cyclists using roads near the enhancement sites as a result of traffic control. These impacts although expected to be minimal would be managed in accordance with the PTMP.</p>



Enhancement site	Pedestrian and cyclist impacts								
Greater Hume-Lockhart Precinct	<p>Provision of active transport infrastructure within the Greater Hume – Lockhart precinct is minimal, and although road lanes may be used for cycling, given the surrounding land uses the demand for cycling and pedestrian travel in the area is likely to be low. Although there would be increased traffic resulting from construction activities at enhancement sites within the Greater Hume – Lockhart precinct it is expected to have a minimal impact on cycling or pedestrian movements due to the low traffic volumes generated by the construction activities (which do not result in a change in LOS from current operation).</p> <p>The removal of the pedestrian overpass on Balfour Street in Culcairn will not impact pedestrian connectivity as the overpass is already closed and the pedestrian crossing facility at the level crossing adjacent to the overpass would remain open.</p> <p>The level crossing works on Sladen Street in Henty would require the road to be closed temporarily, however pedestrian connectivity would be maintained through the closure's duration and would be managed in accordance with the PTMP.</p> <p>There may be minor disruptions to cyclists using roads near the enhancement sites as a result of traffic control. These impacts although expected to be minimal would be managed in accordance with the PTMP.</p>								
Wagga Wagga Precinct	<p>Provision of infrastructure for active transport in the vicinity of the Uranquinty and Bomen Yard Clearance enhancement sites is minimal and given the surrounding land uses the demand for cycling and pedestrian travel in the area is likely to be low.</p> <p>The works proposed in Uranquinty may require the road to be closed temporarily, however pedestrian connectivity is expected to be maintained throughout the closure's duration and would be managed in accordance with the PTMP. If the pedestrian access is required to be closed, temporarily, sufficient notification would be provided to the community in accordance with the CCS.</p> <p>Footpaths are provided on key roads in the vicinity of the Pearson enhancement site with minimal provision of dedicated cycling infrastructure on key roads. Although there would be increased traffic from construction vehicles in the vicinity of these enhancement sites, there is expected to be a minimal impact to active transport movements as there is no change in LOS expected as a result of construction generated traffic. There may be minor disruptions to cyclists using roads near access points to these enhancement sites as a result of reduced speed limits and traffic management. It is noted that during the Edmondson Street bridge closure, additional traffic would be diverted to the surrounding road network impacting the LOS of road links and intersections. These impacts, although expected to be minimal to active transport movements, would be managed in accordance with the PTMP.</p> <p>Dedicated cycling infrastructure is provided on some key roads in the vicinity of the Wagga Wagga Station and surrounds. Although there would be increased traffic from construction vehicles in the vicinity of these enhancement sites the increase is minor with no change in LOS expected as a result of construction generated traffic.</p> <p>The closures of the Wagga Wagga Station pedestrian bridge (Mothers Bridge), Cassidy Parade pedestrian bridge, and Edmondson Street bridge would impact active transport connectivity to transport facilities (bus stops and the Wagga Wagga Railway Station) and land uses in the surrounding area. The additional distance and travel time to cross the rail line during construction of each of the bridges is shown in the table below.</p> <table><tr><th>Existing crossing point</th><th>New crossing point</th><th>Distance / time</th></tr><tr><td rowspan="2">Cassidy Parade pedestrian bridge</td><td>Edmondson Street bridge</td><td>Walking: 1.5km / 20 minutes Cycling: 1.5km / 6 minutes</td></tr><tr><td>Bourke/Docker Street level crossing</td><td>Walking: 1.5km / 23 minutes Cycling: 1.5km / 7 minutes</td></tr></table>	Existing crossing point	New crossing point	Distance / time	Cassidy Parade pedestrian bridge	Edmondson Street bridge	Walking: 1.5km / 20 minutes Cycling: 1.5km / 6 minutes	Bourke/Docker Street level crossing	Walking: 1.5km / 23 minutes Cycling: 1.5km / 7 minutes
Existing crossing point	New crossing point	Distance / time							
Cassidy Parade pedestrian bridge	Edmondson Street bridge	Walking: 1.5km / 20 minutes Cycling: 1.5km / 6 minutes							
	Bourke/Docker Street level crossing	Walking: 1.5km / 23 minutes Cycling: 1.5km / 7 minutes							



Enhancement site	Pedestrian and cyclist impacts		
	Edmondson Street bridge	Cassidy Parade pedestrian bridge	Walking: 1.6km / 20 minutes Cycling: 1.6km / 7 minutes
		Wagga Wagga Station pedestrian bridge	Walking: 850m / 10 minutes Cycling: 850m / 3 minutes
	Wagga Wagga Station pedestrian bridge	Edmondson Street bridge	Walking: 850m / 10 minutes Cycling: 850m / 3 minutes
	<p>The distances reflect a trip to reach each side of a closed bridge via the nearest rail crossing and represents a worst-case scenario for active transport impact as actual distance would vary by individual origin and destination. Paved pedestrian footpaths provide full connectivity between each of the crossing points shown in the table.</p> <p>The Edmondson Street bridge, Wagga Wagga Station pedestrian bridge (Mothers Bridge), and Cassidy Parade pedestrian bridge closures are not scheduled to all close simultaneously and so pedestrian connectivity is maintained in this area via at least two of these three bridges, throughout the construction activities in the Wagga Wagga Station and surrounds enhancement sites, unless alternate access arrangements are developed in consultation with locally affected education providers, health service providers, Wagga Wagga Council and TfNSW have been agreed to by the Planning Secretary. During closure of the Cassidy Parade pedestrian bridge, diversion via the Bourke/Docker Street level crossing would also be possible.</p> <p>Of the schools within a reasonable distance for children to travel to school via active transport, potential impacts to the active transport are expected to be minor and short term as detours have been identified to maintain connectivity and public transport services are available.</p> <p>The pedestrian diversions resulting from the closure of the Wagga Wagga Station pedestrian bridge (Mothers Bridge), Cassidy Parade pedestrian bridge, and Edmondson Street bridge will be identified in the Wagga Wagga Traffic, Transport and Access Mitigation Report and subsequently in the Wagga Wagga PTMP for Stage B.</p> <p>The Mitigation Report and PTMP will be developed in consultation with Wagga Wagga City Council and TfNSW; and be approved by the Planning Secretary in accordance with CoA E136 and E137 as described in Section 6.1 of this Plan.</p>		
Junee Precinct	<p>During the Kemp Street bridge closure period, cross-rail pedestrian and cyclist movements would be diverted to the alternative rail crossing on Olympic Highway located 700m north due to construction activities associated with the road bridge. This is a potential additional diversion distance of 1.4 km (worst-case scenario as actual impacts would vary by individual origin and destination). Footpaths provide full pedestrian connectivity for the diversion route between Kemp Street and Ducker Street (the location of western landing of the Kemp Street bridge) via Seignior Street and Lorne Street. Cyclists would be required to travel on-road via the diversion route.</p> <p>A community transport vehicle will be made available to transport pedestrians during the closure of the Kemp Street Bridge. Further detail is included in Section 6.5.2, and details around the bus routes and bus stops will be included in the Junee PTMP once consultation with Junee Shire Council and Transport (where appropriate) is complete.</p>		

Should development of the detailed design and further construction planning identify that construction will result in long-term disruptions to pedestrian and cyclist access during construction of the Project, this impact along with the required management and mitigation will be discussed with TfNSW and local council representatives, and reasonable alternatives will be investigated and provided where feasible to mitigate any impacts to local communities.



These impacts would be managed in accordance with the measures outlined in Section 6.5 of this plan.

## 5.7 Property access

A summary of property access impacts for each precinct is provided in Table 15.

**TABLE 15: SUMMARY OF ANTICIPATED PROPERTY ACCESS IMPACTS - STAGE B**

Precinct	Pedestrian and cyclist impacts
<b>Albury precinct</b>	Although there may be some minor, temporary disruptions due to the requirements for traffic management, property access would be maintained for the duration of the construction activities.
<b>Hume-Lockhart Precinct</b>	Although there may be some minor, temporary disruptions due to the requirement for traffic management, property access would be maintained for the duration of the construction activities within Greater Hume–Lockhart precinct.
<b>Wagga Wagga Precinct</b>	<p>The project will utilise the Mount Erin Heritage Centre driveway off Edmondson Street for access to the Edmondson Street bridge enhancement site. Access to the Mount Erin Heritage Centre would be maintained through the duration of construction; however, some disruption may occur at times and traffic management would be in place.</p> <p>The driveway of one residential property located on Erin Street and accessed via Railway Street would be impacted;. Residents on Little Best Street and Donnelly Avenue may be impacted during Stage B works, however, it is expected that this would be intermittent in response to construction activities and alternative arrangements for access would be provided for the duration of construction.</p> <p>The driveway from Station Place that gives access to the Multicultural Council of Wagga Wagga would be used for construction activities and would require temporary closure as the new pedestrian bridge is lifted into place during a scheduled rail possession. Pedestrian access to the Multicultural Council of Wagga Wagga would be maintained under escort during this time.</p> <p>Although there may be some minor, temporary disruptions, property access would be maintained for the duration of the construction activities for other sites in the Wagga Wagga precinct.</p>
<b>Junee Precinct</b>	<p>Although there may be some minor temporary disruptions, property access would be maintained for the duration of the construction activities in the area, including to houses on Pretoria Avenue. Properties located adjacent to the Kemp Street bridge enhancement site on the Olympic Highway between Railway Lane and Harold Street have rear lane access, which would be maintained throughout construction. Pedestrian access to these properties would be maintained via Olympic Highway. One property on Railway Lane may be impacted by the closure of this street, however alternative access arrangements are expected to be provided.</p> <p>Access to an approved development at the rear of the Locomotive Hotel off Kemp Street would be maintained via Edgar Street.</p> <p>Any changes to the existing access arrangements will be undertaken in consultation with the relevant stakeholders and in line with the PTMP.</p>

Where other impacts are identified during delivery, these impacts would be managed in accordance with the measures outlined in Section 6.8 of this plan.

## 5.8 Emergency vehicle access

A summary of the predicted impact to emergency vehicle access identified in the EAD is contained in Table 16.



TABLE 16 EAD EMERGENCY VEHICLE IMPACTS

Precinct	Emergency vehicle access impacts
<b>Albury precinct</b>	<p>Construction of the proposal would result in temporary impacts to traffic and an increase in vehicle movements on the road network. As shown in the link and intersection performance assessments, there is no significant impact to the performance of the road network due to the construction generated traffic within the Albury precinct, and there is not expected to be a significant impact to emergency vehicles movements.</p> <p>This CTTAMP has been developed in consultation with TfNSW, Albury City Council, and State emergency services and has considered how to effectively manage any impacts to emergency vehicles seeking to use roads in the vicinity of the enhancement sites.</p>
<b>Hume-Lockhart Precinct</b>	<p>Construction of the proposal would result in temporary impacts to traffic and an increase in vehicle movements on the road network. As shown in the link and intersection performance assessments, there is no significant impact to the performance of the road network due to the construction generated traffic within the Greater Hume – Lockhart precinct, and so there is not expected to be a significant impact to emergency vehicles movements.</p> <p>This CTTAMP has been developed in consultation with TfNSW, Greater Hume and Lockhart Councils, and State emergency services and has considered how to effectively manage any impacts to emergency vehicles seeking to use roads in the vicinity of the enhancement sites.</p>
<b>Wagga Wagga Precinct</b>	<p>Construction of the proposal would result in temporary impacts to traffic and an increase in vehicle movements on the road network. As shown in the link and intersection performance assessments, there is no significant impact to the performance of the road network due to the construction generated traffic within the Wagga precinct except for the Edmondson Street bridge diversions. There is not expected to be a significant impact to emergency vehicles movements for the following enhancement areas:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Uranquinty Yard clearances</li> <li>▪ Pearson Street bridge</li> <li>▪ Cassidy Parade pedestrian bridge</li> <li>▪ Wagga Wagga Station pedestrian bridge</li> <li>▪ Wagga Wagga Yard clearances</li> <li>▪ Bomen Yard clearances.</li> </ul> <p>As a result of the closure of the Edmondson Street bridge and the increase in vehicle movements on the diversionary route, emergency vehicles may incur some additional travel times as identified in the EIS/PIR. The impacts and detailed mitigation measures have been outlined in detail in the Wagga Wagga Construction Traffic, Transport and Access Mitigations Report.</p> <p>This CTTAMP has been developed in consultation and will continue to be reviewed with TfNSW, Wagga Wagga City Council, and State emergency services and has considered how to effectively manage any impacts to emergency vehicles seeking to use roads in the vicinity of the enhancement sites or diversion routes.</p> <p>The Wagga Wagga Construction Traffic, Transport and Access Mitigation Report and the Wagga Wagga PTMP will further consider emergency services to ensure any impacts are mitigated.</p>
<b>Junee Precinct</b>	<p>Construction of the proposal would result in temporary impacts to access and traffic with the establishment of diversions due to closure of the Kemp Street bridge, and an increase in vehicle movements on the road network. As shown in the link and intersection performance assessments, there is not expected to be a significant impact to emergency vehicles.</p> <p>This CTTAMP has been developed in consultation with TfNSW, Junee Shire Council, and State emergency services and has considered how to effectively manage any impacts to emergency vehicles seeking to use roads in the vicinity of the enhancement sites or diversion routes. The proposed LV detour around the Kemp Street bridge site via Joffre</p>



Precinct	Emergency vehicle access impacts
	Street and ANZAC Avenue is not expected to have a significant impact on emergency services vehicles.

## 5.9 Water based transport

As noted in Section 4.7, the Murray River in the vicinity of the Albury precinct enhancement sites does not support public transport, trade, or shipping freight routes, and water-based transport is generally limited to recreational activities. However, the Murray River provides through access for water-based emergency services. Any changes to the access arrangement of the waterway under the Murray River bridge during construction activities would:

- Maintain the river as navigable by the provision of a channel under the bridge to maintain access for watercraft.
- Be undertaken in consultation with TfNSW Maritime and the relevant stakeholders (such as commercial operators, local businesses, and water-based emergency services) in line with the PTMP.
- Observe appropriate maritime permit requirements and safety notice periods.



## 6 TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT - STAGE B

### 6.1 Precinct Traffic Management Plans

#### 6.1.1 Content and purpose

Precinct Traffic Management Plans (PTMPs) will be developed to document the Temporary Traffic Management arrangements and Construction Access Routes proposed during Stage B works within each LGA/Precinct. Figure 41 shows the hierarchy of documentation to be prepared for traffic management. PTMPs will be prepared by appropriately qualified persons/organisations and sent to the relevant road authority for consultation and then submitted to DPHI for approval. DPHI approval of a PTMP is required prior to construction works occurring in the area subject to the PTMP.

These PTMPs will assess the proposed construction arrangements at each Stage B enhancement site including:

- Timing and duration of works;
- Works required;
- Operating conditions;
- Construction traffic;
- Construction heavy vehicle access routes;
- Construction sites and access points, including maps with legible routes and road names;
- Local and privately-owned roads to be utilised during construction, and appropriate swept path analysis to satisfy CoA E138;
- Impacts on traffic flow, public transport, pedestrians, and cyclists. This includes a traffic and pedestrian impact assessment to satisfy CoA E138, where required;
- Diversion routes and/or detours, including relevant mitigation measures;
- Design of diversions and lighting to meet CPTED guidance (see Section 3.5)
- The mitigation measures identified in accordance with the Wagga Wagga Construction Traffic, Transport and Access Mitigation Options Report (CoA E137);
- High level details of general road infrastructure changes (if required). These road infrastructure changes will be dealt with in detail with TfNSW and relevant councils in Works Authorisation Deeds (WAD), TMPs and/or ROLs;
- Access for businesses and residents;
- Consideration of cumulative impacts of other projects in the area;
- Consideration of impacts on seasonal traffic, particularly during holiday periods, major regional events and harvest periods.
- Changes to kerbside management; and
- Road Safety Assessments (see Section 6.1.2) of construction access routes.

The PTMPs will detail Operational requirements including:

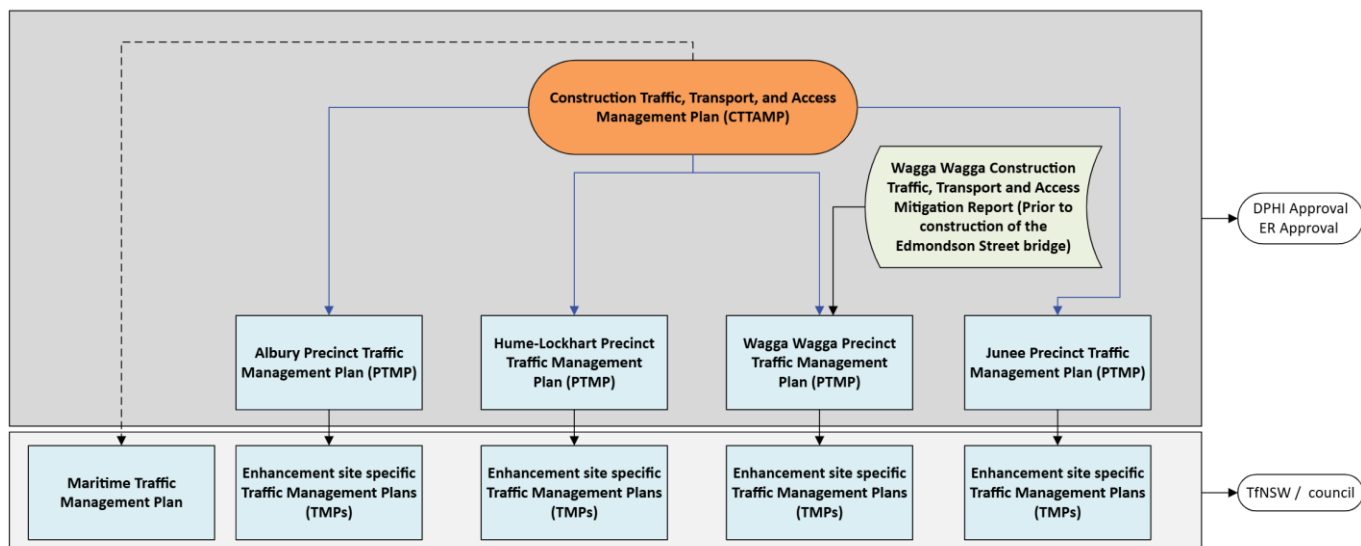
- Temporary road safety barriers and end treatments;
- Temporary signage;
- Temporary pavement markings;
- Variable message signs ;
- Works required to be undertaken under short term traffic control.

The PTMPs will also include a list expected and/or indicative Traffic Guidance Schemes (TGS) and figures of the additional swept path checks to satisfy CoA E138. A TGS is defined as an arrangement of temporary traffic control devices to warn traffic and guide it around, through or past a worksite or temporary hazard. The TGS will contain general high level safety information.

Special consideration would be given to enhancement sites that are located on land with agricultural storage or transportation infrastructure, such as grain silos, due to the high localised seasonal freight movements accessing them. This includes where oversize over mass vehicles may be required to access farms or be moved between farm paddocks. It is currently not known where exactly where heavy vehicles or OSOM vehicles from surrounding farms may need to be accommodated. It is also acknowledged that this could change regularly during each harvest period and between harvest periods. Therefore, as part of stakeholder engagement for the project, owners and operators of grain silos and associated infrastructure would be consulted to ensure any potential impacts are reduced or mitigated during harvest times. Where specific mitigation measures are identified as part of stakeholder engagement activities, they would be included in revised PTMPs/TGS/VMPs as part of the continual improvement process. In some circumstances, vehicles may need to be



accommodated through the construction site, where appropriate detours or alternate routes/access points are not available.



**FIGURE 41 TRAFFIC AND TRANSPORT MANAGEMENT DOCUMENTS**

The approval pathway for the relevant CTTAMP documents is shown in Table 17.

**TABLE 17: CTTAMP, PTMP AND TMP CONSULTATION, ENDORSEMENT AND APPROVALS**

Plan Type	Consultation stakeholders	Endorsement	Approval
CTTAMP (this plan)	TfNSW, relevant councils	ER	DPHI ER (for minor updates)
PTMPs	TfNSW	-	DPHI ER (for minor updates)
TMPs	TfNSW and relevant councils	-	TfNSW / council
Maritime Traffic Management Plan	TfNSW and relevant councils	TfNSW - Maritime	-

### 6.1.2 Road Safety Assessments

As part of the PTMP process, Road Safety Assessments will be completed. These form part of the approach to the assessment of Construction Access Routes from a road safety perspective, namely, to provide a safe road environment aligning with the Safe System. The Safe System is usually considered in terms of key interacting 'pillars':

- Safe roads
- Safe speeds
- Safe vehicles
- Safe people.

The Road Safety Assessments will be undertaken at locations along the Construction Access Routes where the road is not a pre-approved heavy vehicle route between the Project enhancement sites and the State Road network. There may be limited specific routes for vehicles that do not comply to the general access requirements, and these will be assessed appropriately based on construction requirements in the PTMPs. The Road Safety Assessments detailed within the Precinct Traffic Management Plans align with the Safe System by:

- Using crash data to understand crashes and risks.



- A review of historical crash data provides a way to look at factors contributing to the likelihood or consequences or crashes
- Ensuring safe and efficient movements of construction vehicles.
  - By undertaking turn path analysis, reviewing sight distance requirements and existing intersection operations a thorough understanding of the operating conditions and any potential risks associated with introducing heavy vehicle movements is able to be attained.
  - The process the project will follow for checking clearances to swept paths of turning heavy vehicles at existing intersection layouts will be as per the *Austroads Design Vehicles and Turning Path Templates* (Austroads, 2023) guideline.
- Undertaking a risk assessment in the road safety context.
  - A risk analysis based on network road design attributes supplemented by crash data considering potential safety or transport issues
  - Where a road safety risk is identified, propose appropriate mitigation measures
  - Where mitigation measures require the consideration of geometric improvements or upgrades to existing infrastructure, undertake further detailed investigations in consultation with the relevant Authority

Road Safety Audits are a separate process to the Road Safety Assessments. Road Safety Audits will be undertaken in accordance with CoA E145 (See Section 7.2.4) at commencement of each stage of roadworks, where changes affect traffic operations, traffic travel path characteristics, or traffic roadside characteristics during the construction stage.

## 6.2 Traffic Management Plans (TMPs)

Following the preparation of the PTMPs and where required, more granular enhancement site specific TMPs will be developed as part of the construction planning process for all construction activities that affect traffic conditions and the safety of road users on the external or internal road network. TMPs would be prepared by appropriately qualified persons and sent to the relevant road authority for approval and be communicated to all workers prior to implementation.

TMPs will be developed progressively during construction in accordance with the Transport for NSW publication Traffic Control at Work Sites – Version 6.1 and the Australian Standard AS1742- 2021 Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices. The TMPs will be developed in consultation with Transport and the relevant councils and approved by the relevant road authority(s).

The TMPs, based on the PTMPs will further develop specific management measures to be implemented to ensure the safety of road users and to maintain efficient road network operations. They will include any refinements to:

- The traffic control devices to be installed in advance of the works which may include cones, detours, barriers, signs, traffic controllers and temporary traffic signals etc and how these are to be established;
- Additional advisory signs or speed restrictions to be installed during construction;
- Road occupancy requirements and approvals;
- Road speed reductions required for the safety of the public and workers;
- Traffic management inspection and maintenance requirements.

Emergency services will be notified prior to the implementation of traffic changes to ensure that they are aware of the potential impacts that may affect emergency responses.

The TMPs would also refine Road Safety Assessments of construction access routes undertaken as part of the PTMP developed by the contractor, in consultation with the site operator, prior to commencement of construction activities on site to moderate any potential safety issues.

### 6.2.1 Traffic control and guidance

There will be impacts on the existing road network information and distance information signage during the project. Consideration will be given to ensuring that existing road information and distance information signage is always kept relevant and is consistent with the changed traffic conditions.

Signage associated with property, community and business access will be considered during the detailed design and implementation of TMP. Any impacts will be addressed to ensure the appropriate information for road users is effectively communicated.

Information signage and advance warning signage will be designed for all changes to the road network and traffic conditions in accordance with relevant RMS Supplement Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices (AS 1742.3) and AS 1743 Road Sign Specifications.

Traffic control devices include signs, traffic signals, pavement markings, traffic islands, and other devices used to regulate, warn and/or guide road users. Traffic control devices include:



- Temporary Road Safety Barriers (TRSB);
- Pavement markings and signs;
- Anti-debris/Safety screens;
- Portable Variable Message Sign (VMS);
- Radar Activated Speed Signs (RASS);
- Temporary and permanent traffic signals;
- Temporary roundabouts;
- Traffic counts;
- Temporary speed zones; and
- Lighting towers.

Traffic control signs and devices required during construction will be identified in each TMP, with indicative TGS drawings included in the PTMP.

## 6.3 Construction vehicle movements

### 6.3.1 Heavy vehicle access routes

All Construction vehicles associated with the development will travel to and from the site via the routes described in the EAD or as otherwise shown in this Plan or the PTMPs. Access points to each enhancement site are described in Table 10 and shown in Figure 20 to Figure 39.

The NSW Heavy Vehicle Access Policy Framework (Transport, 2018) provides a framework for heavy vehicle access in NSW for both state and local council roads. Heavy vehicle routes to and from construction sites have been prepared with the objectives being to minimise impacts to local roads and maximise the utilisation of state and regional roads where feasible and reasonable. Where an emergency requires non-project listed roads, including local roads, these may be used by light vehicles and heavy vehicles only where safe to do so and authorised by the relevant authorities.

Heavy vehicle access routes will be adjusted in response to road closures by councils (e.g. during wet weather conditions or during other maintenance or other upgrade activities). Where this results in the use of local roads within the project areas, these will be identified in consultation with the relevant council and affected residents, and suitable management measures identified and implemented.

Heavy vehicle parking, idling and queuing on public roads will be minimised where practicable particularly within the regional towns. At all times heavy vehicle drivers will be required to obey the road rules which includes covering loads when in transit to and exiting from the project site.

Heavy vehicle movements on public roads will be avoided outside of the approved standard working hours. This will be achieved through scheduling and planning of deliveries or heavy vehicle movements during standard working hours, where possible. This requirement will be communicated via toolbox talks, inductions, and included within the driver code of conduct.

### 6.3.2 Access points

Where possible, Martinus Rail will aim to use existing access points that connect to the public road network to minimise the number of access points that need to be installed. Use of existing connections to the public road network will be considered in consultation with the relevant landholder, when accessing construction areas via private land.

Any designs for site access/egress points will be completed in accordance with the Austroads Guide to Road Design and approved by the relevant road authority. During construction MR will repair any defects to roads used to gain access to the Site within a 24-hour period while in possession of the site.

Once construction is complete access points would be removed and reinstated to the written satisfaction of the ARTC Representative and the relevant Road Authority.

### 6.3.3 Oversize overmass loads

Permits from the National Heavy Vehicle Regulator (NHVR) will be obtained, where required, to provide oversized and overmass vehicles access during construction. Permit applications will be supported by a Vehicle Movement Plan (VMP).

The VMP will be developed to indicate the proposed heavy vehicle routes and will be used to communicate approved heavy vehicle access routes and include travel directions, permitted intersection turning movements, speeds, approved parking, lay-up areas, areas off-limits to parking, types/size of trucks to be used and any traffic control required.

The VMP will consider activities of adjoining land uses and safety of the public, particularly when entering urban areas from rural highways.



The VMP will be developed for key areas of the project as required, details will include (but not limited to):

- Key intersections;
- Key project roads; and
- Internal project access roads.

Martinus Rail will ensure that suppliers and subcontractors are notified of the approved routes in and around each enhancement site prior to commencing work.

### 6.3.4 Parking

Construction workers would be required to drive and park at enhancement sites. The numbers of construction workers requiring parking would vary over the duration of the construction program. Generally, workers would arrive at the beginning of a shift in the morning and leave at the end of a shift in the evening.

For out of hours work, workers would arrive in the evening and leave in the night or morning, depending on shift requirements. The number of car parking spaces at the construction compounds would be determined during construction planning. Worker parking would generally be contained to the rail corridor. During rail possessions, when the number of workers would likely peak, there may be a need for temporary use of on street and roadside parking which would be managed in line with the TMP.

In the event that regular surveillance (see Section 7.2.2) of onsite parking usage at constrained enhancement sites (i.e. within Albury, the City of Wagga Wagga, and Junee township) identifies that onsite parking usage cannot accommodate the usual construction workforce at the relevant enhancement sites, an assessment of potential management measures will be undertaken.

The assessment may include a parking demand survey and/or consultation with the relevant Council, nearby residents or businesses. Specific mitigation measures to be implemented to consider overflow parking will depend on the location and results of the assessment. Measures may include:

- Workforce shuttle buses;
- Investigate with Council options to adjust (remove or implement) relevant parking restrictions; and
- Identify potential off-site parking locations.

Other mitigation measures may be developed in consultation with relevant stakeholders. Specific mitigation measures would be location specific and relevant to the phase of construction at the enhancement site.

## 6.4 Railway operations

In accordance with contractual obligations, Martinus Rail will not cause any disruption to Railway Operations (other than to the extent permitted by an Agreed Track Possession). All track possessions would be undertaken in accordance with an ARTC approved Track Possession.

Shunting in and around Junee yard has the potential of causing delays at the Broadway level crossing, which may exacerbate potential congestion and delays in Junee if this were to occur during the Kemp Street bridge closure. An advanced warning solution is currently being investigated to warn motorists of the activation of the Broadway level crossing closure. The intention of the advanced warning would be to direct vehicles via Broadway/Queen Street whilst the Broadway level crossing is activated. Further details of this advanced warning signage would be included in the Junee PTMP once the viability of the proposed advanced warning is confirmed.

## 6.5 Vulnerable road users

Construction routes presented in the EAD were selected to minimise the use of local roads where possible to reduce community and vulnerable road user impacts associated with construction traffic. In accordance with CoA E138, prior to the use of local or privately owned roads a traffic and pedestrian impact assessment will be completed. Construction will be planned to minimise impacts to vulnerable road users as far as practicable, especially during concurrent bridge closures.

In accordance with CoA E134 Martinus Rail would consult with nearby education providers to ensure sufficient capacity of any alternative and convenient pedestrian and active transport route is available to cater for school-related and general demand impacted by construction works or detours.

### 6.5.1 Public transport

Construction works within the rail corridor would occur during scheduled rail possessions or under track occupancy authorisations. During rail possessions, alternative transport arrangements would be implemented in consultation with relevant stakeholders. Works carried out under a track occupancy authorisation would cause minimal disruption to rail passenger services.



Changes to bus routes and bus stops to mitigate impacts to bus services, including establishing temporary stops, would need to be planned in consultation with Transport for NSW, bus operators, and other key stakeholders, such as schools, to minimise the impact on community, public transport users and service providers.

Prior to any changes to bus routes and timetable, will require the submission of a Bus Service Alteration Request (BSAR) to modify the Bus Service Contracts between TfNSW and the bus route operator. The BSAR will require submission of supporting documentation including detail on timings, locations and kilometres.

Bus service contracts would be in place prior to changes to the bus network unless agreed with TfNSW and the bus operators.

Precinct Traffic Management Plans (PTMPs) will be prepared for Stage B sites to assess what impacts, if any, may occur to the public transport network. The PTMPs will include suitable mitigation measures as required, which may include:

- The community and other relevant stakeholders will be notified in advance of proposed transport network changes, through appropriate media and other appropriate forms of community liaison as detailed in Section 6.9;
- Where bus stops (including school bus stops) are required to be temporarily closed or relocated during construction, such closure will not occur until relocated bus stops are functioning and are within 400 metres of the original bus stop or as otherwise agreed with the relevant council and bus operator. The relocation of bus stops will be undertaken in consultation with the relevant council and bus operator, and details regarding the relocations provided to affected communities (and educational facilities in relation to school bus stops) at least 14 days prior to the relocation occurring.

## 6.5.2 Pedestrians and cyclists

In accordance with CoA E133 safe pedestrian and cyclist access and routes will be provided and maintained across and around work sites during construction. In circumstances where pedestrian and cyclist access and routes are restricted or removed due to construction activities, a nearby alternative access or route will be provided which complies with the relevant standards before the restriction or removal of the impacted access. Alternate routes will aim to minimise inconvenience to pedestrians with the primary goal of maintaining clear space between pedestrians, active work areas and live traffic.

Precinct Traffic Management Plans (PTMPs) will be prepared for Stage B sites as described in Section 6.1. These PTMPs will include a pedestrian impact assessment. The PTMPs will also include risk assessments comparing the current level of risk (i.e., current traffic) with the proposed level of risk (i.e., current traffic plus construction traffic)) undertaken in line with the principles for assessment prescribed with the NSW Route Assessment Guide for Restricted Access Vehicles. As part of the PTMPs, the following measures will be implemented when providing alternate pedestrian routes to minimise impacts on mobility impaired pedestrians:

- Clearly define temporary footpath arrangements by using appropriate signage;
- Maintain sufficient space for wheelchair access;
- Maintain a smooth, even surface on all temporary footpaths and crossings;
- Conduct regular inspections to maintain footpaths free of trip hazards; and
- When changing footpath access, minimise grades for wheelchair use.

The Project will endeavour to maintain cyclist connectivity and functionality provided within and directly adjacent to the construction support sites and work areas, by preserving existing facilities or providing alternative facilities as part of a detour.

*Disability Discrimination Act 1992* requirements will be adopted for kerb ramps and bus stop locations. Pedestrian and cyclist safety will be a critical consideration wherever construction (and especially heavy vehicle) traffic interacts with pedestrian and cyclist movements. Vehicles (including light and heavy vehicles) associated with the Project will be managed to not block or disrupt access across pedestrian or shared user paths at any time. Each site will have their pedestrian, cyclist and vehicle risk assessed as part of each Traffic Management Plan, and will deploy appropriate controls such as:

- Audible warnings for approaching and/or departing heavy vehicles;
- Visual warnings at entry/exit points (including flashing lights and/or signage); and
- Traffic controllers or gatekeepers to assist in managing the interface between pedestrians, cyclists and vehicles.

The type and extent of control will be outlined in the PTMPs.

The Project has been designed with limited locations of interface with pedestrians, and most access and egress points avoid crossing pedestrian paths.



### Kemp Street Community Transport

As an outcome of the Kemp Street Bridge Enhancement Site Modification, a community transport service in Junee it is proposed to provide community connectivity from east to west/west to east of Kemp Street Bridge during construction through the provision of a community transport vehicle will provide accessibility to wheelchair users as well as small children.

Table 18 below outlines the proposed route of the community transport and the proposed streets for pick up/drop off. The final locations of the pick-up and drop off locations will be communicated to community and neighbours through existing media channels and notifications once finalised with the relevant stakeholders. Transportation routes will be adapted in response to any changes in local road access and any construction-related temporary road closures.

The proposed timetable for the community transport is outlined in Table 18

**TABLE 18 PROPOSED REVISED TIMETABLE FOR COMMUNITY TRANSPORT (SOURCE: PROPOSED KEMP STREET BRIDGE MODIFICATION OF APPROVAL – CLARIFICATIONS (30 JULY 2025))**

	Weekdays	Saturday	Sunday
Morning Peak	07:00 – 10:00 Half hourly	07:00 – 12:00 Half hourly	08:00 – 12:00 Half hourly
Off-peak	10:00 – 15:00 Hourly	12:00 – 18:00 Hourly	12:00 – 18:00 Hourly
Evening Peak	15:00 – 18:00 Half hourly		

As described in the modification report, the timetable would be reviewed after 3 months and every 6 months after that to determine efficiency and adjust where needed. An initial review after 2-3 weeks of operations would also be undertaken to inform initial fine tuning; this may result in alterations to service patterns. Any adjustments to the proposed timetable will be informed by the use and feedback from users.

As the community transport is provided during standard and peak hours, a taxi voucher system will be provided to eligible residents for use during out-of-hours of the community transport hours to provide connectivity at all hours.

In addition to the proposed community transport service, for students not eligible for a 'Free Travel Pass', a fully subsidised bus pass would be provided to the school students with directly impacted access between home and school due to the closure of the Kemp Street Bridge.

Where required and in consultation with the local schools in the area, the Project would assist in facilitating occasional school bus charters for special events or access to particular facilities.

### 6.5.3 Sensitive land uses

Where possible, impacts will be minimised to schools, childcare facilities, aged care facilities and other sensitive land uses. These sensitive land uses will be avoided by using alternate vehicle routes and access points, where possible. Where alternate routes are unavailable or not practical, construction heavy vehicles that may impact on sensitive land uses would be scheduled to occur during more suitable times. These times would be determined through consultation with the impacted sensitive land uses in accordance with Section 6.9.

## 6.6 Road maintenance

### 6.6.1 Dilapidation surveys

A Road Dilapidation Report will be undertaken in accordance with CoA E139 and UMM TT15. The dilapidation report will be provided to the relevant road authorities and IR within one month of completion and at least two weeks before the road is used by heavy vehicles associated with the project. Where dilapidation reports are completed prior to the two week period before the road is used for heavy vehicles, the dilapidation reports would still be provided to the relevant road authorities at the risk to Martinus Rail. A dilapidation survey will be undertaken as follows:



1. For portions of the local road network that will be used by the project during that construction stage, to satisfy CoA E139;
2. For haulage routes not captured within the road dilapidation required for CoA E139, the road dilapidation survey would also be undertaken along those haulage routes to the lesser of:
  - a. 200 metres from a site access/egress point, or
  - b. To the State Road network.

The Road Dilapidation Report must provide measures to ensure that roads can safely accommodate heavy vehicle haulage based on volume, type and duration of use. If the dilapidation report finds proposed construction routes are deemed unsafe for the use of heavy vehicles, these roads would be required to be upgraded and/or repaired prior to the project's utilisation. Periodic road repair would also be undertaken as required, before and during construction.

Where the road is not up to standard due to condition, width, pavement type, and road geometry, Martinus Rail would upgrade the road to a service level equal to (or better than) the level it was being maintained immediately prior to construction before heavy haulage commences, at no cost to the owner.

In accordance with CoA E141 if damage to local roads occurs as a result of the construction of the project, the project will, within six months of the completion of construction (or one month for private roads), either (at the landowner or relevant roads authority's discretion):

- Rectify the damage to restore the road to at least the condition it was in at the time of the dilapidation survey; or
- Compensate the relevant roads authority or owner for damages caused. The amount of compensation may be agreed with the relevant roads authority and landowners, but compensation must be paid even if no agreement is reached; or
- Where other agreements are in place, leave, maintain or remunerate for damages to these roads in accordance with these agreements.

## 6.7 Emergency repair/maintenance

Vehicles that have broken down will be moved off the road, provided this can be done so safely. Where vehicles require maintenance on the roadside, hazard lights will be used. The hazard will be communicated using available communication systems (i.e. radio channels) in order to warn other drivers and operators.

Before towing operations commence on haul roads, notification will be given to all haul road users through the communication system. Before earthmoving equipment is towed, a risk assessment will be conducted, and control measures implemented in accordance with project safety requirements.

## 6.8 Access

As per the contractual obligations, Martinus Rail will not interfere with the free movement of traffic (vehicular or pedestrian) into and out of, adjacent to, around, on or about the Site except to the extent such interference is a direct and unavoidable result of carrying out and completing works in accordance with the EAD, all applicable Laws and Standards and Best Industry Practices.

Martinus Rail will maintain existing access to properties during the entirety of work where practicable. Where changes to access arrangements to businesses, residences, special events or community places are required as part of construction activities, the project will advise the relevant stakeholders and consult with them in advance regarding temporary disruption to existing accesses. In accordance with CoA E160, where construction restricts a property's access to a public road, Martinus Rail will until their primary access is reinstated, provide the property with temporary alternate access to an agreed road determined through consultation with the landowner, at no cost to the property landowner, unless otherwise agreed with the landowner.

As per CoA E157, Martinus Rail will consult with all landowners where the project will either temporarily or permanently impact farm operations, access to the property from public roads and/or to other parts of the property owned by the landowner to ensure that impacts to the use of properties are minimised and mitigated. This consultation must include, but not be limited to, safe and convenient stock and machinery movement across the rail corridor.

## 6.9 Community and stakeholder engagement

Engagement with relevant stakeholders will be undertaken regularly to minimise congestion and inconvenience to road users in areas affected by diversions. Stakeholders will include the relevant local council, bus operators, state government departments, emergency services (including the Local Emergency Management Committee) and affected property owners/occupants.



### 6.9.1 Traffic and Transportation Committee

A Traffic and Transportation Committee (TTC) has been established, prior to construction of Stage B, as a technical forum to discuss road safety and traffic management measures, potential impacts on the road, pedestrian and cycle network, TMPs and program. The TTC includes representatives from TfNSW and relevant Councils. On occasion the TTC may include adjacent construction project representatives to manage cumulative impacts.

### 6.9.2 Traffic and Transport Liaison Group

A Traffic and Transport Liaison Group (TTLG) has been formed, prior to construction of Stage B, including senior representatives from relevant stakeholders. Ongoing consultation will be carried out through this forum to minimise construction traffic and transport impacts. The TTLG would typically include a wider audience and be more of an informative session for key stakeholders (in lieu of project problem solving, and discussions as would be part of the TTC with a smaller more targeted audience). The TTLG may include stakeholders from bus operators, other adjacent projects and the usual invite list from the TTC. The TTLG has convened at the start of the project (prior to construction) and are proposed to be held monthly initially (unless otherwise requested by stakeholders). The frequency and benefit of the meeting is expected to reduce once sites are established, therefore meeting frequency will be agreed with stakeholders and TfNSW representatives and will vary throughout the project.

### 6.9.3 Emergency services

Consultation with emergency services providers (including the Wagga Wagga Health Precinct) will continue throughout construction of the project to minimise impacts on emergency services operations.

Martinus Rail will include provisions for priority for emergency services vehicles to travel through the construction impact zone where possible. Access will be provided throughout the construction sites should an emergency arise on-site during the works. Signage will be implemented to ensure that all construction and adjusted property accesses are clearly signposted.

Any detours will be detailed in a Traffic Guidance System and forwarded to each emergency service prior to the implementation of the scheme. The Martinus Rail Traffic Manager and/or delegate will notify the emergency services providers when access to properties or traffic routes is expected to be impeded for any period of time.

Representatives of the Emergency Services will be invited to attend TTLG meetings to ensure they remain informed of current or upcoming changes to traffic conditions.

### 6.9.4 Community and stakeholder communication and engagement

Consultation with road users, freight operators, pedestrians and active transport users would occur in accordance with the CCS to notify these stakeholders of changes to traffic conditions, detours and parking.

Communications Action Plans will be developed for specific packages of work and/or activities to manage community communicated in each instance. For changes to traffic and transport resulting from the project, the following notification requirements would apply as per the Project CCS and Communication and Stakeholder Engagement Management Plan (CSEMP). Table 19 provides an overview of the stakeholder engagement approach relevant to the CTTAMP.

**TABLE 19: OVERVIEW OF STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT**

Stakeholder	Aim of engagement	Level of engagement	Engagement approach	Relationship manager	Dates
<b>Government Agencies</b>					
Transport for NSW	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Consideration of additional mitigation measures to improve traffic efficiency during construction, such as temporary changes to signal phasing at intersections along the traffic diversion routes.</li> </ul>	Inform / Consult	Meetings (Teams/face-to-face) in accordance with the CCS.	Inland Rail/ Martinus	Prior to the approval of the Wagga Wagga TTAMR and ongoing consultation.



Stakeholder	Aim of engagement	Level of engagement	Engagement approach	Relationship manager	Dates
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Consultation with bus operators and TfNSW to determine the impact on bus routes and timetables</li> </ul>	Consult to agree on changes to routes and timetable and submit BSAR where route changes are required.	Meetings (Teams/face-to-face) in accordance with the CCS	TfNSW will manage the relationship between the Bus Operators and Martinus/Inland Rail	<p>Prior to closure of Edmondson Street bridge in Wagga Wagga and Kemp Street bridge in Junee. Bus routes and timetables may be impacted in other Precincts, such as Wagga Wagga and Junee as a result of the Edmondson Street bridge closure and the Kemp Street bridge closure respectively.</p> <p>Bus routes and timetables are not expected to be affected in the other Precincts, such as Lockhart/Greater Hume and Albury.</p>
Local Councils	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Consideration of additional mitigation measures to improve traffic efficiency during construction.</li> </ul>	Inform / Consult	Meetings (Teams/face-to-face) in accordance with the CCS.	Martinus	<p>Wagga Wagga - Prior to the approval of the TTAMR, and ongoing consultation.</p> <p>All other Councils – Ongoing consultation.</p>
Local Emergency Management Services	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Ensure emergency services are aware of any proposed detours that may affect travelling routes.</li> <li>Consideration of where mitigation measures can be implemented to minimise impacts to emergency services.</li> </ul>	Inform / Consult	Meetings (Teams/face-to-face) in accordance with the CCS.	Martinus	Ongoing consultation



Stakeholder	Aim of engagement	Level of engagement	Engagement approach	Relationship manager	Dates
Educational institutions and Services	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Ensure sufficient capacity of any alternative and convenient pedestrian and active transport route is available to cater for school-related and general demand impacted by construction works or detours.</li> </ul>	Inform / Consult	Send copy of notification  Meetings (Teams/face-to-face)	Martinus	Ongoing consultation
Adjacent Projects					
Inland Rail – Illabo to Stockinbingal – John Holland	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Ensure cumulative impacts from the two Projects are not having significant impacts to the road network and other road users.</li> </ul>	Consult/ Joint plan any critical interfaces	Regular weekly meetings	Joint managed by Martinus Rail and John Holland Traffic Managers	Weekly meetings
Landowners and Businesses					
Directly Affected Landowners including residents and businesses	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Ensure landowners are aware of the proposed work and traffic/transport impacts.</li> <li>Reduce temporary disruption to existing accesses</li> </ul>	Inform / Consult	Doorknock  Meetings (Teams/face-to-face)  Works notification via mail	Martinus	5-14 days before works commencing
Local transport and Bus Operators	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Consultation with bus operators and TfNSW to determine the impact on bus routes and timetables</li> </ul>	Consult to agree on changes to routes and timetable and submit BSAR where route changes are required.	Meetings (Teams/face-to-face) in accordance with the CCS	Inland Rail/ Martinus	Prior to closure of Edmondson Street bridge in Wagga Wagga and Kemp Street bridge in Junee.  Bus routes and timetables are not expected to be affected in the other Precincts.
Other: Ride share operators, taxi operators and community transport providers	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Ensure public transport operators are aware of the potential disruptions and suggested detours.</li> <li>Reduce impacts to operators by taking on feedback where appropriate.</li> </ul>	Inform / Consult	Works notification via mail	Martinus	5-14 days before works
General public					



Stakeholder	Aim of engagement	Level of engagement	Engagement approach	Relationship manager	Dates
"Live traffic" updates	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Ensure the general public and road users are aware of any traffic changes and detours.</li> </ul>	Low	Information provided to "live traffic" updates via the relevant mechanism	Martinus / Inland Rail as appropriate	As required.
Media/ Local newspapers/ Social media	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Ensure the general public and road users are aware of any large scale and long-term traffic changes and detours – specifically in relation to the Edmondson Street bridge and Kemp Street bridge closures.</li> </ul>	Low	Provision of updates and notifications to inform the general public and road users.	Inland Rail as informed by Martinus	Prior to many changes that may affect the general public and road users.

## 6.10 Driver code of conduct

The safety of workers and road users is of paramount importance to Martinus Rail, and the fit and proper behaviour of drivers is directly related to establishing and maintaining a high safety standard during project delivery. Furthermore, all drivers involved in the project must comply with the legal obligations whilst operating vehicles. To assist in achieving safe outcomes during construction, a Driver Code of Conduct (DCC) has been developed prior to construction.

The DCC addresses the following:

- Travelling speeds;
- Procedures to ensure that drivers adhere to the designated over-dimensional and heavy vehicle routes;
- Procedures to ensure drivers meet project requirements to minimise impacts on the communities and environment near the worksites and along the approved routes. This includes the appropriate use of compression braking and minimising the need for truck idling, especially near sensitive receivers;
- Procedures to ensure that drivers implement safe driving practices;
- Detailed program to monitor and report on the effectiveness of these measures and the code of conduct.

Prior to working on the project, vehicle drivers will be required to have read the DCC and acknowledge their compliance with it throughout their involvement in the project. The expectations of the DCC will be established in the project induction and will be reiterated through pre-starts. Martinus Rail will retain copies of the signed DCCs. The DCC includes management of fatigue for drivers. This includes the requirements for drivers on the project to:

- Be suitably rested by taking regular rest breaks of no less than the minimum periods prescribed by the National Heavy Vehicle Regulator; and
- For operators of heavy vehicles to comply with the CoR legal requirements under the *National Heavy Vehicle Law (Heavy Vehicle (Adoption of National Law) Act 2013 No 42)*.

## 6.11 Water based transport

A Maritime Traffic Management Plan (MTMP) will be prepared in accordance with CoA C8(m) and UMM TT8. The MTMP will include:

- A navigational impact assessment prepared in accordance with the relevant TfNSW processes; and
- Measures, processes and responsibilities to minimise the potential for impacts on navigable waters during construction.

The plan will be prepared in accordance with the Marine Safety Act 1998 (NSW), the Marine Safety Regulation 2016 (NSW) and other related legislation. The plan will be developed in consultation with relevant stakeholders, including local councils and Transport for NSW.



## 6.12 Crime Prevention Through Environmental Design

Crime prevention through environmental design (CPTED) is about designing urban environments such that opportunities for offending are reduced and feelings of safety are enhanced. CPTED aims to reduce opportunities for crime by increasing the risks and efforts for offenders as well as reducing the rewards.

Further information on CPTED requirements and designing out crime relevant to Traffic and Transport management is detailed within Section 3.5 as well as the IS Technical Manual version 1.2.

### 6.12.1 Temporary Construction Diversions and Lighting

Temporary construction diversions and lighting must be designed to meet the appropriate CPTED guidance, addressing the applicable CPTED principles outlined below:

- Natural Surveillance: Perception that people can be seen is increased
- Natural access control: Create and control access to private spaces
- Good definition of space and ownership: Reduce the ambiguity between private and public spaces

There are a number of CPTED guidelines available that may be used to address the CPTED principles. The 'Key Steps in Designing Out Crime' guideline and the 'Designing out Crime' toolbox can be used to address the CPTED principles.

### 6.12.2 Implementation of CPTED guidelines

In implementing the appropriate CPTED guidelines, the following steps should be followed:

1. Identify CPTED principles applicable to the infrastructure.
2. Develop a risk assessment methodology.
3. Perform an analysis of current statistics and demographics.
4. Identify all risk areas (urban structures, activity centres, parks, open spaces, car parking areas and public facilities) with regards to distance to views, safe movement, illumination, access to transport and mobility.
5. Apply the CPTED principles to the infrastructure.

## 6.13 Management and mitigation measures

A range of environmental requirements and management measures are identified in the EAD and CoA. Specific measures and requirements to address traffic, transport and access impacts are outlined in Table 20. The following mitigation measures have been developed with consideration of SMART (specific, measurable, achievable, relevant and time-based) principles.



TABLE 20: TRAFFIC, TRANSPORT, AND ACCESS MANAGEMENT AND MITIGATION MEASURES

ID	Management measure	Location	When to implement	Responsibility for implementation	Reference or source	Evidence of implementation
<b>General</b>						
TTA-01	<p>Potential mitigations will be further considered during the development of the PTMPs. These potential mitigations include, but are not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Temporary signals or other signal optimisations where required;</li> <li>Traffic Management Plans (TMP);</li> <li>Turn restrictions at selected locations and selected times;</li> <li>Removal of on-street parking / creating clearways at particular times;</li> <li>Improved lane delineations.</li> </ul>	All	During development of PTMPs	MR Traffic Manager	UMM TT2	PTMPs Consultation records
TTA-02	<p>Subject to agreement with the relevant road authority, mitigation measures to improve traffic efficiency during construction in Junee will include, but not be limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Formalisation of keep clear markings on circulating lanes at the Olympic Highway / Broadway roundabout to prevent queueing through the roundabout;</li> <li>Extending the existing right turn lane on the south approach of the Olympic Highway / Broadway roundabout;</li> <li>Keep clear markings at the intersection of Olympic Highway / Main Street.</li> </ul>	Junee	Pre-construction/ Construction	MR Traffic Manager	UMM TT2	Consultation records Inspections PTMPs
TTA-03	<p>Construction traffic must not use local roads or privately-owned roads unless no alternative access is available. Use of private access roads must be in accordance with Conditions C21 and C22. Local or privately owned roads used for access to ancillary facilities, construction sites, and temporary accommodation must be identified in the Construction Traffic, Transport and Access Management Sub-plan. Prior to the use of local or privately owned roads the:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Proposed routes utilising local roads must include a traffic and pedestrian impact assessment, and a swept path analysis; and</li> </ul>	All	Construction	MR Traffic Manager MR Site Supervisor	CoA E138	Road Dilapidation Reports Vehicle Movement Plans (VMPs).



ID	Management measure	Location	When to implement	Responsibility for implementation	Reference or source	Evidence of implementation
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>completion of road dilapidation surveys in accordance with Condition E139.</li> </ul>					
TTA-04	<p>During construction, all reasonably practicable measures must be implemented to maintain pedestrian and vehicular access to, and parking in the vicinity of, businesses and affected properties. Disruptions are to be avoided, and where avoidance is not possible, minimised.</p> <p>Where disruption cannot be minimised, alternative pedestrian and vehicular access, and parking arrangements must be developed in consultation with affected businesses and implemented before the disruption. Adequate signage and directions to businesses must be provided before, and for the duration of, any disruption.</p>	All	Construction	MR Traffic Manager MR Site Supervisor	CoA E143	Inspections
TTA-05	Appropriate signage and warnings, including variable messaging signs, will be considered in the PTMPs and Traffic Management Plans, and in consultation with the relevant road manager. These will be deployed as considered appropriate in the vicinity of the enhancement sites to provide early warning for road users of disruptions due to construction activities and road closures.	All	Construction	MR Traffic Manager MR Site Supervisor	UMM TT14	PTMPs Inspections
TTA-06	Heavy vehicle diversionary signage will be implemented to encourage the diversion of heavy vehicle traffic outside of Junee on the existing heavy vehicle routes via Goldfields Way and Old Junee Road during closure of the Kemp Street bridge.	Junee	Construction	MR Traffic Manager MR Site Supervisor	UMM TT16	PTMPs TGS Section 138 approvals Road Occupancy Licences (ROLs) Inspections



ID	Management measure	Location	When to implement	Responsibility for implementation	Reference or source	Evidence of implementation
TTA-07	Input would be sought from relevant stakeholders (such as local councils, the National Heavy Vehicle Regulator (NHVR) and Transport for NSW) prior to finalising the detailed design of those aspects of the proposal that affect the operation of road and other transport infrastructure under management of these stakeholders. This would include confirming ongoing operation and maintenance arrangements of assets under the control of other stakeholders.	All	Pre-construction	MR Traffic Manager	UMM TT11	Consultation records
<b>Road Safety Audits</b>						
TTA-08	An independent Road Safety Audit is to be undertaken by an appropriately qualified and experienced person in accordance with the Austroads Guide to Road Safety Part 6: Road Safety Audits 2023, including but not limited to for all areas identified by the Safe Systems Assessment as requiring further assessment. Audit findings and recommendations must be actioned before construction of the relevant infrastructure and must be made available to the Planning Secretary on request.	All	Prior to construction of relevant infrastructure	Appropriately qualified road auditor MR Traffic Manager	CoA E145 UMM TT10	Road Safety Audit
<b>Road Dilapidation</b>						
TTA-09	Before any local road, including interfaces with classified roads, or haulage roads are used by a heavy vehicle for the purposes of construction of the project, a Road Dilapidation Report must be prepared for subject roads and bridges. A copy of the Road Dilapidation Report must be provided to the relevant roads authority within one (1) month of completion of the road dilapidation survey and at least two weeks before the road is used by heavy vehicles associated with the construction of the project.	All	Before local road or haulage roads are used by Project heavy vehicles	MR Traffic Manager MR Project Manager	CoA E139 UMM TT15	Road Dilapidation Report
TTA-10	The Road Dilapidation Report must provide measures to ensure: roads deemed unsafe for the use of heavy vehicles are upgraded and repaired prior to use; roads used can safely accommodate heavy vehicle haulage based on volume, types and duration of use; and	All	Before local road is used by Project heavy vehicles	MR Traffic Manager	CoA E139	Road Dilapidation Report



ID	Management measure	Location	When to implement	Responsibility for implementation	Reference or source	Evidence of implementation
	road repair is undertaken periodically before and during construction as required.					
TTA-11	Where the road is not up to standard due to condition, width, pavement type, and road geometry, the Proponent must upgrade the road to a service level equal to (or better than) the level it was being maintained immediately prior to construction before heavy haulage commences, at no cost to the owner.	All	Before local road is used by Project heavy vehicles	MR Traffic Manager MR Project Engineer	CoA E139	Road Dilapidation Report Inspections
TTA-12	If damage to local roads occurs as a result of the construction of the project, Martinus Rail must, within six months of the completion of construction (or one month for private roads), either (at the landowner or relevant roads authority's discretion): rectify the damage to restore the road to at least the condition it was in at the time of the dilapidation survey; or compensate the relevant roads authority or owner for damages caused. The amount of compensation may be agreed with the relevant roads authority and landowners, but compensation must be paid even if no agreement is reached; or where other agreements are in place, leave, maintain or remunerate for damages to these roads in accordance with these agreements.	All	Construction	MR Traffic Manager MR Project Engineer	CoA E141	Inspections Consultation records
TTA-13	Damage to roads that affects road safety or trafficability as a result of construction would be rectified as soon as practicable. In particular, Joffre Street and Pretoria Avenue in Junee will be monitored for damage during construction and any necessary repairs attended to as soon as possible.	All	Construction	MR Traffic Manager MR Project Engineer MR Site Supervisor	UMM TT15	Inspections
<b>Public and Active Transport</b>						
TTA-14	Safe pedestrian and cyclist access and routes must be provided and maintained across and around work sites during construction. In circumstances where pedestrian and cyclist access and routes are restricted or removed due to construction activities, a nearby	All	Construction	MR Traffic Manager	CoA E133	PTMPs Inspections



ID	Management measure	Location	When to implement	Responsibility for implementation	Reference or source	Evidence of implementation
	alternative access or route must be provided which complies with the relevant standards before the restriction or removal of the impacted access.					
TTA-15	The Proponent must consult with nearby education providers to ensure sufficient capacity of any alternative and convenient pedestrian and active transport route is available to cater for school-related and general demand impacted by construction works or detours.	All	Pre-construction	MR Traffic Manager	CoA E134	Consultation records
TTA-16	Where bus stops (including school bus stops) are required to be temporarily closed or relocated during construction, such closure must not occur until relocated bus stops are functioning and are within 400 metres of the original bus stop or as otherwise agreed with the relevant council and bus operator.	All	Construction	MR Traffic Manager	CoA E142	PTMPs Consultation records Approved Bus Service Alteration Requests (as required).
TTA-17	The relocation of bus stops must be undertaken in consultation with the relevant council, Transport for NSW, and bus operator, and details regarding the relocations provided to affected communities (and educational facilities in relation to school bus stops) at least 14 days prior to the relocation occurring.	All	Construction	MR Traffic Manager MR Community and Stakeholder Manager	CoA E142 UMM TT3	Consultation records Approved Bus Service Alteration Requests (as required).
<b>Access</b>						
TTA-18	The Proponent must consult with all landowners where the project will either temporarily or permanently impact farm operations, access to the property from public roads and/or to other parts of the property owned by the landowner to ensure that impacts to the use of properties are minimised and mitigated. This consultation must include, but not be limited to, safe and convenient stock and machinery movement across the rail corridor.	All	Pre-construction	MR Traffic Manager MR Community and Stakeholder Manager	CoA E157	Consultation records
TTA-19	The Proponent must maintain existing access to properties during the entirety of work where practicable.	All	Construction	MR Traffic Manager	CoA E159	PTMPs



ID	Management measure	Location	When to implement	Responsibility for implementation	Reference or source	Evidence of implementation
TTA-20	Where construction restricts a property's access to a public road, the Proponent must, until their primary access is reinstated, provide the property with temporary alternate access to an agreed road determined through consultation with the landowner, at no cost to the property landowner, unless otherwise agreed with the landowner.	All	Construction	MR Traffic Manger	CoA E160	PTMPs Consultation records
TTA-21	Special consideration would be given to enhancement sites that are located on land with agricultural storage or transportation infrastructure, such as grain silos, due to the high localised seasonal freight movements accessing them.  Detailed assessment of the site accesses will be undertaken as part of the RSAs and appropriate Traffic Management Plans will be developed by the contractor, in consultation with the site operator, prior to commencement of construction activities on site to moderate any potential safety issues.	All	Construction	MR Traffic Manager MR Site Supervisor	UMM TT20	Road safety audits PTMPs
<b>Stakeholder Communication</b>						
TTA-22	Consultation will be undertaken with emergency services and the Local Emergency Management Committee regarding construction related impacts to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>plan alternative routes that avoid the heaviest impacted areas of the road network during the Kemp Street bridge closures, and associated diversions to minimise travel-time delay experienced by emergency service vehicles</li> <li>advise of temporary disruption to access on the Murray River</li> <li>provide further information on temporary road closures and disruption to access to assist emergency services in their emergency response and travel planning.</li> </ul>	All	Pre-construction, Construction	MR Traffic Manager MR Community and Stakeholder Manager	UMM TT4	Consultation records
TTA-23	Consultation will be undertaken with emergency services and the Local Emergency Management Committee regarding operational impacts to provide further information on train movements and level	Al	Pre-construction, Construction	MR Traffic Manager	UMM TT4	Consultation records



ID	Management measure	Location	When to implement	Responsibility for implementation	Reference or source	Evidence of implementation
	crossing closures to assist emergency services in their emergency response and travel planning.			MR Community and Stakeholder Manager		
TTA-24	Prior to the commencement of works, Local Land Services (LLS) will be notified of increased vehicle movements and construction activities adjacent to the travelling stock reserves (TSRs) and temporary closures of any level crossings during the construction phase so that stock handlers, including walking permit holders, can be notified of the impacts to stock movements.	All	Pre-construction, Construction	MR Traffic Manager MR Community and Stakeholder Manager	UMM TT5	Consultation records
TTA-25	Consultation with Junee Shire Council and Transport for NSW will be undertaken regarding the potential for preventative road works, prior to road diversions in Junee on Joffre Street and Pretoria Avenue or ANZAC Avenue, to offset impacts from higher than typical traffic and heavy vehicle movements on some local roads due to diverted traffic.	Junee	Prior to road diversions in Junee on Joffre Street and Pretoria Avenue	MR Traffic Manager MR Community and Stakeholder Manager	UMM TT9	Consultation records
TTA-26	<p>ARTC will consult with Transport for NSW during construction planning to identify any required mitigation measures where the proposal has the potential to disrupt:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Transport for NSW non-time tabled train services;</li> <li>Operational rail activities carried out by Transport for NSW in rail yards impacted by construction.</li> <li>Identified mitigation measures will be implemented during construction.</li> </ul>	All	Pre-construction, construction	MR Traffic Manager MR Community and Stakeholder Manager ARTC	UMM TT13	Consultation records
TTA-27	Communication with relevant stakeholders will be undertaken regularly to minimise congestion and inconvenience to road users in areas affected by diversions. Stakeholders will include the relevant local council, bus operators, state government departments, emergency services (including the Local Emergency Management Committee) and affected property owners/occupants.	All	Construction	MR Traffic Manager MR Community and Stakeholder Manager	UMM TT17	Consultation records



ID	Management measure	Location	When to implement	Responsibility for implementation	Reference or source	Evidence of implementation
TTA-28	The community will be notified in advance of pedestrian bridge closures and any proposed road or pedestrian network closures and diversions through signage, the local media and other appropriate forms of communication. Appropriate wayfinding signage for road and pedestrian diversions will be provided, clearly articulating alternative routes. Consultation would also discuss opportunities for broader diversions away from congested roads. Additional measures identified as an outcome of consultation will be implemented during construction, where practicable.	All	Construction	MR Traffic Manager MR Community and Stakeholder Manager	UMM TT17	Consultation records Community notification documents
TTA-29	Where changes to access arrangements to businesses and residences are required as part of the proposal construction activities, ARTC will advise property owners/occupants and consult with them in advance regarding temporary disruption to existing accesses.	All	Construction	MR Traffic Manager MR Community and Stakeholder Manager	UMM TT19	Consultation records
<b>Parking</b>						
TTA-30	Where construction onsite parking cannot accommodate the full construction workforce at enhancements sites at constrained locations feasible and reasonable management measures that minimise impacts on parking on local roads will be identified and implemented. Depending on the location, management measures may include workforce shuttle buses.	All	Construction	MR Traffic Manager	UMM TT22	Inspections
<b>Kemp Street Bridge closure</b>						
TTA-31	At least 2 weeks prior to the closure of Kemp Street Bridge in Junee: (a) all affected schools, community members and stakeholders must be notified of all alternative transport mitigation options, including the frequency and locations for accessing the community bus services, how to apply and use the school bus passes, and how to request specific transport and taxi vouchers; and (b) publicly accessible contact details for the Public Liaison Officer required under Condition B6 must be provided to enable direct	Junee	Pre-construction	MR Community and Stakeholder Engagement Manager	CoA 134A	Consultation records



ID	Management measure	Location	When to implement	Responsibility for implementation	Reference or source	Evidence of implementation
	communication between community members and the project team regarding enquiries, feedback, or concerns at each community bus stop location, when established, and on all community and stakeholder notification. All enquiries are to be managed consistent with the Complaints Management System required in accordance with Condition B7.					
TTA-32	<p>Prior to the closure of the Kemp Street Bridge pedestrian/cyclists path:</p> <p>(a) bus stop locations must be clearly marked and accessible as agreed in consultation with Junee Council;</p> <p>(b) fully subsidised bus passes are provided to school students with directly impacted access between home and school due to the closure of the Kemp Street Bridge who require and requested access to bus services, and confirmation that the existing bus service has capacity to accommodate those additional students;</p> <p>(c) taxi vouchers have been provided to all community members who had requested them prior to the closure of the Kemp Street bridge; and</p> <p>(d) install and maintain rail exclusion fencing and screening along both sides of the rail corridor for the duration of the closure of Kemp Street Bridge pedestrian/cyclist path:</p> <p>(i) east of the rail corridor: from the southern boundary of the construction site and track near William Street, extending north beyond the bridge to the rear boundary of the Aquatic Centre.</p> <p>(ii) west of the rail corridor: from existing fencing at Railway Parade, extending north beyond the bridge to align with the existing boundary fencing along Seignior Street.</p>	Junee	Pre-construction	<p>MRCommunity and Stakeholder Engagement Manager</p> <p>MR Traffic Manager</p> <p>MR Project Manager</p>	CoA E134B	<p>Consultation records</p> <p>As-built drawings</p>
TTA-33	Any changes to the alternative transport options must be communicated to the affected community and stakeholders prior to the change being made.	Junee	Pre-construction Construction	MRCommunity and Stakeholder Engagement Manager	CoA E134D	Consultation records



## 7 COMPLIANCE MANAGEMENT

### 7.1 Training

To ensure that this Plan is effectively implemented, all site personnel (including sub-contractors) will undergo site induction training that includes construction traffic, transport and access management issues prior to construction commencing. The induction training will address elements related to traffic, transport and access management including:

- Existence and requirements of this CTTAMP, the relevant TMPs and all plans and procedures;
- Relevant legislation, regulations, licences and permit requirements;
- Incident response, management and reporting;
- Road safety;
- Road occupancy;
- Construction hours;
- Complaints response and reporting;
- Roles and responsibilities for traffic management;
- Temporary and interim traffic arrangements;
- Response procedure for dealing with traffic incidents;
- Encouraging the use of alternative transport modes and carpooling.

Daily pre-start meetings conducted by the Martinus Rail Foreman/Site Supervisor will inform the site workforce of any environmental issues relevant to traffic, transport, and access that could potentially be impacted by, or impact on, the day's activities.

Further details regarding staff induction and training are outlined in Section 6.2 of the CEMP.

### 7.2 Monitoring program

This monitoring program has been developed in consultation with relevant councils and Transport as required under CoA C27.

#### 7.2.1 Baseline data

Baseline traffic data was collected as part of the preparation of the EAD. This data is presented in:

- Technical Paper 1 of the EIS (Transport and Traffic);
- Appendix C of the PIR (Traffic and Transport);
- Appendix D of the PIR RtS (Traffic and Transport).

The background data for Stage B of the Project is summarised in Section 4 of this TTAMP.

The baseline information identified in the dot points above would be used as the primary source to measure the performance of the traffic, transport and access mitigation measures outlined in Section 6 of this CTTAMP.

### Wagga Wagga Mitigation Measures

With regard to Wagga Wagga mitigation measures, detail around the performance measures is described in detail in the Wagga Wagga TTAMR. Network modelling undertaken as part of the Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) and the Preferred Infrastructure Report (PIR) and associated Response to Submissions Reports (RtS), identified key mitigation measures and the subsequent network impact. Further interrogation and analysis of the modelled mitigation measures has been undertaken against the future base scenario to identify and determine the criticality level of key intersections and warrant for further mitigation and management measures during the closure of Edmondson Street. The criticality of each key intersection has been assessed using the threshold levels detailed in Table 22 of the TTAMR.

The site criticality assessment outcomes are summarised in Tables 24 to 33 of the TTAMR. Table 27 and Table 29 of the TTAMR identify the modelled Level of Service for the AM and PM peak periods in the base case (no mitigation) and once the mitigations have been installed/implemented.

It is proposed that the target level of service of these critical intersections be consistent with the levels of service outlined in Tables 27 and 29 for the AM and PM peak periods respectively. Additional modelling is being carried out for the Edmondson Street bridge closure as part of the Wagga Wagga CTTAMR. The additional traffic modelling will help inform the proposed mitigation measures and the PTMP for Wagga Wagga. Where this modelling provides additional



information to agree on a differing LoS than what is outlined in Tables 27 and 29, this would be discussed and agreed as part of the Wagga Wagga CTTAMR.

The TTAMR has been prepared to not solely focus on intersections directly, but rather starting with a network wide approach, followed by a corridor approach, then a site approach. This strategy is intended to utilise the broader network where the additional capacity is available to spread the demand during peak periods and to reduce the pressure on the Sturt Highway/Lake Albert Road and Sturt Highway/Docker Street intersections. In addition, this will be supported via corridor/site mitigations such as VMS to provide messaging of alternate routes to the community, integrated and/or portable CCTV to improve network visibility, enabling real-time SCATS adjustments, and temporary devices that can be rapidly deployed, altered and expanded upon for the detour implementation.

The monitoring program therefore focusses on ways in which the network wide approach can be supported and additional management measures or mitigation measures can be put in place to assist in the management of traffic impacts in Wagga Wagga.

### 7.2.2 Surveillance

Martinus Rail will use field staff, the traffic management team and traffic control subcontractors to monitor the effects of construction activity on affected roads and the surrounding network. Their objective will be to detect and report any unsafe traffic conditions, incidents, and unusual congestion. Surveillance staff will be regularly briefed on all changes implemented in the surrounding road network and the seasonal variations expected in traffic flows. Surveillance staff or construction staff will also monitor the usage of onsite parking at enhancement sites at constrained locations, such as within Albury, the City of Wagga Wagga and the Junee township. Inspections will be undertaken to check safe access to properties is provided at all times.

Additional surveillance in Wagga Wagga will be implemented through the use of CCTV cameras at key intersections and real-time monitoring. , real-time traffic signal phasing adjustments may be needed during peak periods, hence, a robust network monitoring capability will be established using portable and integrated CCTV cameras (refer to Table 21) to provide the ability for real-time monitoring of the broader road network, expanding on the existing visibility which is limited to the Sturt Highway/Lake Albert Road and Sturt Highway/Docker Street intersections. The integrated CCTV camera will be fully integrated into the TfNSW Security Desk system (Genetec Inc.) accessible by SCATS operators to evaluate and make real-time adjustments to traffic signal phasing after the implementation of the proposed mitigation and network management measures. This integrated monitoring framework will enable the ability to actively manage the network, quickly respond to unanticipated congestion patterns, and fine-tune signal operations to mitigate disruption, particularly during peak traffic periods. This approach is essential during the critical three-month period following the introduction of proposed network changes when traffic conditions are expected to be most volatile and sensitive to disruption.

In addition to the surveillance of the network by the traffic management team to monitor the effects of construction activity on affected roads and the surrounding network and the real-time monitoring in Wagga Wagga, a temporary Operations Centre will be established to coordinate and monitor (also utilising the CCTV cameras outlined above) the transport network response during the closure of Edmondson Street bridge, ensuring real-time, cross-agency collaboration and timely interventions to maintain safe and efficient movement across Wagga Wagga's road network

Communication is an essential part of traffic operations, for both planned and unplanned incidents. As such, Martinus Rail's field resources will report all incidents or issues to the Martinus Rail Traffic Manager and Martinus Rail Safety Manager immediately. The Traffic Manager will then implement a response strategy if required, in consultation with the Safety Manager and the Environment and Sustainability Manager.

### 7.2.3 Monitoring and surveillance schedule

Regular inspections of sensitive areas and activities will occur for the duration of the project as per Table 21. Monitoring for the project has been modelled off the TfNSW Traffic Control at Work Sites Manual (TCAW).

Weekly and other routine inspections by the Acoustics Advisor (AA) and ER will occur throughout construction. Detail on the nature and frequency of these inspections are documented in Section 7.1 and 7.2 of the CEMP.

Visual inspection of the local roads, signage and road closure delineation will be undertaken. Inspections for works covered by Road Occupancy Licenses (ROLs) will be conducted to ensure all required controls outlined in the TMPs are in place before occupying the identified roads.



TABLE 21: MONITORING AND SURVEILLANCE RELEVANT TO TRAFFIC, TRANSPORT, AND ACCESS FOR THE PROJECT

Inspection/monitoring (including parameter/method)	Description	Monitoring Frequency and Duration	Location	Responsibility	Reference
TGS checks	To ensure that the TGS is implemented as designed	Daily	As required along the Stage B alignment	MR Traffic Manager MR Site Supervisor	Traffic Control at Work Sites Manual
Weekly TTM inspections	To ensure that the TMP and relevant TGS are appropriate and operating safely, effectively and efficiently	Weekly	As required along the Stage B alignment	MR Traffic Manager MR Site Supervisor	Traffic Control at Work Sites Manual
Periodic PTMP Review	To ensure that TMP controls are achieving the required outcomes.	6 Monthly	As required along the Stage B alignment	MR Traffic Manager MR Site Supervisor	Traffic Control at Work Sites Manual
Road dilapidation inspection	Complete road dilapidation inspections in accordance with CoA E139 and UMM TT15	Pre-Construction and prior to Completion	As required along the Stage B alignment	MR Traffic Manager	CoA E139 UMM TT15
Additional monitoring and surveillance in Junee					
Traffic performance	Monitoring of traffic performance particularly in relation to the Broadway roundabout and adjacent level crossing.* Monitoring would be through portable CCTV.	Real-time. Initially, background monitoring to be established for 2 weeks prior to the Kemp Street bridge closure to determine the background. Monitoring would continue for a minimum of 2 weeks after the closure.	Broadway roundabout, Junee.	MR Traffic Manager	Best practice
Alternative transport option monitoring (CoA E134C)	Monitoring of the alternative transport options outlined in Condition 134A.	Two (2) weeks, three (3) months, and six (6) months following the implementation of the alternative transport options.	Junee	Community and Stakeholder Engagement Manager	CoA E134C
*Note that the level crossing being triggered by rail operations is considered to be the primary reason for potential delays at this intersection and therefore the Project may not be able to influence or mitigate this issue. Rail operations may be able to be amended by ARTC if the rail					



Inspection/monitoring (including parameter/method)	Description	Monitoring Frequency and Duration	Location	Responsibility	Reference
operations are identified by the monitoring as being the primary cause of delay. Martinus Rail will inform ARTC (IRPL) if this issue is identified through the monitoring.					
Additional monitoring and surveillance in Wagga Wagga					
Wagga Mitigation Measures Inspections	The Traffic Manager, the traffic management team, field staff, and traffic control subcontractors to monitor the effects of the Edmondson Street bridge closure on affected roads and the surrounding network.	Daily for the first month – focussing on AM and PM peaks. Monitoring frequency would be reviewed and revised as necessary. Further details will be provided in the Wagga Wagga CTTAMR.	Wagga Wagga	Traffic Manager, the traffic management team, field staff, and traffic control subcontractors.	CTTAMR
Real-time monitoring – CCTV operations centre and SCATS	Real time monitoring using integrated CCTV cameras to facilitate real-time traffic signal phasing adjustments may be needed during peak periods	Real-time. Further details will be provided in the Wagga Wagga CTTAMR.	Locations would be agreed with TfNSW and will be identified in the Wagga Wagga CTTAMR (Section 5.9), but will primarily focus on Sturt Highway/Lake Albert Road and Sturt Highway/Docker Street intersections.	TfNSW with the assistance of MR	CTTAMR
Portable CCTV Cameras	A further increase in network visibility will be established using portable CCTV cameras at key locations within the network. This strategy, in addition to increase visibility, can be expanded and/or altered rapidly should visibility at unanticipated be required	Real-time. Further details will be provided in the Wagga Wagga CTTAMR.	Locations would be agreed with TfNSW and will be identified in the Wagga Wagga CTTAMR (Section 5.9).	MR	CTTAMR



Inspection/monitoring (including parameter/method)	Description	Monitoring Frequency and Duration	Location	Responsibility	Reference
Advanced AI-enabled Integration	An integrated solution combining portable VMS/CCTV and advanced AI-enabled systems will be deployed to establish baseline travel times and queue formation on key routes	Real-time. Further details will be provided in the Wagga Wagga CTTAMR.	Locations would be agreed with TfNSW and will be identified in the Wagga Wagga CTTAMR (Section 5.9).	MR	CTTAMR
Network Operations Centre	A temporary Operations Centre will be established to coordinate and monitor (utilising the Advanced AI-enabled Integration outlined above) the transport network response during the closure of Edmondson Street bridge, ensuring real-time, cross-agency collaboration and timely interventions to maintain safe and efficient movement across Wagga Wagga's road network.	Initially, the operation will be full-time for a period of two (2) week post-closure of Edmondson Street bridge, Monday to – Friday between 7:00 am and 7:00 pm and Saturday and Sunday between 8:00 am and 4:00 pm.  The operational response will continue for the life of the project, however in a staged approach as described in the CTTAMR	The Operations Centre will be established at the Inland Rail or Martinus Rail office.	MR with the involvement of TfNSW.	CTTAMR

It should be noted that further detailed monitoring requirements of the Wagga Wagga traffic mitigation measures will be described in the CTTAMR.

## 7.2.4 Auditing

Audits (both internal and external) will be undertaken to assess the effectiveness of traffic, transport and access management measures, compliance with this Plan, conditions of approval and other relevant approvals, licenses and guidelines. Audit requirements are detailed in Section 9.1 and 9.2 of the CEMP.

In accordance with CoA E145 and UMM TT10, independent Road Safety Audit(s) will be undertaken by an appropriately qualified and experienced person in accordance with the Austroads Guide to Road Safety Part 6: Road Safety Audits 2023, including but not limited to all areas identified by the Safe Systems Assessment as requiring further assessment.

As per UMM TT10, the audit findings and recommendations will be actioned prior to construction of the relevant infrastructure where reasonable and feasible. All audit findings must be made available to the Planning Secretary on request, within the timeframe stated in the request.



## 7.2.5 Reporting and identified records

Monitoring outputs would be qualitatively analysed and reported on against compliance requirements of the EAD, Conditions of Approval, Deed and CEMF. Reporting requirements for monitoring detailed in Table 21 is shown in Table 22 below. In accordance with CoA C27 (j), monitoring reports would be provided to the stakeholders as outlined in Table 22.

**TABLE 22: REPORTING REQUIREMENTS RELEVANT TO TRAFFIC, TRANSPORT AND ACCESS**

Inspection/monitoring	Reporting frequency	Report criteria	Report to who
TGS checks	Daily/Shift TTM inspections minimum two per shift and when: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>A TGS is installed, changed or updated;</li> <li>At regular frequency after work commences, recommended every 2 hours; and</li> <li>Once aftercare arrangements have been installed if required</li> </ul>	Reporting criteria as per Section 8.1.4 of the TCAWS and includes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Has the site traffic management been implemented in accordance with the approved TGS.</li> <li>Is the TGS operating as intended.</li> <li>Are the implemented controls effective.</li> </ul>	Daily checklist provided to Martinus Site Supervisor and Traffic Manager
	Weekly TTM inspections (including preopening inspections)	Reporting criteria as per Section 8.1.3 of the TCAWS and includes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>To ensure that the TMP and relevant TGS are appropriate and operating <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>safely,</li> <li>effectively and</li> <li>efficiently</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Weekly checklist provided to Martinus Site Supervisor and Traffic Manager
Weekly TTM inspections	Weekly internal reporting	Reporting criteria as per TCAW and includes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The work site is established in accordance with the TMP and relevant TGS;</li> <li>The TMP and relevant TGS are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Provided and are on site;</li> <li>Approved; and</li> <li>Implemented as prescribed.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Safe passage has been provided for all road users to travel around, past or through the work site;</li> <li>Signs and devices are in good condition and clearly visible to road users; and</li> </ul>	Weekly to Martinus Site Supervisor, Environment and Sustainability Manager and Traffic Manager



Inspection/monitoring	Reporting frequency	Report criteria	Report to who
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Any potential hazards are identified and addressed in the TMP and TGS prior to opening.</li> <li>The work site is operating safely and as intended, including risk identification and mitigation;</li> <li>All incidents and near misses are reviewed; and</li> <li>Inspections are being completed.</li> </ul>	
Periodic TMP Review	6 Monthly Non-compliances would be managed in accordance with Section 8.1.3 of the CEMP.	The scheduled TMP review will consider the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>TMP and TGS are approved;</li> <li>Identify required variations to the TGS, and ensure that they are updated, recorded and approved;</li> <li>Review any departures or variations to ensure they have been documented and approved;</li> <li>Speed control effectiveness; and</li> <li>Construction vehicle entry/egress suitability.</li> </ul>	6 Monthly to IRPL/AA/ER/ Planning Secretary/relevant regulatory agencies
Road dilapidation inspection report	Pre- and post-construction in accordance with CoA E139 and UMM TT15	The pre-construction report will identify the existing condition of roads. The post-construction report will identify whether damage to the road occurred as a result of construction.	Relevant roads authority
Alternative Transport Options Report	A report prior to the closure of Kemp Street bridge.	A report confirming that the requirements of Condition 134A and Condition 134B have been met, prior to the closure of the Kemp Street Bridge	Planning Secretary
	A report for each review completed in accordance with Condition E134C.	The outcomes of the reviews completed in accordance with Condition 134C and any proposed changes following the review of the alternative transport options.	Planning Secretary within 14 business days of each review period.

Additional reporting requirements and responsibilities are documented in Section 10.2 of the CEMP. Additionally, in the event of an incident or non-compliance, the Planning Secretary will be notified in writing of the findings of the review conducted by Martinus Rail relating to the incident or non-compliance.

Martinus Rail will maintain accurate records substantiating all construction activities associated with the project or relevant to the conditions of approval, including measures taken to implement this Plan. Records will be made available to the Planning Secretary upon request, within the timeframe nominated in the request.

## 7.3 Incident planning, management and reporting

All incidents and non-compliances related to the Conditions of Approval and traffic, transport and access performance would be managed in accordance with Section 8 of the CEMP. Where a non-compliance is identified with the CoA or statutory requirements related to traffic, transport and access Martinus would provide the incident report to TfNSW for information as relevant.

Any incidents related to safety or traffic safety would be managed in accordance with the processes and procedures outlined in the Work Health and Safety Management Plans including the Emergency Management Plan.

Traffic Control at Worksites Manual outlines how incidents should be responded to, recorded and reported to the appropriate road authorities.



For all traffic related incidents, either witnessed or reported, involving the public or from which legal proceedings might arise, the following must be recorded and reported to Transport:

- Type, size and location of signs and devices in use at the time of incident;
- Travel path width and road condition;
- Weather conditions;
- Witnesses present;
- Details of any personal injuries; and
- Extent of any vehicle damage and the vehicle details (e.g. registration).

## 7.4 Roles and responsibilities

The project team's organisational structure and overall roles and responsibilities are outlined in Section 6.1 of the CEMP. Specific responsibilities for the implementation of construction traffic management are detailed in Table 23 below.

**TABLE 23: TRAFFIC ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES**

Role	Authority and Responsibility
Traffic Manager	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Develop PTMPs, TMPs and TGS and obtaining required approvals from the relevant authorities.</li> <li>▪ Ensure approved traffic management measures are implemented and maintained in accordance with approved plans.</li> <li>▪ Carry out regular inspections of the traffic control measures to ensure they are effective.</li> <li>▪ Amend and update the plans as required to ensure that they remain current as work progresses.</li> <li>▪ Record and report on all identified traffic incidents.</li> <li>▪ Arrange traffic control audits and implementing audit close out actions.</li> <li>▪ Undertake traffic-based risk assessments of the works.</li> </ul>
Traffic Engineer (s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Assist in the development of Precinct Traffic Management Plans</li> <li>▪ Conduct inspection to verify the operation of Precinct Traffic Management Plans meets intent and safety goals</li> <li>▪ Assist in scheduling traffic control resourcing, development of Traffic Guidance Schemes and seeking approvals</li> <li>▪ Assist in scheduling Road Safety Audits and closing out findings</li> <li>▪ Assist in implementations, inspections, procurement and installation of signs, linemarking, barriers and other traffic related equipment</li> </ul>
Superintendents and supervisors	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Allocate field resources as required</li> <li>▪ Support delivery of the traffic management objectives</li> <li>▪ Assist with the implementation of the CTTAMP</li> <li>▪ Ensure relevant field team members receive the appropriate training.</li> </ul>



## 8 REVIEW AND IMPROVEMENT

### 8.1 Continuous improvement

Continuous improvement of this Plan and Monitoring Program will be achieved by the ongoing evaluation of environmental management performance against environmental policies, objectives and targets for the purpose of identifying opportunities for improvement.

Issues requiring management during construction (including cumulative impacts), as identified through ongoing environmental risk analysis, will be managed through SMART principles.

The continuous improvement process will be designed to further minimise impacts to road users, pedestrians and active transport users:

- Identify areas of opportunity for improvement of environmental management and performance;
- Identify environmental risks not already included in the risk register;
- Determine the cause or causes of non-conformances and deficiencies;
- Develop and implement a plan of corrective and preventative action to address any non-conformances and deficiencies;
- Verify the effectiveness of the corrective and preventative actions;
- Document any changes in procedures resulting from process improvement;
- Make comparisons with objectives and targets.

Martinus Rail will be responsible for ensuring that project environmental risks are identified and included in the risk register and appropriate mitigation measures implemented throughout the construction of the project, as part of the continuous improvement process.

The process for continuous identification and analysis of new risks associated with traffic, transport and access that may arise during construction will be facilitated by:

- Construction traffic monitoring program (as outlined in Section 7.2);
- Preparation of PTMPs to assess future work;
- Regular inspections and observations by site personnel;
- Revision of this Plan, the PTMPs and TGS's (as appropriate) and/or traffic, transport and access management measures as required in response to community complaints or requests from regulatory agencies, the ER or the Planning Secretary.

This continuous risk analysis approach will ensure prompt identification of new risks and ensure efficient mitigation through implementation of appropriate management measures.

### 8.2 Update and amendment

The processes described in Section 10.4 of the CEMP may result in the need to update or revise this Plan.

Any revisions to this Plan will be in accordance with the process outlined in Section 10.4 of the CEMP. A copy of the updated Plan and changes will be distributed to all relevant stakeholders in accordance with the approved document control procedure.

The review and document control processes for this CTTAMP is described in Section 10.4 of the CEMP.





# APPENDICES

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# APPENDIX A

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## Secondary CoAs and UMMs



TABLE A1-A: SECONDARY COA RELEVANT TO THIS PLAN

No.	Requirement	Where addressed
E133	Safe pedestrian and cyclist access and routes must be provided and maintained across and around work sites during construction. In circumstances where pedestrian and cyclist access and routes are restricted or removed due to construction activities, a nearby alternative access or route must be provided which complies with the relevant standards before the restriction or removal of the impacted access.	Section 6.13 - TTA-14 Section 6.5.2
E134	The Proponent must consult with nearby education providers to ensure sufficient capacity of any alternative and convenient pedestrian and active transport route is available to cater for school-related and general demand impacted by construction works or detours.	Section 6.13 - TTA-15 Section 6.5
E134A	At least 2 weeks prior to the closure of Kemp Street Bridge in Junee: (a) all affected schools, community members and stakeholders must be notified of all alternative transport mitigation options, including the frequency and locations for accessing the community bus services, how to apply and use the school bus passes, and how to request specific transport and taxi vouchers; and (b) publicly accessible contact details for the Public Liaison Officer required under Condition B6 must be provided to enable direct communication between community members and the project team regarding enquiries, feedback, or concerns at each community bus stop location, when established, and on all community and stakeholder notification. All enquiries are to be managed consistent with the Complaints Management System required in accordance with Condition B7.	Section 6.13 – TTA-31
E134B	Prior to the closure of the Kemp Street Bridge pedestrian/cyclists path: (a) bus stop locations must be clearly marked and accessible as agreed in consultation with Junee Council; (b) fully subsidised bus passes are provided to school students with directly impacted access between home and school due to the closure of the Kemp Street Bridge who require and requested access to bus services, and confirmation that the existing bus service has capacity to accommodate those additional students; (c) taxi vouchers have been provided to all community members who had requested them prior to the closure of the Kemp Street bridge; and (d) install and maintain rail exclusion fencing and screening along both sides of the rail corridor for the duration of the closure of Kemp Street Bridge pedestrian/cyclist path: (i) east of the rail corridor: from the southern boundary of the construction site and track near William Street, extending north beyond the bridge to the rear boundary of the Aquatic Centre. (ii) west of the rail corridor: from existing fencing at Railway Parade, extending north beyond the bridge to align with the existing boundary fencing along Seignior Street.	Section 6.13 – TTA-32
E134C	The operation of the alternative transport options outlined in Condition 134A must be reviewed at two (2) weeks and three (3) months following the implementation of the alternative transport options and then every six (6) months for the duration of the closure of the	Section 7.2.3



No.	Requirement	Where addressed
	Kemp Street Bridge pedestrian/cyclist path. Each review must incorporate relevant performance data, stakeholder and community feedback, and any recommended adjustments to ensure effectiveness and responsiveness of the measures.	
E134D	Any changes to the alternative transport options must be communicated to the affected community and stakeholders prior to the change being made.	Section 6.13 - TTA-33
E134E	Alternative Transport Options Reports must be submitted to the Planning Secretary confirming: (a) the requirements of Condition 134A and Condition 134B have been met, prior to the closure of the Kemp Street Bridge; and (b) the outcomes of the reviews completed in accordance with Condition 134C and any proposed changes following the review of the alternative transport options must be submitted to the Planning Secretary for information within 14 business days of each review period.	Section 7.2.5
E135	Pedestrian access must be maintained across two of the three pedestrian bridges within Wagga Wagga (Cassidy Parade Bridge, Edmondson Street Bridge, and Wagga Wagga Railway Station footbridges) at all times, unless alternative pedestrian arrangements or measures developed in consultation with locally affected education providers, health service providers, Wagga Wagga Council and TfNSW have been agreed to by the Planning Secretary.	The mitigation measures identified in the WWCTTAMO Report will be incorporated into the PTMPs. See Section 6.1
E136	Prior to construction of the Edmondson Street bridge in Wagga Wagga: (a) a target level of service must be determined in consultation with roads authority, Council and TfNSW for intersections in Wagga Wagga that will be impacted during construction or utilised as diversion routes; (b) construction traffic mitigation options must be proposed to meet the target level of service in (a) and their performance analysed using traffic modelling; (c) traffic management measures must be proposed to manage speeds on local roads expected to experience increased traffic; and (d) mitigation measures must be developed in consultation with the roads authority, Council and TfNSW.	The mitigation measures identified in the WWCTTAMO Report will be incorporated into the PTMPs. See Section 6.1
E137	Mitigation measures determined in accordance with Condition E136 and the results of consultation with the roads authority, Council and TfNSW must be included in a Wagga Wagga Construction Traffic, Transport and Access Mitigation Report. The Wagga Wagga Construction Traffic, Transport and Access Mitigation Report must be submitted and approved by the Planning Secretary prior to construction in Wagga Wagga.  All mitigation measures identified to manage traffic in the approved Wagga Wagga Construction Traffic, Transport and Access Mitigation Report must be implemented prior to construction in Wagga Wagga. Performance of the installed mitigations must be analysed in the required Construction Traffic Monitoring Program required by Condition C27.	The mitigation measures identified in the WWCTTAMO Report will be incorporated into the PTMPs. See Section 6.1



No.	Requirement	Where addressed
E138	<p>Construction traffic must not use local roads or privately-owned roads unless no alternative access is available. Use of private access roads must be in accordance with Conditions C21 and C22. Local or privately owned roads used for access to ancillary facilities, construction sites, and temporary accommodation must be identified in the Construction Traffic, Transport and Access Management Sub-plan. Prior to the use of local or privately owned roads the:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Proposed routes utilising local roads must include a traffic and pedestrian impact assessment, and a swept path analysis; and</li> <li>- completion of road dilapidation surveys in accordance with Condition E139.</li> </ul>	<p>Section 6.13 -TTA-03</p> <p>Section 6.3</p>
E139	<p>Before any local road, including interfaces with classified roads, is used by a heavy vehicle for the purposes of construction of the CSSI, a Road Dilapidation Report must be prepared for subject roads and bridges. A copy of the Road Dilapidation Report must be provided to the relevant roads authority within one (1) month of completion of the road dilapidation survey and at least two weeks before the road is used by heavy vehicles associated with the construction of the CSSI.</p>	<p>Section 6.13 - TTA-09</p> <p>Section 6.6</p>
E140	<p>The Road Dilapidation Report must provide measures to ensure:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Roads deemed unsafe for the use of heavy vehicles are upgraded and repaired prior to use;</li> <li>Roads used can safely accommodate heavy vehicle haulage based on volume, types and duration of use; and</li> <li>Road repair is undertaken periodically before and during construction as required.</li> </ol> <p>Where the road is not up to standard due to condition, width, pavement type, and road geometry, the Proponent must upgrade the road to a service level equal to (or better than) the level it was being maintained immediately prior to construction before heavy haulage commences, at no cost to the owner.</p>	<p>Section 6.13 - TTA-10</p> <p>Section 6.6</p>
E141	<p>If damage to local roads occurs as a result of the construction of the CSSI, the Proponent must, within six months of the completion of construction (or one month for private roads), either (at the landowner or relevant roads authority's discretion):</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>rectify the damage to restore the road to at least the condition it was in at the time of the dilapidation survey in Condition E139; or</li> <li>compensate the relevant roads authority or owner for damages caused. The amount of compensation may be agreed with the relevant roads authority and landowners, but compensation must be paid even if no agreement is reached; or</li> <li>where other agreements are in place, leave, maintain or remunerate for damages to these roads in accordance with these agreements.</li> </ol>	<p>Section 6.13 -TTA-12</p> <p>Section 6.6</p>
E142	<p>Where bus stops (including school bus stops) are required to be temporarily closed or relocated during construction, such closure must not occur until relocated bus stops are functioning and are within 400 metres of the original bus stop or as otherwise agreed with the relevant council and bus operator. The relocation of bus stops must be undertaken in consultation with the relevant council and bus</p>	<p>Section 6.13 -TTA-16</p> <p>Section 6.13 -TTA-17</p>



No.	Requirement	Where addressed
	operator, and details regarding the relocations provided to affected communities (and educational facilities in relation to school bus stops) at least 14 days prior to the relocation occurring.	Section 6.5.1
E143	During construction, all reasonably practicable measures must be implemented to maintain pedestrian and vehicular access to, and parking in the vicinity of, businesses and affected properties. Disruptions are to be avoided, and where avoidance is not possible, minimised. Where disruption cannot be minimised, alternative pedestrian and vehicular access, and parking arrangements must be developed in consultation with affected businesses and implemented before the disruption. Adequate signage and directions to businesses must be provided before, and for the duration of, any disruption.	Section 6.13 -TTA-04 Section 6.5.2 Section 6.8
E145	An independent Road Safety Audit is to be undertaken by an appropriately qualified and experienced person in accordance with the Austroads Guide to Road Safety Part 6: Road Safety Audits 2023, including but not limited to for all areas identified by the Safe Systems Assessment as requiring further assessment. Audit findings and recommendations must be actioned before construction of the relevant infrastructure and must be made available to the Planning Secretary on request.	Section 6.13 -TTA-08 Section 6.1
E157	The Proponent must consult with all landowners where the project will either temporarily or permanently impact farm operations, access to the property from public roads and/or to other parts of the property owned by the landowner to ensure that impacts to the use of properties are minimised and mitigated. This consultation must include, but not be limited to, safe and convenient stock and machinery movement across the rail corridor.	Section 6.13 -TTA-18
E159	The Proponent must maintain existing access to properties during the entirety of work where practicable.	Section 6.13 -TTA-19 Section 6.8
E160	Where construction of the CSSI restricts a property's access to a public road, the Proponent must, until their primary access is reinstated, provide the property with temporary alternate access to an agreed road determined through consultation with the landowner, at no cost to the property landowner, unless otherwise agreed with the landowner.	Section 6.13 -TTA-20 Section 6.8

TABLE A1-B: SECONDARY UMMS RELEVANT TO THIS PLAN

No.	Requirement	Where addressed
TT1	<p>Early consultation will be undertaken with road authorities (local councils and Transport for NSW (Transport for NSW)) and public transport service providers for aspects of the proposal that may require changes to the road network. This includes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- consideration of additional mitigation measures to improve traffic efficiency during construction, such as temporary changes to signal phasing at intersections along the traffic diversion routes.</li> <li>- consideration of other projects, in addition to aspects of the proposal that may require changes to the road network.</li> </ul>	Section 1.6 Section 6.8



No.	Requirement	Where addressed
TT2	<p>Subject to agreement with the relevant road authority, mitigation measures to improve traffic efficiency during construction in Wagga Wagga will include, but not be limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- road markings (lengthen and demarcate left turn lane on Railway Street at Lake Albert Road western approach remove existing on street parking).</li> <li>- influencing route choice for north-south movements across the rail corridor by encouraging drivers to use Pearson Street bridge crossing via Glenfield Road and Pearson Street between Holbrook Road in the south and Olympic Highway in the north as an alternative to the Bourke Street / Docker Street level crossing</li> <li>- a temporary right-turn movement ban in the AM peak to prevent traffic from Coleman Street entering Bourke Street to travel north.</li> </ul> <p>Subject to agreement with the relevant road authority, mitigation measures to improve traffic efficiency during construction in Junee will include, but not be limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- formalisation of keep clear markings on circulating lanes at the Olympic Highway / Broadway roundabout to prevent queueing through the roundabout</li> <li>- extending the existing right turn lane on the south approach of the Olympic Highway / Broadway roundabout</li> <li>- keep clear markings at the intersection of Olympic Highway / Main Street.</li> </ul> <p>ARTC will also investigate the potential to re-position the centre line where Main Street turns into Humphreys Street, to extend the length of left turn stacking in Main Street.</p> <p>In addition to the specific mitigations detailed above, other potential mitigations will be further considered during the Construction Planning and Detailed Design phases. These potential mitigations include, but are not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- temporary signals or other signal optimisations where required</li> <li>- Local Area Traffic Management Plans (LATM)</li> <li>- turn restrictions at selected locations and selected times, such as at Athol Street, Wooden Street and Lindsay Street in Wagga Wagga</li> <li>- removal of on-street parking / creating clearways at particular times</li> <li>- improved lane delineations.</li> </ul>	<p>Section 6.13 -TTA-01</p> <p>Section 6.13 -TTA-02</p> <p>Section 6.1</p>
TT3	<p>Changes to bus routes and bus stops to mitigate impacts to bus services, including establishing temporary stops, would need to be planned in consultation with Transport for NSW, bus operators, and other key stakeholders, such as schools, to minimise the impact on community, public transport users and service providers.</p>	<p>Section 6.8</p> <p>Section 6.13 -TTA-17</p>
TT4	<p>Consultation will be undertaken with emergency services and the Local Emergency Management Committee regarding construction related impacts to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- plan alternative routes that avoid the heaviest impacted areas of the road network during the Edmondson Street bridge and Kemp Street bridge closures, and associated diversions to minimise travel-time delay experienced by emergency service vehicles</li> </ul>	<p>Section 6.13 -TTA-22</p> <p>Section 6.13 -TTA-23</p> <p>Section 6.9.3</p>



No.	Requirement	Where addressed
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- advise of temporary disruption to access on the Murray River</li> <li>- provide further information on temporary road closures and disruption to access to assist emergency services in their emergency response and travel planning.</li> </ul> <p>Consultation will be undertaken with emergency services and the Local Emergency Management Committee regarding operational impacts to provide further information on train movements and level crossing closures to assist emergency services in their emergency response and travel planning.</p>	
TT5	Prior to the commencement of works, Local Land Services (LLS) will be notified of increased vehicle movements and construction activities adjacent to the travelling stock reserves (TSRs) and temporary closures of any level crossings during the construction phase so that stock handlers, including walking permit holders, can be notified of the impacts to stock movements.	Section 6.13 -TTA-24
TT6	Restrictions on navigation of the Murray River beneath and in the vicinity of the Murray River bridge site, as a result of the construction, will be planned prior to commencing construction and handled in accordance with the Marine Safety Act 1998 (NSW), and Marine Safety Regulation 2016 (NSW) including preparation of a marine traffic management sub-plan. Transport for NSW, as the authority under the Marine Safety Act 1998 (NSW), will be notified of the proposed works and will be consulted in regard to navigational marks, signage and marine notices at least six weeks prior to the commencement of work at the Murray River bridge site.	Section 6.11 Maritime Traffic Management Plan
TT7	A navigational impact assessment will be undertaken during detailed design in accordance with Transport for NSW's processes to minimise disruptions to watercraft and any safety and hazard issues are appropriately mitigated. Input will be sought from relevant stakeholders (including local councils and Transport for NSW) prior to finalising the detailed design of structures (including temporary structures) over navigable waters.	Section 6.11 Maritime Traffic Management Plan
TT8	<p>The marine traffic management sub-plan (informed by the navigational impact assessment (TT7)) will be prepared and implemented as part of the Construction Environmental Management Plan (CEMP). The plan will include measures, processes and responsibilities to minimise the potential for impacts on navigable waters during construction. The plan will be prepared in accordance with the Marine Safety Act 1998 (NSW), Marine Safety Regulation 2016 (NSW) and other related legislation.</p> <p>The plan would be developed in consultation with relevant stakeholders, including local councils and Transport for NSW.</p>	Section 6.11 Maritime Traffic Management Plan
TT9	Consultation with Junee Shire Council and Transport for NSW will be undertaken regarding the potential for preventative road works, prior to road diversions in Junee on Joffre Street and Pretoria Avenue, to offset impacts from higher than typical traffic and heavy vehicle movements on some local roads due to diverted traffic.	Section 6.13 – TTA-25 Section 6.1
TT10	Road safety audits (RSAs) and risk assessments would be undertaken by independent advisors within the design and construction process, for each enhancement site where changes to the road network are required or where increased traffic movements or diversions during the construction phase may present an increased crash risk. These will be prepared in accordance with the Austroads guidelines	Section 6.13 -TTA-08



No.	Requirement	Where addressed
	and supplements, to provide for safe movements of construction vehicles on public roads, and will consider the safety of all road users in the final design. A safe system approach will be adopted to minimise harm caused to all road users through the use of appropriate road design features and speeds. Audit findings would be actioned before construction of the relevant infrastructure, where reasonable and feasible.	
TT11	Input would be sought from relevant stakeholders (such as local councils, the National Heavy Vehicle Regulator (NHVR) and Transport for NSW) prior to finalising the detailed design of those aspects of the proposal that affect the operation of road and other transport infrastructure under management of these stakeholders. This would include confirming ongoing operation and maintenance arrangements of assets under the control of other stakeholders.	Section 6.13 -TTA-07
TT12	Construction staging will be planned to account for continued active transport connectivity during construction, including exploring opportunities to reduce the duration of concurrent bridge closures, in consultation with impacted stakeholders. The order of construction will be confirmed during detailed design, but could include: - sequencing of pedestrian bridge closures at Wagga Wagga Station and Cassidy Parade to minimise periods of concurrent closures of these bridges, whilst construction of the Edmondson Street pedestrian and road bridge is completed.	Section 6.5 Section 6.8
TT13	ARTC will consult with Transport for NSW during construction planning to identify any required mitigation measures where the proposal has the potential to disrupt: - Transport for NSW non-time tabled train services - operational rail activities carried out by Transport for NSW in rail yards impacted by construction. Identified mitigation measures will be implemented during construction.	Section 6.13 -TTA-26 Section 6.9
TT14	Appropriate signage and warnings, including variable messaging signs, will be considered in the Construction Traffic Transport and Access Management Plans, and in consultation with the relevant road manager. These will be deployed as considered appropriate in the vicinity of the enhancement sites to provide early warning for road users of disruptions due to construction activities and road closures.	Section 6.13 -TTA-05
TT15	A Road Dilapidation Report will be prepared for all haul routes and diversion routes, including heavy vehicles, within each precinct. Should damage to the road occur as a result of construction, the damage will be rectified to restore the road to the pre-work condition as identified in the road dilapidation report or as otherwise agreed with the relevant road authority. A copy of the Road Dilapidation Report would be provided to the relevant road authorities and, where applicable landowners, within one (1) month of completion of the survey and at least two weeks prior to the road is used by heavy vehicles associated with construction or as a result of commencement of a diversion route.	Section 6.13 -TTA-09 Section 6.13 -TTA-13



No.	Requirement	Where addressed
	Pre-construction road upgrades will be considered for construction access routes based on the findings of the Road Dilapidation Report and the planned construction traffic management. Damage to roads that affects road safety or trafficability as a result of construction would be rectified as soon as practicable. In particular, Joffre Street and Pretoria Avenue in Junee will be monitored for damage during construction and any necessary repairs attended to as soon as possible.	
TT16	Heavy vehicle diversionary signage will be implemented to encourage the diversion of heavy vehicle traffic outside of Junee on the existing heavy vehicle routes via Goldfields Way and Old Junee Road during closure of the Kemp Street bridge.	Section 6.13 -TTA-06
TT17	<p>Communication with relevant stakeholders will be undertaken regularly to minimise congestion and inconvenience to road users in areas affected by diversions, such as during the works for the replacement of the Edmondson Street bridge in Wagga Wagga and Kemp Street bridge in Junee, or level crossing closures (including full or partial closure). Stakeholders will include the relevant local council, bus operators, state government departments, emergency services (including the Local Emergency Management Committee) and affected property owners/occupants.</p> <p>The community will be notified in advance of pedestrian bridge closures and any proposed road or pedestrian network closures, diversions or other pedestrian connectivity arrangements and in Junee the availability of community transports service (s) through signage, the local media and other appropriate forms of communication.</p> <p>Appropriate wayfinding signage for road and pedestrian diversions will be provided, clearly articulating alternative routes or other pedestrian connectivity arrangements and in Junee the availability of community transport service(s). Consultation would also discuss opportunities for broader diversions away from congested roads. Additional measures identified as an outcome of consultation will be implemented during construction, where practicable."</p>	<p>Section 6.9</p> <p>Section 6.13 -TTA-27 and TTA-28</p>
TT19	<p>Where changes to access arrangements to businesses and residences are required as part of the proposal construction activities, ARTC will advise property owners/occupants and consult with them in advance regarding temporary disruption to existing accesses. Temporary changes to access arrangements during construction will include (but not be limited to):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Edmondson Street bridge, Wagga Wagga</li> <li>- Wagga Wagga Station and surrounds</li> <li>- Kemp Street bridge, Junee.</li> </ul>	<p>Section 6.13 -TTA-29</p> <p>Section 6.8</p>
TT20	<p>Special consideration would be given to enhancement sites that are located on land with agricultural storage or transportation infrastructure, such as grain silos, due to the high localised seasonal freight movements accessing them.</p> <p>Detailed assessment of the site accesses will be undertaken as part of the RSAs and appropriate Construction Traffic Transport and Access Management Plans will be developed by the contractor, in consultation with the site operator, prior to commencement of construction activities on site to moderate any potential safety issues.</p>	Section 6.13 -TTA-21



No.	Requirement	Where addressed
TT21	Replacement parking of up to 13 spaces for Transport for NSW station workers will be provided during construction when the existing Transport for NSW parking compound is unavailable for use due to the construction of the Albury station pedestrian bridge. The location of the replacement parking will be refined in consultation with Transport for NSW during detailed design and construction planning.	Section 6.13 -TTA-30
TT22	Where construction onsite parking cannot accommodate the full construction workforce at enhancements sites at constrained locations, such as within Albury, the City of Wagga Wagga and Junee township, feasible and reasonable management measures that minimise impacts on parking on local roads will be identified and implemented. Depending on the location, management measures may include workforce shuttle buses. Any measures will be detailed in the traffic and transport management sub-plan of the CEMP.	Section 6.13 -TTA-31 Section 6.3.4
TT25	<p>All parking impacted by the construction phase will be reinstated and lines remarked to previous condition or better, where necessary, with the exception of Albury Station pedestrian bridge enhancement site and Wagga Wagga Station pedestrian bridge enhancement site.</p> <p>At the Albury Station pedestrian bridge enhancement site, eight parking spaces will not be re-instated after construction. These parking spaces will make way for a new DDA-compliant ramp. Engagement with Transport for NSW will be ongoing through subsequent design stages to investigate opportunities to ameliorate residual impacts to parking.</p> <p>At the Wagga Wagga Station pedestrian bridge enhancement site, three private parking spaces will not be re-instated after construction. Opportunities to reinstate the three parking spaces under the ramp would be investigated during detailed design.</p>	Section 6.3.4





# APPENDIX B

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## ISC Requirements



TABLE B2-A: ISC HEA-2 COMPLIANCE TABLE

ISC Credit		Where addressed
<b>Crime Prevention (Hea-2)</b>		
<b>Level 1</b>		
Benchmark	The likelihood of crime has been reduced through implementing appropriate CPTED guidelines in design, construction and operation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Section 6.1</li> <li>Precinct Traffic Management Plans</li> <li>Temporary Works Designs</li> <li>Temporary Lighting Plans</li> </ul>
Benchmark	All tunnels or underpasses have end-to-end visibility	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Temporary Works Designs</li> <li>Temporary Lighting Plans</li> </ul>
Must Statement from v1.2 ISC Technical Manual	All pedestrian or cyclist tunnels or underpasses must have end-to-end visibility.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Temporary Works Designs</li> <li>Temporary Lighting Plans</li> </ul>
Must Statement from v1.2 ISC Technical Manual	Where it can be justified that end-to-end visibility of a tunnel or underpass is not possible or feasible it needs to be demonstrated that an alternative approach using a combination of other CPTED principles to meet the intention of this credit.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Temporary Works Designs</li> </ul>
<b>Level 2</b>		
Benchmark	Temporary construction diversions and lighting are designed to meet CPTED guidance	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Section 6.1</li> <li>Section 6.2</li> <li>Temporary Works Designs</li> <li>Precinct Traffic Management Plans</li> <li>Site Specific Traffic Management Plans / Traffic Guidance Schemes</li> </ul>
Must Statement from v1.2 ISC Technical Manual	This might be a 'cut down version' of the process used for the permanent design but it must nevertheless incorporate implementation of an appropriate CPTED guideline that addresses the CPTED principles.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Section 6.1</li> <li>Section 6.2</li> <li>Temporary Works Designs</li> <li>Precinct Traffic Management Plans</li> <li>Site Specific Traffic Management Plans / Traffic Guidance Schemes</li> </ul>





# APPENDIX C

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## PSR and CEMF Requirements

PSR and CEMF requirements are internal requirements beyond the Infrastructure Approval. These have been included for internal quality control purposes and do not form part of the management plan.



TABLE C3-A: INTERNAL PSRS AND CEMF REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO THIS PLAN

No.	Requirement	Where addressed
PSR Appendix C Section 6.1.3 o)	The key environmental risk areas which the Contractor shall consider in development of the Construction Environmental Management Plan include, but are not limited to: o) transport and access, including public and school transportation;	This Plan
PSR Appendix C Section 8.1.1	The Contractor shall manage and conduct construction traffic and haulage operations in accordance with:	Section 3
	a) relevant Traffic Impact Assessments;	Section 5 Section 6
	b) all relevant Approvals from the applicable Authority including any State, Local Government or Road Authorities;	Section 6
	c) the environmental management requirements in PSR Annexure F, section 6.1.1;	This table
PSR Appendix C Section 8.1.2	The Contractor shall, in addition to the requirements under section 8.1.1: a) notwithstanding the requirements of Third Party Agreements, undertake an existing baseline pavement condition assessment of all existing roads that are impacted by construction and haulage routes and obtain Approval of that condition assessment from the relevant Road Authority and ARTC Representative;	Section 6.6.1
	b) obtain written Approval from the relevant Road Authority for any upgrade requirements proposed by the Contractor to existing roads, that are impacted by the construction and haulage routes and prior to commencing Works;	Section 6.1 Section 6.2
PSR Appendix C 8.1.3	For temporary Site access intersection(s) with a public road, the Contractor shall: a) obtain written Approval from the relevant Road Authority for the proposed intersection;	Section 6.1 Traffic Management Plans
	b) meet the relevant Road Authority's intersection requirements, including geometrical requirements, pavements, drainage, turn treatments that require acceleration and deceleration lanes, intersection lighting, road signage and other Site-specific requirements;	Section 6.1
	c) construct the approved intersection upgrade requirements;	Section 6.1
	d) maintain the Site access intersection for the duration of the Contractor's Activities; and	Section 6.1
	e) remove and reinstate the Site access to the written satisfaction of the ARTC Representative and the relevant Road Authority.	Section 6.1
PSR Appendix C 8.1.4	Where an Approval or the relevant Road Authority calls for, or ARTC requests a traffic and transportation committee, the Contractor shall constitute the committee and manage the committee activities.	Section 6.9.1 Section 6.9.2



No.	Requirement	Where addressed
PSR Appendix C 8.1.5	The Contractor shall prepare and implement a Construction Traffic Management Plan and obtain all relevant Approvals (other than any ARTC Approvals) from the applicable State and Local Government Road Authorities prior to commencing construction and haulage operations.	This Plan Section 6.1
PSR Appendix C 8.1.6	The Construction Traffic Management Plan shall:	
	a) provide separate appendices detailing specific construction traffic and haulage requirements and associated data relevant to each relevant Road Authority;	Section 6.1
	b) specify the traffic control plans to be established and implemented; and	Section 6.1
	c) incorporate and respond to all traffic and haulage requirements and fulfil all conditions within the documents listed in section 8.1.1.	This plan
PSR Appendix C 8.1.7	Where an Approval condition calls for a Construction Traffic Management Plan sub-plan or similar plan for the management of traffic and haulage operations, the Construction Traffic Management Plan shall be established to fulfil these requirements and shall act as a sub-plan to both the Construction Management Plan and Construction Environmental Management Plan.	This plan is a sub-plan of the CEMP.
PSR Appendix C 8.1.8	The Contractor shall, in addition to the requirements detailed in the sections above, ensure the Construction Traffic Management Plan includes:	
	a) all proposed points of access to the Site;	Section 5.4.1 Section 6.1 PTMPs
	b) all workforce traffic routes and parking;	Section 6.3.4
	c) approaches to seasonality and Travelling Stock Reserve;	Section 4.2 Table 19 TTA-24
	d) pedestrian and cyclist activities;	Section 6.5.2
	e) management measures for various harvesting periods and associated oversize vehicles;	Section 6.3.3
	f) management measures for public holiday periods where construction traffic may impact traffic flow;	Section 6.2
	g) proposed haulage and construction routes;	Section 6.3.1
	h) potential diversion of traffic to other roads, the potential impact on any affected road, and measures to manage the risk of the potential traffic diversion;	Section 5.4.3
	i) management measures for public transportation routes to relevant Road Authority Standards;	Section 6.5.1



No.	Requirement	Where addressed
	j) management measures for parking to relevant Road Authority Standards;	Section 6.3.1
	k) mitigation and remedial measures to minimise and repair impacts on properties, Stakeholders, private access roads/tracks and the relevant Road Authority road network; and	Section 6.6
	l) processes to be employed with the community engagement team to ensure a sufficient level of detail and frequency of information is available for public consultations and notifications.	Section 6.9
PSR Appendix C 8.1.9	The Contractor shall ensure variable message signs are in accordance with: a) RMS Intelligent Transport System, Traffic Systems, Specification No. TSI-SP-008 Variable Message Signs; and	Section 3.2
	b) Austroads Guide to Traffic Management Part 10: Transport Control – Types of Devices.	Section 3.2
PSR Appendix C 8.1.10	The Contractor shall comply with by all requirements of the Austroads Guide to Temporary Traffic Management.	Section 3.2
PSR Appendix C 8.1.11	The Contractor shall comply as a minimum with: a) TfNSW Roads and Maritime Supplement to AS1742: Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices – Parts 1 to 15; and	Section 3.2
	b) relevant Road Authority Standards for all traffic management.	Section 3.2
PSR Appendix C 8.1.14	The Contractor shall: a) repair any Defects to roads used to gain access to the Site within a 24-hour period while in possession of the Site; and	Section 6.6
	b) following restoration of permanent access, ensure any temporary access measures implemented by the Contractor, are removed and the Site fully rehabilitated in accordance with section 8.8	Section 6.6
PSR Appendix C 8.1.15	The Contractor acknowledges that all haulage vehicles require a permit to travel through the National Heavy Vehicle Regulator and that the Contractor must obtain the relevant Road Authority approval.	Section 6.3.3
PSR Appendix C 8.1.16	The Contractor shall ensure that all Heavy Vehicle Operators engaged by the Contractor provide an In Vehicle Monitoring System for all vehicles classified as heavy vehicles under the Heavy Vehicle National Law that includes:	
	a) real time notification of entry into no-go zones and unapproved public roads;	Heavy Vehicle Tracking System
	b) real time tracking of current construction and haulage vehicle locations;	Heavy Vehicle Tracking System
	c) historical reporting of used construction and haulage routes;	Heavy Vehicle Tracking System



No.	Requirement	Where addressed
	d) journey route planner of construction and haulage routes;	Heavy Vehicle Tracking System
	e) shared online access and reporting function for each relevant Road Authority, Independent Verifier where applicable, and ARTC to review the Contractor's construction and haulage vehicle movements; and	Heavy Vehicle Tracking System
	f) reports from these systems shall be made available to ARTC upon request.	Heavy Vehicle Tracking System
Table 3 A2P CEMF	Deliveries and spoil haulage are not to occur during bus route timeframes	
	Develop and implement haulage management plan, clearly identifying preferred routes and traffic control requirements	Section 6.3 Section 6.1 - PTMPs
	Develop and implement materials delivery management plan, clearly identifying preferred routes and traffic control requirements	Section 6.3 Section 6.1 - PTMPs
	Develop and implement procedures for managing and responding to traffic incidents involving project construction vehicles	Section 7.3
	Implement Driver Code of Conduct training	Section 6.10
A2P CEMF 14.3	In undertaking the Contractor's Activities, the Contractor must:  (iii) not interfere with the free movement of traffic (vehicular or pedestrian) into and out of, adjacent to, around, on or about the Site except to the extent such interference is a direct and unavoidable result of carrying out and completing the Contractor's Activities in accordance with the Project Documents, all applicable Laws and Standards and Best Industry Practices;	Section 6.8
A2P CEMF	The Contractor must, and must ensure that the Contractor Associates (as applicable), during the carrying out of the Contractor's Activities, manage all traffic on, and to and from, the Site (as the case may be) but only to the extent affected by those Contractor's Activities to ensure:	This plan PTMPs TMPs
	(i) the safe, efficient and continuous movement of traffic;	
	(ii) that any traffic congestion, delays or disruptions to roads, public transport, pedestrians, cyclists, or any shared use path are minimised; and  that the Contractor otherwise complies with the requirements of this Deed.	





**MARTINUS** 

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